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Economics and Statistics Administration  
BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

1990 CPH-2-28

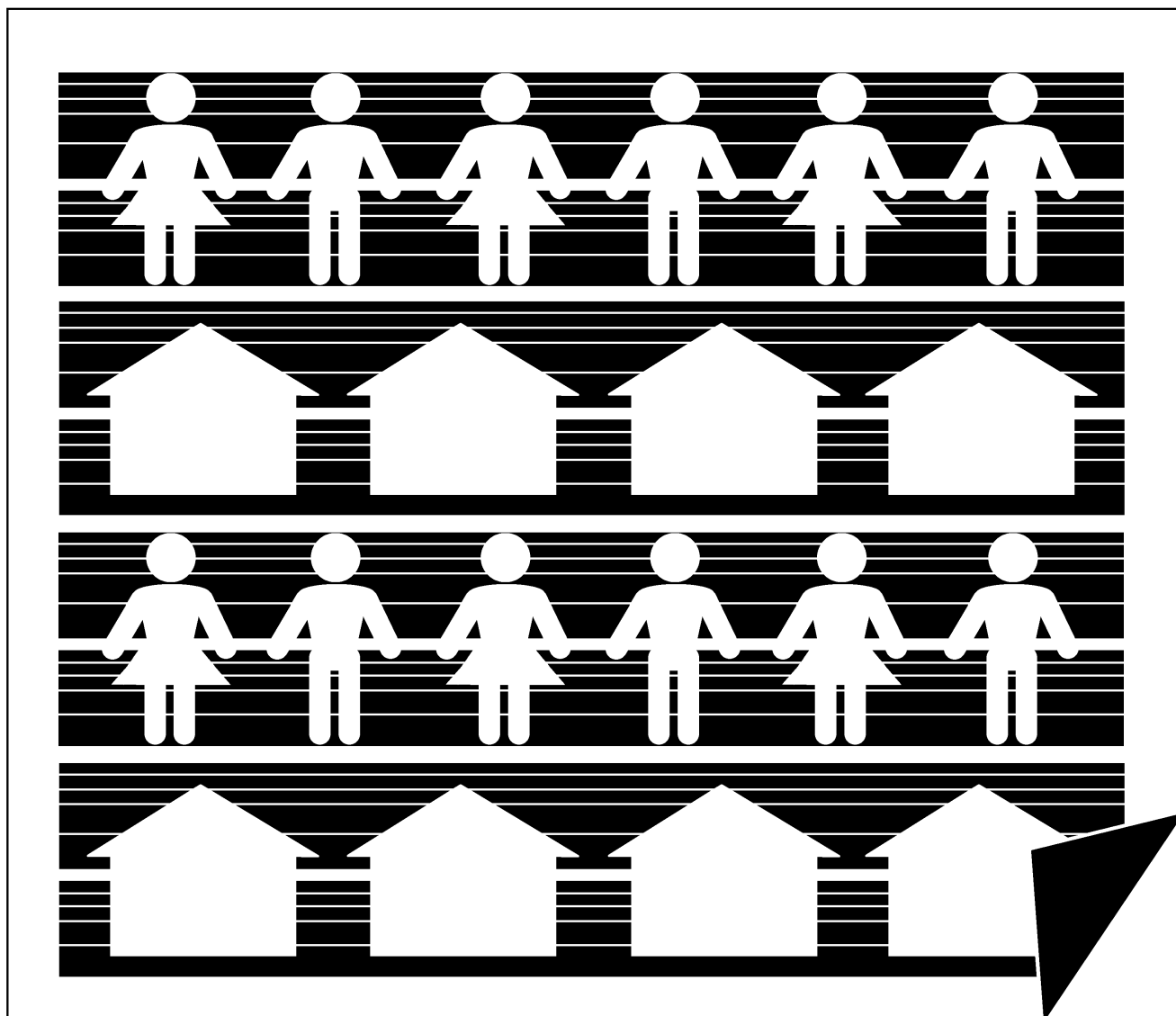
**CENSUS '90**



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1990 Census of  
Population and Housing  
**Population and Housing  
Unit Counts**  
**Montana**

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# ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The Decennial Planning Division, **Susan M. Miskura**, Chief, coordinated and directed all census operations. **Patricia A. Berman**, Assistant Division Chief for Content and Data Products, directed the development and implementation of the 1990 Census Tabulation and Publication Program. Other assistant division chiefs were **Robert R. Bair**, **Rachel F. Brown**, **James L. Dinwiddie**, **Allan A. Stephenson**, and **Edwin B. Wagner, Jr.** The following branch chiefs made significant contributions: **Cheryl R. Landman**, **Adolfo L. Paez**, **A. Edward Pike**, and **William A. Starr**. Other important contributors were **Linda S. Brudvig**, **Cindy S. Easton**, **Avis L. Foote**, **Carolyn R. Hay**, **Douglas M. Lee**, **Gloria J. Porter**, and **A. Nishea Quash**.

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The Administrative and Publications Services Division, **Walter C. Odom**, Chief, provided direction for the census administrative services, publications, printing, and graphics functions. **Michael G. Garland** was a contributing assistant division chief. The following branch and staff chiefs made significant contributions: **Bernard E. Baymler**, **Albert W. Cosner**, **Gary J. Lauffer**, **Gerald A. Mann**, **Clement B. Nettles**, **Russell Price**, and **Barbara J. Stanard**. Other important contributors were **Barbara M. Abbott**, **Robert J. Brown**, **David M. Coontz**, and **John T. Overby**.

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The Field Division, **Stanley D. Matchett**, Chief, directed the census data collection and associated field operations. **Richard L. Bitzer**, **Richard F. Blass**, **Karl K. Kindel**, and **John W. Marshall** were assistant division chiefs. Regional office directors were **William F. Adams**, **John E. Bell**, **LaVerne Collins**, **Dwight P. Dean**, **Arthur G. Dukakis**, **Sheila H. Grimm**, **William F. Hill**, **James F. Holmes**, **Stanley D. Moore**, **Marvin L. Postma**, **John E. Reeder**, and **Leo C. Schilling**.

The Personnel Division, **David P. Warner**, Chief, provided management direction and guidance to the staffing, planning pay systems, and employee relations programs for the census. **Colleen A. Woodard** was the assistant chief.

The Technical Services Division, **C. Thomas DiNenna**, Chief, designed, developed, deployed, and produced automated technology for census data processing.

1990 CPH-2-28

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1990 Census of  
Population and Housing  
**Population and Housing  
Unit Counts**  
**Montana**

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# HOW TO USE THIS CENSUS REPORT

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## INTRODUCTION

Data from the 1990 census are presented in several different report series. These series are published under the following three subject titles:

1. 1990 Census of Population (1990 CP)
2. 1990 Census of Housing (1990 CH)
3. 1990 Census of Population and Housing (1990 CPH)

The types of data and the geographic areas shown in reports differ from one series to another. In most series, there is one report for each State, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands of the United States (Virgin Islands), plus a United States summary report. Some series include reports for American Indian and Alaska Native areas, metropolitan areas, and urbanized areas. See appendix F for detailed information about the various report series; additional 1990 census data products such as computer tapes, microfiche, and laser disks; other related materials; and sources of assistance.

The data from the 1990 census were derived from a limited number of basic questions asked of the entire population and about every housing unit (referred to as the 100-percent questions), and from additional questions asked of a sample of the population and housing units (referred to as the sample questions). Two primary versions of questionnaires were used: a short form containing only the 100-percent questions and a long form containing both the 100-percent questions and the additional sample questions. Appendix E presents facsimiles of the questionnaire pages and the respondent instructions used to collect the data included in this report. Appendix F lists the subjects that are covered by the 100-percent and sample components of the 1990 census.

