

March 1995

FINANCIAL AUDIT

Expenditures by Six Independent Counsels for the Six Months Ended September 30, 1994



Accounting and Information
Management Division

B-260054

March 31, 1995

Congressional Committees

This report presents the results of our audits of expenditures reported by six independent counsels for the 6 months ended September 30, 1994. Independent counsels and the Department of Justice are required under 28 U.S.C. 594 to report on expenditures from a permanent, indefinite appropriation established within Justice to fund independent counsel activities. We are required under 28 U.S.C. 596, as amended, and Public Law 100-202 to audit those expenditures. We found the statements of expenditures presented in appendixes I through VI, respectively, for independent counsels Arlin M. Adams, Joseph E. diGenova, Robert B. Fiske, Jr., Donald C. Smaltz, Kenneth W. Starr, and Lawrence E. Walsh were reliable in all material respects.

Further, our audits included limited tests of internal controls and compliance with laws and regulations that disclosed

- a material weakness in internal controls over reporting of expenditures and
- no material noncompliance with laws and regulations we tested.

The following sections provide background information, outline each conclusion in more detail, and discuss the scope of our audits.

Background

The independent counsel provisions of the Ethics in Government Act of 1978 (28 U.S.C. 591-599) established a process for the appointment of independent counsels to preserve and promote the accountability and integrity of public officials and of institutions of the federal government. The law provides for the judicial appointment of temporary, special prosecutors¹ when the Attorney General determines that reasonable grounds exist to warrant further investigation of high-ranking government officials for certain alleged crimes. The independent counsel law expired on December 15, 1992; however, the law's provisions allowed the three independent counsels serving in that position on that date—Mr. Adams, Mr. diGenova, and Mr. Walsh—to continue their work until completed.

On June 30, 1994, and subsequent to the beginning of this audit period, the Independent Counsel Reauthorization Act of 1994 (Public Law

¹In 1983, the title of these positions was changed from special prosecutor to independent counsel.

103-270) was enacted, reauthorizing the independent counsel law for an additional 5 years. The act contains various amendments aimed at addressing problems identified in our prior independent counsel reports.² For example, these amendments require added cost controls over independent counsel expenditures and designate specific responsibilities to the Administrative Office of the United States Courts (AOUSC) for independent counsels' administrative support.

The independent counsel law directs the Department of Justice to pay all costs relating to the establishment and operation of independent counsel offices. In 1987, Public Law 100-202 established a permanent, indefinite appropriation within Justice to fund expenditures by independent counsels. Independent counsels are required to report their expenditures from the appropriation for each 6-month period in which they have operations. We are required to audit expenditures from the independent counsel appropriation and to report our findings to appropriate committees of the Congress.

In January 1994, the Department of Justice determined that the appropriation established by Public Law 100-202 to fund expenditures by independent counsels appointed pursuant to 28 U.S.C. 591-599, could also fund the expenditures of Robert B. Fiske, Jr., who was appointed as a regulatory independent counsel³ within Justice by the Attorney General on January 20, 1994. Since we are required to audit all expenditures from that appropriation, the expenditures of Mr. Fiske's office made during this audit period are included in this report.

During this audit period Kenneth W. Starr, who replaced Mr. Fiske, and Donald C. Smaltz were appointed as independent counsels under the reauthorized independent counsel law and expenditures incurred by them for the periods from their appointments through September 30, 1994, are included in this report. In March 1994, Lawrence E. Walsh's independent counsel office closed; however, certain costs incurred prior to the closing of his office and paid by AOUSC after Mr. Walsh's operations ceased are included in this report.

Independent counsels may also incur costs that are paid from appropriations other than the permanent, indefinite appropriation

²Financial audits of expenditures by independent counsels (GAO/AFMD-93-1, October 9, 1992; GAO/AFMD-93-60, April 21, 1993; and GAO/AIMD-94-76, April 15, 1994).

