

Foreign Names Information Bulletin

Number 20

PURPOSE OF THIS BULLETIN

Changes in the political geography of various parts of the world necessitate a publication that provides the latest information on the names of countries, administrative divisions and other significant geographic features. The U.S. Board on Geographic Names (BGN) publishes the *Foreign Names Information Bulletin* to fill this need. The US BGN Foreign Names Committee Staff at the National Imagery and Mapping Agency prepares and issues the Bulletin on a quarterly basis.

This twentieth bulletin provides former names and new names of major features approved by the US BGN since the issuance of the nineteenth bulletin in February 1999. To obtain previous issues of the *Foreign Names Information Bulletin*, please call one of the following numbers:

Washington, DC area:	(301) 227-2495
Outside the Washington, DC area:	(800) 826-0342

The US BGN file of place names around the world is available on the World Wide Web at <http://www.nima.mil/>. Select the option for Geospatial Information to find the link to the GEOnet Names Server.

Information about the foreign names work of the US BGN may be obtained by contacting:

Executive Secretary for Foreign Names
U.S. Board on Geographic Names
c/o National Imagery and Mapping Agency D-56
4600 Sangamore Road
Bethesda, Maryland 20816-5003

e-mail: flynnre@nima.mil

INTERPRETATION OF ENTRIES

- Names from languages which are not written in Roman script are spelled in accordance with BGN-approved romanization systems.
- **Bolded** parts of names identify short-form names. Both short-form and long-form names are approved for use.
- In entries in which more than one name is approved, each name is identified in brackets and any or all names may be used.
- Conventional names are English-language names which are in current usage and which are approved by BGN.
- Diacritics are graphic marks usually occurring above or below a letter, indicating differences in pronunciation or meaning, as compared to an unmarked letter of the alphabet. Examples are the acute accent (´) and the cedilla (¸).
- Federal Government users should follow their own agency's policy on the use of local names versus conventional names for those features for which both types of names are approved.
- The four-character Federal Information Processing Standard 10 (FIPS 10) code follows entries for administrative entities. The code in the Former Name column is the active FIPS 10 code for the entity. The code in the New Name column is the proposed new code. Proposed codes are forwarded to the U.S. Department of Commerce, National Institute of Standards and Technology, for formal update of the FIPS 10 standard.

DESIGNATION CODES AND DESIGNATIONS

ADM1	first-order administrative division (for example, a province)
STRT	strait

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<i>Former Name</i>	<i>New Name</i>
1. <u>ARGENTINA</u>	
Tierra del Fuego, Antártida e Islas del Atlántico Sur, Territorio Nacional de la: ADM1 71°00'S 61°00'W (AR23)	Tierra del Fuego, Antártida e Islas del Atlántico Sur, Provincia de: ADM1 71°00'S 61°00'W (AR23)
2. <u>CANADA</u>	
Northwest Territories [English]; Territories du Nord-Oest [French]: ADM1 66°00'N 102°00'W (CA13)	Northwest Territories [English]; Territories du Nord-Oest [French]: ADM1 65°00'N 118°00'W (CA13)
None	Nunavut: ADM1 70°00'N 90°00'W (CA14)
3. <u>ESTONIA/LATVIA</u>	
Irbes Jūras Šaurums [LATVIA]; Kura Kurk [ESTONIA]: STRT 57°45'N 22°05'E	Irbe Strait: STRT 57°45'N 22°05'E
4. <u>MONACO</u>	
La Condamine: ADM1 43°44'N 7°25'E	Delete
Monaco: ADM1 43°44'N 7°24'E	Delete
Monte-Carlo: ADM1 43°44'N 7°25'E	Delete