Legal provision for this census, which was conducted as of April 1, 1990, was made in the Act of Congress of August 31, 1954 (amended August 1957, December 1975, and October 1976), which is codified in Title 13, United States Code.

## HOW TO FIND GEOGRAPHIC AREAS AND SUBJECT-MATTER DATA

This report includes a table finding guide to assist the user in locating those statistical tables that contain the data that are needed. The table finding guide lists the geographic areas and the subjects shown in this report. To determine which tables in this report show data for a particular topic, find the subject in the column headings at the top of the table finding guide and then look down the left-hand column for the desired type of geographic area. Below is an example of a table finding guide.

### TABLE FINDING GUIDE

#### Subjects by Type of Geographic Area and Table Number

[Subjects covered in this report are shown at the top, and types of geographic areas are shown on the left side. For a description of area classifications, see appendix A. For definitions and explanations of subject characteristics, see appendix B.]

Area	Population counts			Housing unit counts			Land area
	1990 census	Previous censuses	Change from previous censuses	1990 census	Previous censuses	Change from previous censuses	
<b>THE STATE</b>							
Total .....	1,3,4,5,8,11,13,17,22	1,3,8,11	1,4	2,3,4,6,8,11,14,18,22	2,3,8	2,4	4,7,8,11,15,16,19,20,22
Urban and rural .....	1,5,11,12,13,22	1,11,12	1,5	2,6,11,14,22	2	2,6	7,11,15,16,22
Urban and rural by size of place ...	5,11,12,13,22	11,12	...	6,11,14,22	...	...	7,11,15,16,22
Inside and outside metropolitan area by urban and rural and size of place .....	13,22	...	...	14,22	...	...	15,16,22
Inside and outside metropolitan area by size of place .....	13,17,22	...	...	14,18,22	...	...	15,16,19,20,22
Inside and outside urbanized area by size of place .....	24	...	...	24	...	...	24
<b>COUNTY</b>							
Total .....	3,4,8	3,8	4	3,4,8	3,8	4	4,7,8
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By size of place and population size class of urbanized area .....	24	...	...	24	...	...	24

... Not applicable.

<sup>1</sup> County subdivisions within the State are shown alphabetically with places only in the reports for the following 12 States: Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, and Wisconsin.





*Housing Unit Counts* report, for that State. The information for all States appears in the “User Notes” section of the technical documentation for Summary Tape Files 1 and 3.

- A plus sign “+ ” or a minus sign “-” following a figure denotes that the median falls in the initial or terminal category of an open-ended distribution. (For more information on medians, see the discussion under “Derived Measures” in appendix B.)
- A minus sign “-” preceding a figure denotes decrease.

The following geographic abbreviations are used in the tables and explanations of subjects covered in this report:

- A “(pt.)” next to the name of a geographic area in a hierarchical presentation indicates that the geographic entity is only partially located in the superior geographic entity. For example, a “(pt.)” next to a place name in a county subdivision-place hierarchy indicates that the place is located in more than one county subdivision. (Places also may be “split” by county, congressional district, urban/rural, metropolitan area, voting district, and other geographic boundaries, depending on the presentation.) Other geographic entities also can be “split” by a higher-level entity. The exception is a tabulation block, which is unique within all geographic entities in census products.
- BG is block group.
- BNA is block numbering area.
- CDP is census designated place.
- CMSA is consolidated metropolitan statistical area.
- MA is metropolitan area.
- MSA is metropolitan statistical area.
- PMSA is primary metropolitan statistical area.
- TDSA is tribal designated statistical area.
- TJSA is tribal jurisdiction statistical area.
- unorg. is unorganized territory.
- VTD is voting district.

Census tables often include derived measures such as medians, means, percents, and ratios. More detailed information about derived measures is provided in appendix B.

## GRAPHICS

Charts, statistical maps, and other graphic summaries are included in some 1990 census reports. If graphics are shown in a report, they are presented immediately after the “User Notes” section.

## USER NOTES

User notes include corrections, errata, and related explanatory information. This section appears directly before the statistical tables in census reports unless graphics are shown. It presents information about unique characteristics of the report and changes or corrections made too late to be reflected in the text or tables themselves.

## CONTENTS OF THE APPENDIXES

**Appendix A**—Provides definitions of the types of geographic areas and related information used in census reports.

**Appendix B**—Contains definitions for the subject-matter items used in census reports, including explanations of derived measures, limitations of the data, and comparability with previous censuses. The subjects are listed alphabetically. In reports that contain both population and housing characteristics, the population characteristics are described first, followed by the explanations of the housing subjects.

**Appendix C**—Provides information on confidentiality of the data, allocations and substitutions, and sources of errors in the data.

**Appendix D**—Explains the residence rules used in counting the population and housing units, presents a brief overview of data collection operations, and describes processing procedures used to convert data from unedited questionnaires to final 1990 publications and tapes. This appendix also clarifies the procedures used to collect data for persons abroad at the time of the census, where persons on military bases or away at school were counted, how data were collected for persons in institutions, and which citizens of foreign countries were included in the U.S. data.

**Appendix E**—Presents a facsimile of the 1990 census questionnaire pages and the respondent instructions used to collect the data in this report.

**Appendix F**—Summarizes the 1990 census data products program by describing the information available in printed reports and in other sources, such as microfiche or computer tape; and provides information on where to obtain assistance.

**Appendix G**—Contains maps depicting the geographic areas shown in this report.

# TABLE FINDING GUIDE

## Subjects by Type of Geographic Area and Table Number

[Subjects covered in this report are shown at the top, and types of geographic areas are shown on the left side. For a description of area classifications, see appendix A. For definitions and explanations of subject characteristics, see appendix B]

Area	Population counts			Housing unit counts			Land area	Density		Number of places
	1990 census	Previous censuses	Change from previous censuses	1990 census	Previous censuses	Change from previous censuses		Popu-lation	Housing unit	
THE STATE										
Total . . . . .	1,3,4,5,8,11,13,17,22	1,3,8,11	1,4	2,3,4,6,8,11,14,18,22	2,3,8	2,4	4,7,8,11,15,16,19,20,22	4,8	4,8	11,13,14,15,16,17,18,19,20
Urban and rural . . . . .	1,5,11,12,13,22	1,11,12	1,5	2,6,11,14,22	2	2,6	7,11,15,16,22	...	...	1,11,12,13,14,15,16
Urban and rural by size of place ...	5,11,12,13,22	11,12	...	6,11,14,22	...	...	7,11,15,16,22	...	...	11,12,13,14,15,16
Inside and outside metropolitan area by urban and rural and size of place . . . . .	13,22	...	...	14,22	...	...	15,16,22	...	...	13,14,15,16
Inside and outside metropolitan area by size of place . . . . .	13,17,22	...	...	14,18,22	...	...	15,16,19,20,22	...	...	13,14,15,16,17,18,19,20
Inside and outside urbanized area by size of place . . . . .	24	...	...	24	...	...	24	...	...	...
COUNTY										
Total . . . . .	3,4,8	3,8	4	3,4,8	3,8	4	4,7,8	4,8	4,8	...
Urban and rural . . . . .	5	...	5	6	...	6	7	...	...	...
Urban and rural by size of place ...	5	...	...	6	...	...	7	...	...	...
PLACE										
By county and county subdivision . .	8	8	...	8	8	...	8	8	8	...
Alphabetically for the State . . . . .	9	9	...	9	9	...	9	9	9	...
By 1990 population rank . . . . .	10	10	...	10	10	...	...	...	...	...
COUNTY SUBDIVISION										
By county . . . . .	8	8	...	8	8	...	8	8	8	...
Alphabetically for the State <sup>1</sup> . . . . .	9	9	...	9	9	...	9	9	9	...
METROPOLITAN AREA										
Total and geographic components .	21	21	...	21	21	...	21	21	21	...
By urban and rural and population size class of metropolitan area. . . .	22	...	...	22	...	...	22	...	...	...
URBANIZED AREA										
Total and geographic components .	23	...	...	23	...	...	23	23	23	...
By size of place and population size class of urbanized area . . . . .	24	...	...	24	...	...	24	...	...	...