³Regulatory independent counsels are appointed pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 301; 25 U.S.C. 509, 510, and 543. See also 28 C.F.R. Parts 601 and 603 (1994).

established to fund independent counsel activities. These costs arise, for example, from the use of detailees from other federal agencies, such as the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI). While independent counsels are not required to and do not include the cost of all their activities in reported expenditures, the nature of these other costs is identified and discussed in the notes to the statements of expenditures presented in the appendixes to this report.

Opinion on Statements of Expenditures

The statements of expenditures for independent counsels Arlin M. Adams, Joseph E. diGenova, Robert B. Fiske, Jr., Donald C. Smaltz, Kenneth W. Starr, and Lawrence E. Walsh present fairly, in all material respects, the respective expenditures of these independent counsel offices for the 6 months ended September 30, 1994. The statements of expenditures and related notes regarding bases of accounting and additional pertinent information are provided in appendixes I through VI.

Consideration of Internal Control Structure

For this audit period, the internal controls we considered for each of the five active independent counsels, and for AOUSC and Justice regarding the administrative support and accounting services they perform for independent counsels, were those designed to

- safeguard assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition;
- assure the execution of transactions in accordance with management authority and with laws and regulations; and
- properly record, process, and summarize transactions to permit the preparation of expenditure statements in accordance with applicable bases of accounting.

In this audit period we continued to find a material weakness in internal controls over the reporting of expenditures. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control structure elements does not reduce to a relatively low risk that errors or irregularities in amounts that would be material to the expenditure statements may occur and not be detected promptly by employees in the normal course of performing their duties.

In 1986, Justice entered into an agreement with AOUSC to transfer the processing of payments for independent counsel expenditures from Justice to AOUSC, and Justice periodically disburses lump-sum payments to AOUSC for this purpose. Independent counsel offices typically submit

payment vouchers, payroll information, and supporting documentation to AOUSC. On the independent counsels' behalf, AOUSC expends funds and records the expenditures in its payroll and accounting systems. AOUSC also prepares monthly summarized expenditure reports and submits them to independent counsels. Justice performed similar functions for Mr. Fiske's independent counsel office.

Independent counsels have generally fulfilled their financial reporting requirements by using the summarized expenditure reports prepared by AOUSC. During this audit period, and as discussed in our prior reports,⁴ AOUSC expenditure reports had errors, thus requiring us to propose—and independent counsels to accept—audit adjustments. We believe that independent counsels may continue to experience problems reporting their expenditures until AOUSC establishes effective internal controls for accurately summarizing independent counsel expenditures.

In our prior reports, we identified other internal control weaknesses at independent counsel offices and AOUSC including, for example, inadequate segregation of duties and inadequate procedures to ensure compliance with applicable laws. We attributed many of the problems regarding independent counsels' noncompliance with certain laws and regulations to a lack of comprehensive guidance, either in the independent counsel law or elsewhere, regarding the financial management structure and operation of independent counsel offices. In response to our prior reports, independent counsels and AOUSC officials acknowledged that corrective action was needed and have taken steps to improve internal controls through greater segregation of duties, increased interaction between independent counsel and AOUSC employees, and the ongoing development of handbooks and other written guidance.

Also, since the issuance of our prior reports, and subsequent to the beginning of this audit period, the Congress addressed many of the problems we found by passing the Independent Counsel Reauthorization Act of 1994. The act amends the independent counsel law by requiring independent counsels to generally comply with the established policies of the Department of Justice regarding expenditure of funds and by establishing additional restrictions on the compensation and travel expenses paid to independent counsels or their employees.

⁴Financial audits of expenditures by independent counsels (GAO/AFMD-93-1, October 9, 1992; GAO/AFMD-93-60, April 21, 1993; and GAO/AIMD-94-76, April 15, 1994).

Compliance With Laws and Regulations

Our tests for compliance with selected provisions of laws and regulations disclosed no material instances of noncompliance during the 6 months ended September 30, 1994.

Objectives, Scope, and Methodology

In order to carry out their financial operations and to ensure accountability, independent counsels are responsible for

- preparing statements of expenditures,
- establishing and maintaining internal controls and systems to provide reasonable assurance that the internal control objectives previously mentioned are met, and
- complying with applicable laws and regulations.

We are responsible for obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the statements of expenditures reported by independent counsels are reliable (free of material misstatement and presented fairly in accordance with the bases of accounting described in accompanying notes). We are also responsible for considering the internal control structure in order to determine our auditing procedures for expressing an opinion on the statements of expenditures, not to provide assurance on the internal control structure. In addition, we are responsible for testing compliance with selected provisions of laws and regulations.

In order to fulfill these responsibilities, for each independent counsel, we

- examined, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the statement of expenditures and notes thereto, except items indicated as unaudited;
- assessed the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management;
- evaluated the overall presentation of the statement of expenditures;
- obtained an understanding of the design of relevant internal control structure policies and procedures, determined whether they had been placed in operation, assessed the associated control risk, and conducted limited tests of relevant internal controls, including those over expenditure authorizations and financial reporting; and
- tested compliance with certain aspects of selected provisions of the independent counsel provisions of the Ethics in Government Act of 1978 (28 U.S.C. 591-599), 5 U.S.C. Chapter 55, and implementing regulations, relating to pay administration.

It is important to note that because of inherent limitations in any internal control structure, losses, noncompliance, or misstatements may nevertheless occur and not be detected. Also, projecting any evaluation to future periods is subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the degree of compliance with controls may deteriorate. As a result of the material internal control weakness over reported expenditures previously discussed, we extended our substantive testing in order to opine on the expenditure reports presented in the appendixes to this report.

We obtained, but did not audit, information on costs that were not paid from the permanent, indefinite appropriation established to fund independent counsel activities. We obtained information on these costs from the independent counsel offices; the Department of Justice, including the FBI; the Internal Revenue Service; and the Office of Inspector General of the Department of Housing and Urban Development.

We discussed the results of our work with the six independent counsels or their representatives and with representatives of AOUSC, and incorporated their comments where appropriate.

We performed our audits in accordance with generally accepted government auditing standards. We completed our audit work on March 27, 1995.

We are sending copies of this report to the Attorney General, the Director of the Administrative Office of the U.S. Courts, the six independent counsels included in our audit, and other interested parties. Copies will be made available to others upon request.

A handwritten signature in black ink, reading "David L. Clark". The signature is stylized with a large, sweeping "D" and a prominent "X" at the end.

David L. Clark
Director, Legislative Reviews
and Audit Oversight

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Statement of
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Independent Counsel
Walsh

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Abbreviations

AOUSC	Administrative Office of the U.S. Courts
FBI	Federal Bureau of Investigation

Statement of Expenditures for Independent Counsel Adams

ARLIN M. ADAMS

Office of Independent Counsel

Statement of Expenditures
(Cash basis)

Six Months Ended September 30, 1994

Personnel compensation and benefits (note 2)	\$1,041,799
Travel	49,715
Rent, communications, and utilities (note 3)	236,005
Contractual services (note 4)	367,359
Administrative services (note 5)	<u>99,735</u>
Total expenditures	<u>\$1,794,613</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

ARLIN M. ADAMS

Office of Independent Counsel

Notes to Statement of Expenditures

Note 1 - Accounting policies

Reporting entity: The accompanying statement of expenditures presents the expenditures of the Office of Independent Counsel - Arlin M. Adams (OIC-Adams) for the 6 months ended September 30, 1994. The statement of expenditures includes only expenditures made from the permanent, indefinite appropriation for the offices of independent counsel that are processed through the Administrative Office of the U.S. Courts (AOUSC) and the OIC. Mr. Adams was appointed on March 1, 1990, to investigate the administration of various programs of the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) from 1983 to 1989. OIC-Adams' investigation is ongoing.