... Not applicable.

<sup>1</sup>County subdivisions within the State are shown alphabetically with places only in the reports for the following 12 States: Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, and Wisconsin.

# USER NOTES

Additional information concerning this 1990 census product may be available at a later date. If you wish to receive these *User Notes*, contact:

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## ADDITIONAL DEFINITIONS AND EXPLANATIONS OF DATA

### GENERAL

#### User Note 1

The user should note that there are limitations to many of these data. Please refer to the text provided with this report for further explanations on the limitations of the data.

### HISTORICAL INFORMATION

Montana was organized as a Territory in 1864 from the northeastern part of Idaho Territory with boundaries substantially the same as those of the present State. It was admitted to the Union in 1889 as the forty-first State.

### GEOGRAPHIC CHANGE NOTES

The county subdivisions in this State are census county divisions (CCD's). Deer Lodge County and the former Anaconda city are governmentally consolidated, as are Silver Bow County and the former city of Butte. Butte-Silver Bow is treated as a consolidated city because Walkerville town exists as a governmental unit within the consolidated government; the portion of the consolidated city outside of

Walkerville is treated as a place, referred to as "Butte-Silver Bow (remainder)." The portion of Yellowstone National Park in Montana is not part of any county, and is shown in the tables as statistically equivalent to a county. See appendix A for additional information. The year, where shown parenthetically, relates to the year the action was effective; the population and housing unit counts that follow, respectively, are as of April 1, 1980.

### Counties, County Subdivisions, and Places

**Beaverhead County**—*Annexations:* Dillon city.

**Big Horn County**—*Annexations:* Hardin city.

**Blaine County**—*Annexations:* Harlem city.

**Broadwater County**—*Annexations:* Townsend city.

**Carbon County**—*Annexations:* Bearcreek town, Fromberg town, Red Lodge city.

**Cascade County**—*Annexations:* Cascade town, Great Falls city. *Detachments:* Great Falls city. *Deleted CDP:* Vaughn.

**Custer County**—*Annexations:* Miles City city.

**Dawson County**—*Annexations:* Glendive city, Richey town. *Detachments:* Glendive city.

**Fergus County**—*Annexations:* Grass Range town, Lewistown city.

**Flathead County**—*Annexations:* Columbia Falls city, Kalispell city, Whitefish city. *Detachments:* Columbia Falls city, Kalispell city. *Deleted CDP:* Bigfork. Whitefish city incorrectly shown as partly in Columbia Falls division in 1980.

**Gallatin County**—*Annexations:* Belgrade city, Bozeman city, Manhattan town, Three Forks town.

**Garfield County**—*Annexations:* Jordan town.

**Glacier County**—*Annexations:* Cut Bank city.

**Golden Valley County**—*Annexations:* Ryegate town.

**Granite County**—*Annexations:* Drummond town, Philipsburg town.

**Hill County**—*Annexations:* Havre city.

**Jefferson County**—*Annexations:* Whitehall town.

**Lake County**—*Annexations:* Polson city, Ronan city, St. Ignatius town.

**Lewis and Clark County**—*Annexations:* Helena city. *Detachments:* East Helena town, Helena city.

**Lincoln County**—*Annexations:* Libby city.

**McCone County**—*Annexations:* Circle town.

**Mineral County**—*Detachments:* Superior town.

**Missoula County**—*Annexations:* Missoula city. *Detachments:* Missoula city. *Deleted CDP's:* Rattlesnake (annexed by Missoula city), East Missoula, Missoula South.

**Park County**—*Annexations:* Livingston city.

**Phillips County**—*Annexations:* Malta city.

**Pondera County**—*Detachments:* Valier town.

**Powell County**—*Annexations:* Deer Lodge city.

**Ravalli County**—*Incorporated:* Pinesdale town (1983; 458 and 79). *Annexations:* Darby town, Hamilton city, Pinesdale town. *Detachments:* Hamilton city.

**Richland County**—*Annexations:* Sidney city. *Detachments:* Sidney city.

**Rosebud County**—*New CCD:* North of the Yellowstone formed from parts of Forsyth and Rosebud CCD's.

**Sanders County**—*Annexations:* Thompson Falls city.

**Sheridan County**—*Annexations:* Medicine Lake town, Plentywood city.

**Silver Bow County**—Butte-Silver Bow (remainder) shown as Butte-Silver Bow in 1980. The consolidated government of Butte-Silver Bow, coextensive with Silver Bow County, is reported separately as a consolidated city; it was not reported separately in 1980. Butte-Silver Bow (remainder) excludes Walkerville town.

**Stillwater County**—*Annexations:* Columbus town.

**Sweet Grass County**—*Annexations:* Big Timber city.

**Teton County**—*Annexations:* Choteau city, Fairfield town.

**Toole County**—*Annexations:* Shelby city.

**Valley County**—*Incorporated:* Fort Peck town (1986; 293 and 97). *Detachments:* Glasgow city.

**Wheatland County**—*Annexations:* Harlowton city.

**Wibaux County**—*Annexations:* Wibaux town.

**Yellowstone County**—*Annexations:* Billings city, Laurel city. *Detachments:* Billings city. *Deleted CDP:* Billings Heights (annexed by Billings city).

## American Indian Areas

**Crow/Northern Cheyenne Area**—Reported as Other Reservation Lands in Montana in 1980; represents area claimed by two tribes.