Basis of accounting: The accompanying statement of expenditures was prepared principally on the cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. Under this method, except for payroll and employee benefits, expenditures are recorded when the funds are disbursed by AOUSC or, for noncash transfers, when charged by AOUSC. Most payroll and related employee benefits are recorded at the end of the pay period when earned. The cost of retroactive retirement coverage discussed in note 2 is recorded when paid. The cost of purchased capital assets, which principally consist of office equipment and furniture, is recorded in the statement of expenditures when paid. These assets will remain with the federal government when they are no longer needed by the OIC. Downsizing of office space took place during this period, and furniture which had previously been purchased by OIC-Adams from the Department of Justice was transferred back to Justice. OIC-Adams did not receive credit for the value of the returned assets.

Note 2 - Retroactive retirement coverage

Under the laws governing federal employee retirement coverage and the regulations implemented by the Office of Personnel Management, federal employees appointed for periods exceeding 1 year generally are covered by federal employee retirement programs. Certain employees of the office of independent counsel with qualifying appointments were erroneously not provided retirement coverage. In August 1992, AOUSC determined that these employees should be retroactively provided retirement plan coverage and has been reviewing individual employee personnel files to determine specific coverage requirements. In December 1992, qualified employees, then employed by the OIC, became members of the retirement plan and began receiving current retirement coverage. Included in personnel compensation and benefits is approximately \$57,000 in retroactive retirement contributions paid during the period for current and former OIC employees.

Appendix I
Statement of Expenditures for Independent
Counsel Adams

Note 3 - Rent, communications, and utilities

Approximately \$209,000 in office rent is included in rent, communications, and utilities.

Note 4 - Contractual services

Contractual services primarily consists of court reporting services and outside consulting services in support of litigation.

Note 5 - Administrative services

AOUSC receives an administrative fee equal to 3 percent of OIC expenditures for performing disbursement and accounting functions for OIC-Adams. Payment of these fees generally occurs in the month following the services. Also included in administrative services are other costs, amounting to \$44,331, incurred by AOUSC in providing administrative guidance and support to independent counsel offices. These costs were certified by AOUSC, paid from the independent counsel appropriation, and allocated to the OIC.

Note 6 - Other operating costs (unaudited)

Certain costs relating to employees assigned to work with the OIC by the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) and the Inspector General of the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD IG) were financed through funds appropriated to these agencies and, accordingly, are not included in the statement of expenditures. These agencies are not reimbursed for these costs. The schedule below shows the estimated costs (unaudited) of the assistance provided to the OIC during the 6-month period, based on information provided by officials of these agencies.

	Costs (unaudited)
FBI	\$130,000
HUD IG	<u>82,000</u>
	<u>\$212,000</u>

Statement of Expenditures for Independent Counsel diGenova

JOSEPH E. diGENOVA

Office of Independent Counsel

Statement of Expenditures
(Cash basis)

Six Months Ended September 30, 1994

Personnel compensation and benefits	\$371,095
Travel	14,867
Rent, communications, and utilities (note 2)	104,761
Contractual services	40,993
Supplies and materials	2,055
Acquisition of capital assets	9,543
Administrative services (note 3)	<u>40,419</u>
Total expenditures	<u>\$583,733</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

JOSEPH E. diGENOVA

Office of Independent Counsel

Notes to Statement of Expenditures

Note 1 - Accounting policies

Reporting entity: The accompanying statement of expenditures presents the expenditures of the Office of Independent Counsel - Joseph E. diGenova (OIC-diGenova), for the 6 months ended September 30, 1994. The statement of expenditures includes only expenditures made from the permanent, indefinite appropriation for the offices of independent counsel that are processed through the Administrative Office of the U.S. Courts (AOUSC) and the OIC. Mr. diGenova was appointed in December 1992 to investigate a preelection search of passport files. OIC-diGenova's investigation is ongoing.