**Fort Belknap Reservation**—Trust lands identified since 1980.

**Northern Cheyenne Reservation**—Trust lands identified since 1980.

**Rocky Boy's Reservation**—Trust lands identified since 1980.

Table 1. Population: Earliest Census to 1990

[For information concerning historical counts, see "User Notes." For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State Urban and Rural	The State			Urban				Rural			Percent of total popula- tion	
	Total population	Change from preceding census		Number of places of 2,500 or more	Population	Change from preceding census		Population	Change from preceding census		Urban	Rural
		Population	Percent			Population	Percent		Population	Percent		
Current urban definition:												
1990 (Apr. 1)-----	799 065	12 375	1.6	37	419 826	3 424	.8	379 239	8 951	2.4	52.5	47.5
1980 (Apr. 1)-----	786 690	92 281	13.3	35	416 402	45 726	12.3	370 288	46 555	14.4	52.9	47.1
1970 (Apr. 1)-----	694 409	19 642	2.9	32	370 676	32 219	9.5	323 733	-12 577	-3.7	53.4	46.6
1960 (Apr. 1)-----	674 767	83 743	14.2	30	338 457	80 423	31.2	336 310	3 320	1.0	50.2	49.8
1950 (Apr. 1)-----	591 024	31 568	5.6	26	258 034	...	...	332 990	...	...	43.7	56.3
Previous urban definition:												
1960 (Apr. 1)-----	674 767	83 743	14.2	26	312 232	59 326	23.5	362 535	24 417	7.2	46.3	53.7
1950 (Apr. 1)-----	591 024	31 568	5.6	25	252 906	41 371	19.6	338 118	-9 803	-2.8	42.8	57.2
1940 (Apr. 1)-----	559 456	21 850	4.1	23	211 535	30 499	16.8	347 921	-8 649	-2.4	37.8	62.2
1930 (Apr. 1)-----	537 606	-11 283	-2.1	18	181 036	9 025	5.2	356 570	-20 308	-5.4	33.7	66.3
1920 (Jan. 1)-----	548 889	172 836	46.0	17	172 011	38 591	28.9	376 878	134 245	55.3	31.3	68.7
1910 (Apr. 15)-----	376 053	132 724	54.5	14	133 420	48 866	57.8	242 633	83 858	52.8	35.5	64.5
1900 (June 1)-----	243 329	100 405	70.3	10	84 554	45 767	118.0	158 775	54 638	52.5	34.7	65.3
1890 (June 1)-----	142 924	103 765	265.0	6	38 787	31 800	455.1	104 137	71 965	223.7	27.1	72.9
1880 (June 1)-----	39 159	18 564	90.1	2	6 987	3 881	125.0	32 172	14 683	84.0	17.8	82.2
1870 (June 1)-----	20 595	...	...	1	3 106	...	...	17 489	...	...	15.1	84.9

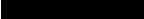


Table 2.   **Housing Units: 1950 to 1990**

[For information concerning historical counts, see "User Notes." For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State Urban and Rural	The State			Urban			Rural			Percent of total housing units	
	Total housing units	Change from preceding census		Housing units	Change from preceding census		Housing units	Change from preceding census		Urban	Rural
		Housing units	Percent		Housing units	Percent		Housing units	Percent		
Current urban definition:											
1990 (Apr. 1)-----	361 155	32 690	10.0	183 597	12 208	7.1	177 558	20 482	13.0	50.8	49.2
1980 (Apr. 1)-----	328 465	81 862	33.2	171 389	43 107	33.6	157 076	38 755	32.8	52.2	47.8
1970 (Apr. 1)-----	246 603	13 293	5.7	128 282	11 232	9.6	118 321	2 061	1.8	52.0	48.0
1960 (Apr. 1)-----	233 310	39 054	20.1	117 050	32 653	38.7	116 260	6 401	5.8	50.2	49.8
1950 (Apr. 1)-----	194 256	...	...	84 397	...	...	109 859	...	...	43.4	56.6



POPULATION AND HOUSING UNIT COUNTS

Table 3. Population and Housing Units: 1940 to 1990

[For information concerning historical counts, see "User Notes." For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State County	Population						Housing units					
	1990	1980	1970	1960	1950	1940	1990	1980	1970	1960	1950	1940
The State -----	799 065	786 690	694 409	674 767	591 024	559 456	361 155	328 465	246 603	233 310	194 256	177 443
COUNTY												
Beaverhead County -----	8 424	8 186	8 187	7 194	6 671	6 943	4 128	3 741	3 210	2 885	2 562	2 627
Big Horn County -----	11 337	11 096	10 057	10 007	9 824	10 419	4 304	3 867	2 900	2 842	2 896	2 688
Blaine County -----	6 728	6 999	6 727	8 091	8 516	9 566	2 930	2 583	2 382	2 940	2 738	2 791
Broadwater County -----	3 318	3 267	2 526	2 804	2 922	3 451	1 593	1 449	925	946	941	1 049
Carbon County -----	8 080	8 099	7 080	8 317	10 241	11 865	4 828	4 360	3 369	3 321	3 447	3 397
Carter County -----	1 503	1 799	1 956	2 493	2 798	3 280	816	795	761	884	929	1 142
Cascade County -----	77 691	80 696	81 804	73 418	53 027	41 999	33 063	32 199	27 190	24 086	16 520	13 368
Chouteau County -----	5 452	6 092	6 473	7 348	6 974	7 316	2 668	2 689	2 625	3 022	2 498	2 881
Custer County -----	11 697	13 109	12 174	13 227	12 661	10 422	5 405	5 473	4 356	4 665	4 037	3 245
Daniels County -----	2 266	2 835	3 083	3 755	3 946	4 563	1 220	1 303	1 281	1 381	1 314	1 400