Basis of accounting: The accompanying statement of expenditures was prepared principally on the cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. Under this method, except for payroll and employee benefits, expenditures are recorded when the funds are disbursed by AOUSC or, for noncash transfers, when charged by AOUSC. Most payroll and related employee benefits are recorded at the end of the pay period when earned.

Note 2 - Rent, communications, and utilities

Approximately \$61,000 in office rent is included in rent, communications, and utilities.

Note 3 - Administrative services

AOUSC receives an administrative fee equal to 3 percent of OIC expenditures for performing disbursement and accounting functions for OIC-diGenova. Payment of these fees generally occurs in the month following the services. Also included in administrative services are other costs, amounting to \$24,652, incurred by AOUSC in providing administrative guidance and support to independent counsel offices. These costs were certified by AOUSC, paid from the independent counsel appropriation, and allocated to the OIC.

Note 4 - Other operating costs (unaudited)

Certain costs relating to employees assigned to work with the OIC by the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) were financed through funds appropriated to the FBI and, accordingly, are not included in the statement of expenditures. The FBI is not reimbursed for these costs. The estimated cost (unaudited) of the other assistance provided to the OIC during the period, based on information provided by FBI officials, was \$50,000.

Statement of Expenditures for Independent Counsel Fiske

ROBERT B. FISKE, JR.

Office of Independent Counsel

Statement of Expenditures
(Cash basis)

Six Months Ended September 30, 1994

Personnel compensation and benefits	\$ 802,520
Travel	283,000
Rent, communications, and utilities (note 2)	151,971
Other services (note 3)	81,278
Supplies and materials	33,849
Acquisition of capital assets (note 4)	<u>412,546</u>
Total expenditures	<u>\$1,765,164</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

ROBERT B. FISKE, JR.

Office of Independent Counsel

Notes to Statement of Expenditures

Note 1 - Accounting policies

Reporting entity: The accompanying statement of expenditures presents the expenditures of the Office of Independent Counsel - Robert B. Fiske, Jr. (OIC-Fiske), for the 6 months ended September 30, 1994. The statement of expenditures includes only expenditures made from the permanent, indefinite appropriation for OIC-Fiske processed through the Department of Justice.

Robert B. Fiske, Jr. was appointed by Attorney General Janet Reno to investigate criminal and civil violations of the U.S. Code in Re: Madison Guaranty Savings and Loan. On August 5, 1994, pursuant to 28 U.S.C. 592 (C)(1)(A), the U.S. Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia appointed Kenneth W. Starr to conduct the investigation. After completing a transition of operation to Mr. Starr, Robert B. Fiske, Jr. terminated his appointment on October 6, 1994.

Basis of accounting: The accompanying statement of expenditures was prepared principally on the cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. Under this method, expenditures are recorded when the funds are disbursed by the Department of Justice. Most payroll and related employee benefits are recorded at the end of the pay period when earned.

Note 2 - Rent, communications, and utilities

Approximately \$112,000 in office rent is included in rent, communications, and utilities. The independent counsel and the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) have agreed to share the cost of certain rent, utilities, and telephone services incurred in joint operations. During the 6-month period, the FBI reimbursed \$138,000 to the independent counsel for these costs.

Note 3 - Other services

Other services includes litigative and court reporting services.

Appendix III
Statement of Expenditures for Independent
Counsel Fiske

Note 4 - Capital assets

The capital assets expenditures are for computer hardware and software and office furniture and equipment. These assets will remain the property of the federal government at the conclusion of the investigation. The independent counsel and the FBI have agreed to share the costs of certain computer equipment used in joint operations. During the 6-month period, the FBI reimbursed \$292,000 to the independent counsel for these costs.

Note 5 - Other operating costs (unaudited)

Certain costs relating to employees assigned to work with the OIC by the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) and the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) were financed through funds appropriated to these agencies and, accordingly, are not included in the statement of expenditures. These agencies were not reimbursed for these costs. The schedule below shows the estimated costs (unaudited) of the assistance provided to the OIC during the 6-month period, based on information provided by officials of these agencies.