Dawson County -----	9 505	11 805	11 269	12 314	9 092	8 618	4 487	4 637	3 755	3 895	2 961	2 476
Deer Lodge County -----	10 278	12 518	15 652	18 640	16 553	13 627	4 830	5 199	5 150	5 768	4 281	4 323
Fallon County -----	3 103	3 763	4 050	3 997	3 660	3 719	1 525	1 519	1 357	1 288	1 112	1 203
Fergus County -----	12 083	13 076	12 611	14 018	14 015	14 040	5 732	5 392	4 738	4 772	4 560	4 292
Flathead County -----	59 218	51 966	39 460	32 965	31 495	24 271	26 979	22 485	14 098	12 510	10 808	7 827
Gallatin County -----	50 463	42 865	32 505	26 045	21 902	18 269	21 350	17 173	10 761	9 074	6 988	6 385
Garfield County -----	1 589	1 656	1 796	1 981	2 172	2 641	924	868	732	729	833	891
Glacier County -----	12 121	10 628	10 783	11 565	9 645	9 034	4 797	4 002	3 458	3 471	2 933	2 573
Golden Valley County -----	912	1 026	931	1 203	1 337	1 607	432	472	366	435	447	512
Granite County -----	2 548	2 700	2 737	3 014	2 773	3 401	1 924	1 635	1 345	1 234	1 384	1 525
Hill County -----	17 654	17 985	17 358	18 653	14 285	13 304	7 345	7 194	5 843	5 742	4 537	4 021
Jefferson County -----	7 939	7 029	5 238	4 297	4 014	4 664	3 302	2 867	1 566	1 283	1 369	1 307
Judith Basin County -----	2 282	2 646	2 667	3 085	3 200	3 655	1 346	1 360	1 115	1 197	979	1 272
Lake County -----	21 041	19 056	14 445	13 104	13 835	13 490	10 972	9 038	5 927	5 394	4 863	4 357
Lewis and Clark County -----	47 495	43 039	33 281	28 006	24 540	22 131	21 412	18 571	12 359	10 442	8 408	7 434
Liberty County -----	2 295	2 329	2 624	2 229	2 180	2 209	1 007	1 154	792	783	789	679
Lincoln County -----	17 481	17 752	18 063	12 537	8 693	7 882	8 002	7 018	5 907	4 245	2 917	2 684
McCone County -----	2 276	2 702	2 875	3 321	3 258	3 798	1 161	1 121	1 055	1 150	1 069	1 223
Madison County -----	5 989	5 448	5 014	5 211	5 998	7 294	3 902	2 741	2 141	2 076	2 360	2 298
Meagher County -----	1 819	2 154	2 122	2 616	2 079	2 237	1 259	1 201	1 043	842	766	744
Mineral County -----	3 315	3 675	2 958	3 037	2 081	2 135	1 635	1 646	1 083	953	903	791
Missoula County -----	78 687	76 016	58 263	44 663	35 493	29 038	33 466	30 534	18 891	15 232	11 197	8 779
Musselshell County -----	4 106	4 428	3 734	4 888	5 408	5 717	2 183	2 039	1 577	1 713	1 881	1 752
Park County -----	14 562	12 869	11 197	13 168	11 999	11 566	6 926	6 074	4 648	4 597	4 194	3 787
Petroleum County -----	519	655	675	894	1 026	1 083	293	306	269	333	376	381
Phillips County -----	5 163	5 367	5 386	6 027	6 334	7 892	2 765	2 514	2 153	2 206	2 294	2 657
Pondera County -----	6 433	6 731	6 611	7 653	6 392	6 716	2 618	2 702	2 267	2 415	1 993	2 089
Powder River County -----	2 090	2 520	2 862	2 485	2 693	3 159	1 096	1 123	962	850	920	1 191
Powell County -----	6 620	6 958	6 660	7 002	6 301	6 152	2 835	2 830	2 453	2 456	2 018	2 251
Prairie County -----	1 383	1 836	1 752	2 318	2 377	2 410	749	808	706	878	788	716
Ravalli County -----	25 010	22 493	14 409	12 341	13 101	12 978	11 099	9 133	5 333	4 518	4 491	3 981
Richland County -----	10 716	12 243	9 837	10 504	10 366	10 209	4 825	4 690	3 514	3 580	3 343	2 925
Roosevelt County -----	10 999	10 467	10 365	11 731	9 580	9 806	4 265	3 809	3 386	3 584	2 915	2 793
Rosebud County -----	10 505	9 899	6 032	6 187	6 570	6 477	4 251	3 787	2 055	1 989	2 161	1 964
Sanders County -----	8 669	8 675	6 880	6 993	6 983	6 926	4 335	3 843	2 833	2 850	2 610	2 402
Sheridan County -----	4 732	5 414	5 779	6 458	6 674	7 814	2 417	2 416	2 086	2 315	2 246	2 270
Silver Bow County -----	33 941	38 092	41 981	46 454	48 422	53 207	15 474	16 071	15 631	18 222	16 583	17 161
Stillwater County -----	6 536	5 598	4 632	5 526	5 416	5 694	3 291	2 681	1 959	2 039	1 994	1 810
Sweet Grass County -----	3 154	3 216	2 980	3 290	3 621	3 719	1 639	1 479	1 387	1 196	1 161	1 192
Teton County -----	6 271	6 491	6 116	7 295	7 232	6 922	2 725	2 747	2 265	2 529	2 303	2 417
Toole County -----	5 046	5 559	5 839	7 904	6 867	6 769	2 354	2 432	2 163	2 351	2 213	2 149
Treasure County -----	874	981	1 069	1 345	1 402	1 499	448	462	448	443	450	421
Valley County -----	8 239	10 250	11 471	17 080	11 353	15 181	5 304	5 611	5 289	5 293	3 661	5 094
Wheatland County -----	2 246	2 359	2 529	3 026	3 187	3 286	1 129	1 140	1 009	1 053	1 032	1 011
Wibaux County -----	1 191	1 476	1 465	1 698	1 907	2 161	563	680	536	563	599	665
Yellowstone County -----	113 419	108 035	87 367	79 016	55 875	41 182	48 781	42 756	29 169	25 833	17 664	12 162
Yellowstone National Park -----	52	r66	64	47	58	43	46	r46	24	17	20	18