	Costs (unaudited)
FBI	\$2,831,000
IRS	<u>118,000</u>
	<u>\$2,949,000</u>

Statement of Expenditures for Independent Counsel Smaltz

DONALD C. SMALTZ

Office of Independent Counsel

Statement of Expenditures
(Cash basis)

Period From September 9, 1994, Through September 30, 1994

Personnel compensation and benefits	\$22,803
Administrative services (note 2)	<u>5,088</u>
Total expenditures	<u>\$27,891</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

DONALD C. SMALTZ

Office of Independent Counsel

Notes to Statement of Expenditures

Note 1 - Accounting policies

Reporting entity: The accompanying statement of expenditures presents the expenditures of the Office of Independent Counsel - Donald C. Smaltz (OIC-Smaltz), for the period from his appointment on September 9, 1994, through September 30, 1994. The statement of expenditures includes only expenditures made from the permanent, indefinite appropriation for the offices of independent counsel that are processed through the Administrative Office of the U.S. Courts (AOUSC) and the OIC. Mr. Smaltz was appointed to investigate activities of a former Secretary of Agriculture. OIC-Smaltz's investigation is ongoing.

Basis of accounting: The accompanying statement of expenditures was prepared principally on the cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. Under this method, except for payroll and employee benefits, expenditures are recorded when the funds are disbursed by AOUSC or, for noncash transfers, when charged by AOUSC. Most payroll and related employee benefits are recorded at the end of the pay period when earned. As of September 30, 1994, only payroll and employee benefits had been processed and paid by AOUSC on behalf of OIC-Smaltz. The only other expenditures attributable to the OIC were administrative services.

Note 2 - Administrative services

Administrative services consists of costs incurred by AOUSC in providing administrative guidance and support to independent counsel offices. These costs were certified by AOUSC, paid from the independent counsel appropriation, and allocated to the OIC based on the number of employees of the office as a percentage of employees of all independent counsel offices.

Statement of Expenditures for Independent Counsel Starr

KENNETH W. STARR

Office of Independent Counsel

Statement of Expenditures
(Cash basis)

Period From August 5, 1994, Through September 30, 1994

Personnel compensation and benefits	\$35,408
Travel	1,837
Contractual services (note 2)	17,921
Supplies and materials	21,459
Administrative services (note 3)	<u>6,027</u>
Total expenditures	<u>\$82,652</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

KENNETH W. STARR

Office of Independent Counsel

Notes to Statement of Expenditures

Note 1 - Accounting policies

Reporting entity: The accompanying statement of expenditures presents the expenditures of the Office of Independent Counsel - Kenneth W. Starr (OIC-Starr), for the period from his appointment on August 5, 1994, through September 30, 1994. The statement of expenditures includes only expenditures made from the permanent, indefinite appropriation for the offices of independent counsel that are processed through the Administrative Office of the U.S. Courts (AOUSC) and the OIC. Mr. Starr was appointed to assume the investigation of possible violations of federal criminal law in Re: Madison Guaranty Savings and Loan Association and other entities, which was begun by Robert B. Fiske, Jr. The investigation's transition from Mr. Fiske to Mr. Starr was substantially complete by September 30, 1994, however, the recording of and payment for compensation and benefits for those employees who remained with the investigation after the transition were not transferred from Mr. Fiske's operations to Mr. Starr's until after that date.

Basis of accounting: The accompanying statement of expenditures was prepared principally on the cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. Under this method, except for payroll and employee benefits, expenditures are recorded when the funds are disbursed by AOUSC or, for noncash transfers, when charged by AOUSC. Most payroll and related employee benefits are recorded at the end of the pay period when earned.

Note 2 - Contractual services

Contractual services primarily consists of outside consulting services in support of litigation.

Note 3 - Administrative services

Administrative services consists of costs incurred by AOUSC in providing administrative guidance and support to independent counsel offices. These costs were certified by AOUSC, paid from the independent counsel appropriation, and allocated to the OIC based on the number of employees of the office as a percentage of employees of all independent counsel offices.