## 4 MONTANA

## POPULATION AND HOUSING UNIT COUNTS

Table 4. Land Area, Population, and Housing Units: 1990

[For information concerning historical counts, see "User Notes." For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State County	Land area		Population			Housing units			Percent change			
	Square kilometers	Square miles	Total	Per square kilometer	Per square mile	Total	Per square kilometer	Per square mile	Population		Housing units	
									1980 to 1990	1970 to 1980	1980 to 1990	1970 to 1980
The State -----	376 990.9	145 556.3	799 065	2.1	5.5	361 155	1.0	2.5	1.6	13.3	10.0	33.2
COUNTY												
Beaverhead County -----	14 355.4	5 542.6	8 424	.6	1.5	4 128	.3	.7	2.9	—	10.3	16.5
Big Horn County -----	12 936.7	4 994.9	11 337	.9	2.3	4 304	.3	.9	2.2	10.3	11.3	33.3
Blaine County -----	10 946.0	4 226.2	6 728	.6	1.6	2 930	.3	.7	-3.8	4.0	13.4	8.4
Broadwater County -----	3 085.9	1 191.5	3 318	1.1	2.8	1 593	.5	1.3	1.6	29.3	9.9	56.6
Carbon County -----	5 304.5	2 048.1	8 080	1.5	3.9	4 828	.9	2.4	-1	14.4	10.7	29.4
Carter County -----	8 649.8	3 339.7	1 503	.2	.5	816	.1	.2	-16.4	-7.9	2.6	4.5
Cascade County -----	6 987.9	2 698.0	77 691	11.1	28.8	33 063	4.7	12.3	-3.6	-1.3	2.7	18.4
Chouteau County -----	10 291.2	3 973.4	5 452	.5	1.4	2 668	.3	.7	-10.4	-5.8	-7	2.4
Custer County -----	9 798.7	3 783.3	11 697	1.2	3.1	5 405	.6	1.4	-10.7	7.7	-1.1	25.6
Daniels County -----	3 693.7	1 426.1	2 266	.6	1.6	1 220	.3	.9	-20.0	-7.9	-6.3	1.7
Dawson County -----	6 146.8	2 373.3	9 505	1.5	4.0	4 487	.7	1.9	-19.4	4.8	-3.1	23.5
Deer Lodge County -----	1 908.7	736.9	10 278	5.4	13.9	4 830	2.5	6.6	-17.8	-19.9	-7.0	1.0
Fallon County -----	4 196.8	1 620.4	3 103	.7	1.9	1 525	.4	.9	-17.4	-7.0	4	11.9
Fergus County -----	11 238.8	4 339.3	12 083	1.1	2.8	5 732	.5	1.3	-7.5	3.7	6.3	13.8
Flathead County -----	13 205.4	5 098.6	59 218	4.5	11.6	26 979	2.0	5.3	14.0	31.7	20.0	59.5
Gallatin County -----	6 492.8	2 506.9	50 463	7.8	20.1	21 350	3.3	8.5	17.7	31.9	24.3	59.6
Garfield County -----	12 090.6	4 668.2	1 589	.1	.3	924	.1	.2	-3.9	-7.7	6.5	18.6
Glacier County -----	7 756.4	2 994.7	12 121	1.6	4.0	4 797	.6	1.6	14.0	-1.3	19.9	15.7
Golden Valley County -----	3 044.1	1 175.3	912	.3	.8	432	.1	.4	-11.0	10.2	-8.4	29.0
Granite County -----	4 474.3	1 727.5	2 548	.6	1.5	1 924	.4	1.1	-6.5	-1.3	17.7	21.6
Hill County -----	7 501.6	2 896.4	17 654	2.4	6.1	7 345	1.0	2.5	-1.7	3.6	2.1	23.1
Jefferson County -----	4 290.9	1 656.7	7 939	1.9	4.8	3 302	.8	2.0	12.9	34.2	15.2	83.1
Judith Basin County -----	4 843.0	1 869.9	2 282	.5	1.2	1 346	.3	.7	-13.7	-7	-9	22.0
Lake County -----	3 869.0	1 493.8	21 041	5.4	14.1	10 972	2.8	7.3	10.4	31.9	21.4	52.5
Lewis and Clark County -----	8 964.1	3 461.0	47 495	5.3	13.7	21 412	2.4	6.2	10.4	29.3	15.3	50.3
Liberty County -----	3 703.2	1 429.8	2 295	.6	1.6	1 007	.3	.7	-1.4	-1.2	-12.6	45.7
Lincoln County -----	9 357.1	3 612.8	17 481	1.9	4.8	8 002	.9	2.2	-1.4	-1.6	14.0	18.8
McCone County -----	6 844.3	2 642.6	2 276	.3	.9	1 161	.2	.4	-15.7	-5.9	3.6	6.3
Madison County -----	9 289.4	3 586.6	5 989	.6	1.7	3 902	.4	1.1	9.9	8.7	42.4	28.0
Meagher County -----	6 194.9	2 391.9	1 819	.3	.8	1 259	.2	.5	-15.5	1.5	4.8	15.1
Mineral County -----	3 159.5	1 219.9	3 315	1.0	2.7	1 635	.5	1.3	-9.7	24.2	-6	52.0
Missoula County -----	6 729.4	2 598.2	78 687	11.7	30.3	33 466	5.0	12.9	3.5	30.5	9.6	61.6
Musselshell County -----	4 836.0	1 867.2	4 106	.8	2.2	2 183	.5	1.2	-7.2	18.6	7.1	29.3
Park County -----	6 879.5	2 656.2	14 562	2.1	5.5	6 926	1.0	2.6	13.2	14.9	14.0	30.7
Petroleum County -----	4 283.7	1 653.9	519	.1	.3	293	.1	.2	-20.7	-2.9	-4.1	13.8
Phillips County -----	13 312.3	5 139.9	5 163	.4	1.0	2 765	.2	.5	-3.7	-3	10.0	16.8
Pondera County -----	4 207.9	1 624.7	6 433	1.5	4.0	2 618	.6	1.6	-4.3	1.8	-3.0	19.2
Powder River County -----	8 539.9	3 297.3	2 090	.2	.6	1 096	.1	.3	-17.0	-11.8	-2.3	16.7
Powell County -----	6 024.3	2 326.0	6 620	1.1	2.8	2 835	.5	1.2	-4.8	4.5	-2	15.4
Prairie County -----	4 497.8	1 736.6	1 383	.3	.8	749	.2	.4	-24.6	4.8	-7.2	14.4
Ravalli County -----	6 201.2	2 394.3	25 010	4.0	10.4	11 099	1.8	4.6	11.2	56.1	21.5	71.3
Richland County -----	5 398.0	2 084.2	10 716	2.0	5.1	4 825	.9	2.3	-12.4	24.5	2.9	33.5
Roosevelt County -----	6 101.1	2 355.7	10 999	1.8	4.7	4 265	.7	1.8	5.1	1.0	12.0	12.5
Rosebud County -----	12 982.1	5 012.4	10 505	.8	2.1	4 251	.3	.8	6.1	62.1	12.3	84.3
Sanders County -----	7 154.3	2 762.3	8 669	1.2	3.1	4 335	.6	1.6	—	24.3	12.8	35.7
Sheridan County -----	4 342.5	1 676.7	4 732	1.1	2.8	2 417	.6	1.4	-12.5	-6.2	—	15.8
Silver Bow County -----	1 860.5	718.3	33 941	18.2	47.3	15 474	8.3	21.5	-10.8	-9.2	-3.6	2.8
Stillwater County -----	4 648.4	1 794.7	6 536	1.4	3.6	3 291	.7	1.8	16.8	20.9	22.8	36.9
Sweet Grass County -----	4 804.9	1 855.2	3 154	.7	1.7	1 639	.3	.9	-1.8	7.9	10.8	6.6
Teton County -----	5 886.0	2 272.6	6 271	1.1	2.8	2 725	.5	1.2	-3.3	6.1	-7	21.3
Toole County -----	4 949.3	1 910.9	5 046	1.0	2.6	2 354	.5	1.2	-9.1	-4.7	-3.1	12.4
Treasure County -----	2 535.4	978.9	874	.3	.9	448	.2	.5	-10.8	-8.1	-2.9	3.1
Valley County -----	12 745.2	4 920.9	8 239	.6	1.7	5 304	.4	1.1	-19.5	-10.5	-5.4	6.1
Wheatland County -----	3 686.0	1 423.2	2 246	.6	1.6	1 129	.3	.8	-4.7	-6.6	-9	13.0
Wibaux County -----	2 303.4	889.3	1 191	.5	1.3	563	.2	.6	-19.2	.8	-17.1	26.9
Yellowstone County -----	6 825.2	2 635.2	113 419	16.6	43.0	48 781	7.1	18.5	5.0	23.7	14.1	46.6
Yellowstone National Park -----	635.6	245.4	52	.1	.2	46	.1	.2	-21.1	3.1	—	91.7

Table 5. Population by Urban and Rural Residence: 1990

[For information concerning historical counts, see "User Notes." For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State County	Total population	Urban					Rural					Percent of total population			Percent change, 1980 to 1990	
		Total urban population	Inside urbanized area	Outside urbanized area			Total rural population	In place			Other rural	Urban		Rural	Urban	Rural
				Total	Place of 10,000 or more	Place of 2,500 to 9,999		Total	Place of 1,000 to 2,499	Place of less than 1,000		Total	Inside urbanized area			
The State -----	799 065	419 826	208 883	210 943	108 190	102 753	379 239	93 269	54 534	38 735	285 970	52.5	26.1	47.5	.8	2.4
COUNTY																
Beaverhead County -----	8 424	3 991	—	3 991	—	3 991	4 433	265	—	265	4 168	47.4	—	52.6	.4	5.3
Big Horn County -----	11 337	2 940	—	2 940	—	2 940	8 397	3 413	1 446	1 967	4 984	25.9	—	74.1	-10.9	7.7
Blaine County -----	6 728	—	—	—	—	—	6 728	3 149	1 512	1 637	3 579	—	—	100.0	—	-3.9
Broadwater County -----	3 318	—	—	—	—	—	3 318	1 635	1 635	—	1 683	—	—	100.0	—	1.6
Carbon County -----	8 080	—	—	—	—	—	8 080	3 579	1 958	—	4 501	—	—	100.0	—	-2.2
Carter County -----	1 503	—	—	—	—	—	1 503	439	—	439	1 064	—	—	100.0	—	-16.5
Cascade County -----	77 691	63 506	63 506	—	—	—	14 185	2 777	1 424	1 353	11 408	81.7	81.7	18.3	-4.2	-1.8
Chouteau County -----	5 452	—	—	—	—	—	5 452	2 699	1 660	1 039	2 753	—	—	100.0	—	-10.5
Custer County -----	11 697	8 461	—	8 461	—	8 461	3 236	19	—	19	3 217	72.3	—	27.7	-11.9	-7.7
Daniels County -----	2 266	—	—	—	—	—	2 266	1 242	1 154	88	1 024	—	—	100.0	—	-20.1
Dawson County -----	9 505	4 802	—	4 802	—	4 802	4 703	259	—	259	4 444	50.5	—	49.5	-19.7	-19.3
Deer Lodge County -----	10 278	7 418	—	7 418	7 418	—	2 860	—	—	—	2 860	72.2	—	27.8	-40.7	—
Fallon County -----	3 103	—	—	—	—	—	3 103	1 958	1 818	140	1 145	—	—	100.0	—	-17.5
Fergus County -----	12 083	6 051	—	6 051	6 051	—	6 032	870	—	870	5 162	50.1	—	49.9	-14.8	1.0
Flathead County -----	59 218	23 336	—	23 336	11 917	11 419	35 882	—	—	—	35 882	39.4	—	60.6	10.0	16.7
Gallatin County -----	50 463	26 071	—	26 071	22 660	3 411	24 392	3 150	2 237	913	21 242	51.7	—	48.3	20.4	14.9
Garfield County -----	1 589	—	—	—	—	—	1 589	494	—	494	1 095	—	—	100.0	—	-4.0
Glacier County -----	12 121	3 329	—	3 329	—	3 329	8 792	5 134	4 548	586	3 658	27.5	—	72.5	-9.7	26.7
Golden Valley County -----	912	—	—	—	—	—	912	411	—	411	501	—	—	100.0	—	-11.1
Granite County -----	2 548	—	—	—	—	—	2 548	1 189	—	1 189	1 359	—	—	100.0	—	-5.6
Hill County -----	17 654	10 201	—	10 201	10 201	—	7 453	1 291	1 110	181	6 162	57.8	—	42.2	-6.3	5.1
Jefferson County -----	7 939	—	—	—	—	—	7 939	2 383	2 383	—	5 556	—	—	100.0	—	12.9
Judith Basin County -----	2 282	—	—	—	—	—	2 282	755	—	755	1 527	—	—	100.0	—	-13.8
Lake County -----	21 041	3 283	—	3 283	—	3 283	17 758	5 146	2 845	2 301	12 612	15.6	—	84.4	17.3	9.2
Lewis and Clark County -----	47 495	35 497	—	35 497	24 569	10 928	11 998	6 185	6 185	—	5 813	74.7	—	25.3	48.3	-37.2
Liberty County -----	2 295	—	—	—	—	—	2 295	942	—	942	1 353	—	—	100.0	—	-1.5
Lincoln County -----	17 481	2 532	—	2 532	—	2 532	14 949	2 128	1 043	1 085	12 821	14.5	—	85.5	-7.9	-4.4
McCone County -----	2 276	—	—	—	—	—	2 276	805	—	805	1 471	—	—	100.0	—	-15.8
Madison County -----	5 989	—	—	—	—	—	5 989	1 941	—	1 941	4 048	—	—	100.0	—	9.9
Meagher County -----	1 819	—	—	—	—	—	1 819	963	—	963	856	—	—	100.0	—	-15.6
Mineral County -----	3 315	—	—	—	—	—	3 315	1 235	—	1 235	2 080	—	—	100.0	—	-9.8
Missoula County -----	78 687	59 942	57 196	2 746	—	2 746	18 745	1 669	1 669	—	17 076	76.2	72.7	23.8	3.3	4.2
Musselshell County -----	4 106	—	—	—	—	—	4 106	1 974	1 808	166	2 132	—	—	100.0	—	-7.3
Park County -----	14 562	6 701	—	6 701	—	6 701	7 861	282	—	282	7 579	46.0	—	54.0	-4.2	38.7
Petroleum County -----	519	—	—	—	—	—	519	188	—	188	331	—	—	100.0	—	-20.8
Phillips County -----	5 163	—	—	—	—	—	5 163	2 738	2 340	398	2 425	—	—	100.0	—	-3.8
Pondera County -----	6 433	2 891	—	2 891	—	2 891	3 542	1 018	—	1 018	2 524	44.9	—	55.1	-6.0	-3.1
Powder River County -----	2 090	—	—	—	—	—	2 090	572	—	572	1 518	—	—	100.0	—	-17.1
Powell County -----	6 620	3 378	—	3 378	—	3 378	3 242	—	—	—	3 242	51.0	—	49.0	-16.0	10.5
Prairie County -----	1 383	—	—	—	—	—	1 383	659	—	659	724	—	—	100.0	—	-24.7
Ravalli County -----	25 010	2 737	—	2 737	—	2 737	22 273	2 516	1 221	1 295	19 757	10.9	—	89.1	2.9	12.3
Richland County -----	10 716	5 217	—	5 217	—	5 217	5 499	869	—	869	4 630	48.7	—	51.3	-8.9	-15.6
Roosevelt County -----	10 999	2 880	—	2 880	—	2 880	8 119	2 402	—	2 402	5 717	26.2	—	73.8	-6.3	9.8
Rosebud County -----	10 505	3 035	—	3 035	—	3 035	7 470	4 580	4 096	484	2 890	28.9	—	71.1	18.9	1.7
Sanders County -----	8 669	—	—	—	—	—	8 669	2 722	1 319	1 403	5 947	—	—	100.0	—	-1.1
Sheridan County -----	4 732	—	—	—	—	—	4 732	2 855	2 136	719	1 877	—	—	100.0	—	-12.6
Silver Bow County -----	33 941	31 425	—	31 425	31 425	—	2 516	605	—	605	1 911	92.6	—	7.4	-15.5	183.7
Stillwater County -----	6 536	—	—	—	—	—	6 536	2 640	2 640	—	3 896	—	—	100.0	—	16.8
Sweet Grass County -----	3 154	—	—	—	—	—	3 154	1 557	1 557	—	1 597	—	—	100.0	—	-1.9
Teton County -----	6 271	—	—	—	—	—	6 271	2 793	1 741	1 052	3 478	—	—	100.0	—	-3.4
Toole County -----	5 046	2 763	—	2 763	—	2 763	2 283	622	—	622	1 661	54.8	—	45.2	-12.1	-5.5
Treasure County -----	874	—	—	—	—	—	874	361	—	361	513	—	—	100.0	—	-10.9
Valley County -----	8 239	3 572	—	3 572	—	3 572	4 667	1 248	—	1 248	3 419	43.4	—	56.6	-19.8	-19.5
Wheatland County -----	2 246	—	—	—	—	—	2 246	1 182	1 049	133	1 064	—	—	100.0	—	-4.8
Wibaux County -----	1 191	—	—	—	—	—	1 191	628	—	628	563	—	—	100.0	—	-19.3
Yellowstone County -----	113 419	93 867	88 181	5 686	—	5 686	19 552	133	—	133	19 419	82.8	77.7	17.2	4.5	7.3
Yellowstone National Park -----	52	—	—	—	—	—	52	—	—	—	52	—	—	100.0	—	-81.1