Note 4 - Other operating costs (unaudited)

Certain costs relating to employees assigned to work with the OIC by the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) and the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) were financed through

Appendix V
Statement of Expenditures for Independent
Counsel Starr

funds appropriated to these agencies and, accordingly, are not included in the statement of expenditures. These agencies are not reimbursed for these costs. The schedule below shows the estimated costs (unaudited) of the assistance provided to the OIC during the 6-month period, based on information provided by officials of these agencies.

	Costs (unaudited)
FBI	\$2,011,000
IRS	<u>95,000</u>
	<u>\$2,106,000</u>

Statement of Expenditures for Independent Counsel Walsh

LAWRENCE E. WALSH

Office of Independent Counsel

Statement of Expenditures
(Cash basis)

Six Months Ended September 30, 1994

Personnel compensation and benefits (note 2)	\$ 752,584
Rent, communications, and utilities	1,689
Other costs	1,273
Administrative services (note 3)	<u>55,538</u>
Total expenditures	<u>\$ 811,084</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

LAWRENCE E. WALSH

Office of Independent Counsel

Notes to Statement of Expenditures

Note 1 - Accounting policies

Reporting entity: The accompanying statement of expenditures presents the costs paid by the Administrative Office of the U.S. Courts (AOUSC) for the office of former Independent Counsel - Lawrence E. Walsh (OIC-Walsh) for the 6 months ended September 30, 1994. The statement of expenditures includes only expenditures made from the permanent, indefinite appropriation for the offices of independent counsel that are processed through AOUSC. Mr. Walsh was appointed on December 19, 1986, to investigate allegations of crimes relating to the sales of arms to Iran and the diversion of funds to, and other support of, the Nicaraguan Contras, and to prosecute any indictments stemming from the investigation. Mr. Walsh's final report covering his independent counsel activities was released to the public by the U.S. Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit on January 18, 1994. Mr. Walsh's office officially closed on March 30, 1994.

Basis of accounting: The accompanying statement of expenditures was prepared on a cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. Under this method, except for payroll and employee benefits, expenditures are recorded when the funds are disbursed by AOUSC or, for noncash transfers, when charged by AOUSC. Payroll, which primarily consisted of severance paid to terminated employees during the 6-month period, and related employee benefits are recorded at the end of the pay period. The cost of retroactive employment coverage discussed in note 2 is to be recorded when paid. As Mr. Walsh's operations were downsized, capital assets were distributed to other federal entities, including other independent counsel offices. Mr. Walsh's office closed on March 30, 1994, and subsequent expenditures made by AOUSC for OIC-Walsh will be reported in subsequent expenditure reports.

Note 2 - Retroactive retirement coverage

Under the laws governing federal employee retirement coverage and the regulations implemented by the Office of Personnel Management, federal employees appointed for periods exceeding 1 year generally are covered by federal employee retirement programs. Certain employees of the office of independent counsel with qualifying appointments were erroneously not provided retirement coverage. In August 1992, AOUSC determined that these employees should be retroactively provided retirement plan coverage and has been reviewing individual employee personnel files to determine specific coverage requirements. In December 1992, qualified employees, then employed by the OIC, became members of the retirement plan and began receiving current

Appendix VI
Statement of Expenditures for Independent
Counsel Walsh

retirement coverage. Included in personnel compensation and benefits is approximately \$515,000 in retroactive retirement contributions paid during the 6-month period.

Note 3 - Administrative services

AOUSC receives an administrative fee equal to 3 percent of OIC expenditures in performing disbursement and accounting functions for OIC-Walsh. Payment of these fees generally occurs in the month following the services. Also included in administrative services are other costs, amounting to \$26,891, incurred by AOUSC in providing administrative guidance and support to independent counsel offices. These costs were certified by AOUSC, paid from the independent counsel appropriation, and allocated to the OIC.

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