## 6 MONTANA

## POPULATION AND HOUSING UNIT COUNTS

Table 6. Housing Units by Urban and Rural Residence: 1990

[For information concerning historical counts, see "User Notes." For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State County		Urban					Rural					Percent of total housing units			Percent change, 1980 to 1990		
		Total housing units	Total urban housing units	Inside urban-ized area	Outside urbanized area		Total rural housing units	In place			Other rural	Urban		Rural	Urban	Rural	
					Total	Place of 10,000 or more		Place of 2,500 to 9,999	Total	Place of 1,000 to 2,499		Place of less than 1,000	Total				Inside urban-ized area
The State -----	361 155	183 597	89 816	93 781	47 998	45 783	177 558	43 286	23 925	19 361	134 272	50.8	24.9	49.2	7.1	13.0	
COUNTY																	
Beaverhead County -----	4 128	1 804	—	1 804	—	1 804	2 324	170	—	170	2 154	43.7	—	56.3	6.3	13.7	
Big Horn County -----	4 304	1 303	—	1 303	—	1 303	3 001	995	361	634	2 006	30.3	—	69.7	-4.2	19.7	
Blaine County -----	2 930	—	—	—	—	—	2 930	1 461	801	660	1 469	—	—	100.0	—	13.4	
Broadwater County -----	1 593	—	—	—	—	—	1 593	749	749	—	844	—	—	100.0	—	9.9	
Carbon County -----	4 828	—	—	—	—	—	4 828	2 101	1 248	853	2 727	—	—	100.0	—	10.7	
Carter County -----	816	—	—	—	—	—	816	294	—	294	522	—	—	100.0	—	2.6	
Cascade County -----	33 063	26 713	26 713	—	—	—	6 350	1 235	482	753	5 115	80.8	80.8	19.2	-4	17.8	
Chouteau County -----	2 668	—	—	—	—	—	2 668	1 248	745	503	1 420	—	—	100.0	—	-8	
Custer County -----	5 405	4 006	—	4 006	—	4 006	1 399	21	—	21	1 378	74.1	—	25.9	-4.0	7.7	
Daniels County -----	1 220	—	—	—	—	—	1 220	683	636	47	537	—	—	100.0	—	-6.4	
Dawson County -----	4 487	2 391	—	2 391	—	2 391	2 096	177	—	177	1 919	53.3	—	46.7	-3.5	-2.9	
Deer Lodge County -----	4 830	3 599	—	3 599	3 599	—	1 231	—	—	—	1 231	74.5	—	25.5	-30.8	—	
Fallon County -----	1 525	—	—	—	—	—	1 525	1 029	944	85	496	—	—	100.0	—	.4	
Fergus County -----	5 732	2 867	—	2 867	—	2 867	2 865	466	—	466	2 399	50.0	—	50.0	-2.5	16.9	
Flathead County -----	26 979	10 658	—	10 658	5 537	5 121	16 321	—	—	—	16 321	39.5	—	60.5	18.2	21.2	
Gallatin County -----	21 350	10 407	—	10 407	9 117	1 290	10 943	1 641	966	675	9 302	48.7	—	51.3	30.6	18.9	
Garfield County -----	924	—	—	—	—	—	924	—	—	258	666	—	—	100.0	—	6.5	
Glacier County -----	4 797	1 532	—	1 532	—	1 532	3 265	1 673	1 399	274	1 592	31.9	—	68.1	-2.9	34.6	
Golden Valley County -----	432	—	—	—	—	—	432	213	—	213	219	—	—	100.0	—	-8.5	
Granite County -----	1 924	—	—	—	—	—	1 924	641	—	641	1 283	—	—	100.0	—	17.7	
Hill County -----	7 345	4 346	—	4 346	4 346	—	2 999	579	491	88	2 420	59.2	—	40.8	-2.0	8.6	
Jefferson County -----	3 302	—	—	—	—	—	3 302	1 023	1 023	—	2 279	—	—	100.0	—	15.2	
Judith Basin County -----	1 346	—	—	—	—	—	1 346	388	—	388	958	—	—	100.0	—	-1.0	
Lake County -----	10 972	1 565	—	1 565	—	1 565	9 407	2 470	1 211	1 259	6 937	14.3	—	85.7	16.5	22.2	
Lewis and Clark County -----	21 412	14 977	—	14 977	11 053	3 924	6 435	2 347	2 347	—	4 088	69.9	—	30.1	46.2	-22.7	
Liberty County -----	1 007	—	—	—	—	—	1 007	470	—	470	537	—	—	100.0	—	-12.7	
Lincoln County -----	8 002	1 141	—	1 141	—	1 141	6 861	960	491	469	5 901	14.3	—	85.7	2.4	16.2	
McCone County -----	1 161	—	—	—	—	—	1 161	399	—	399	762	—	—	100.0	—	3.6	
Madison County -----	3 902	—	—	—	—	—	3 902	1 095	—	1 095	2 807	—	—	100.0	—	42.4	
Meagher County -----	1 259	—	—	—	—	—	1 259	512	—	512	747	—	—	100.0	—	4.8	
Mineral County -----	1 635	—	—	—	—	—	1 635	531	—	531	1 104	—	—	100.0	—	-7	
Missoula County -----	33 466	25 341	24 388	953	—	953	8 125	705	705	—	7 420	75.7	72.9	24.3	7.5	16.6	
Musselshell County -----	2 183	—	—	—	—	—	2 183	1 094	1 006	88	1 089	—	—	100.0	—	7.1	
Park County -----	6 926	3 137	—	3 137	—	3 137	3 789	130	—	130	3 659	45.3	—	54.7	.5	33.1	
Petroleum County -----	293	—	—	—	—	—	293	114	—	114	179	—	—	100.0	—	-4.2	
Phillips County -----	2 765	—	—	—	—	—	2 765	1 362	1 144	218	1 403	—	—	100.0	—	10.0	
Pondera County -----	2 618	1 257	—	1 257	—	1 257	1 361	402	—	402	959	48.0	—	52.0	-2.9	-3.3	
Powder River County -----	1 096	—	—	—	—	—	1 096	304	—	304	792	—	—	100.0	—	-2.4	
Powell County -----	2 835	1 592	—	1 592	—	1 592	1 243	—	—	—	1 243	56.2	—	43.8	-4.9	7.5	
Prairie County -----	749	—	—	—	—	—	749	414	—	414	335	—	—	100.0	—	-7.3	
Ravalli County -----	11 099	1 476	—	1 476	—	1 476	9 623	937	512	425	8 686	13.3	—	86.7	7.6	24.0	
Richland County -----	4 825	2 363	—	2 363	—	2 363	2 462	441	—	441	2 021	49.0	—	51.0	2.6	3.1	
Roosevelt County -----	4 265	1 236	—	1 236	—	1 236	3 029	1 089	—	1 089	1 940	29.0	—	71.0	-1.3	18.5	
Rosebud County -----	4 251	1 178	—	1 178	—	1 178	3 073	1 756	1 600	156	1 317	27.7	—	72.3	11.9	12.4	
Sanders County -----	4 335	—	—	—	—	—	4 335	1 435	582	853	2 900	—	—	100.0	—	12.8	
Sheridan County -----	2 417	—	—	—	—	—	2 417	1 483	1 100	383	934	—	—	100.0	—	—	
Silver Bow County -----	15 474	14 346	—	14 346	14 346	—	1 128	294	—	294	834	92.7	—	7.3	-8.6	195.3	
Stillwater County -----	3 291	—	—	—	—	—	3 291	1 164	1 164	—	2 127	—	—	100.0	—	22.8	
Sweet Grass County -----	1 639	—	—	—	—	—	1 639	771	—	—	868	—	—	100.0	—	10.8	
Teton County -----	2 725	—	—	—	—	—	2 725	1 348	858	490	1 377	—	—	100.0	—	-8	
Toole County -----	2 354	1 302	—	1 302	—	1 302	1 052	310	—	310	742	55.3	—	44.7	-4.8	-1.2	
Treasure County -----	448	—	—	—	—	—	448	180	—	180	268	—	—	100.0	—	-3.0	
Valley County -----	5 304	1 749	—	1 749	—	1 749	3 555	688	—	688	2 867	33.0	—	67.0	-12.0	-1.9	
Wheatland County -----	1 129	—	—	—	—	—	1 129	658	589	69	471	—	—	100.0	—	-1.0	
Wibaux County -----	563	—	—	—	—	—	563	316	—	316	247	—	—	100.0	—	-17.2	
Yellowstone County -----	48 781	41 311	38 715	2 596	—	2 596	7 470	62	—	62	7 408	84.7	79.4	15.3	13.6	16.8	
Yellowstone National Park -----	46	—	—	—	—	—	46	—	—	—	46	—	—	100.0	—	-70.1	

## POPULATION AND HOUSING UNIT COUNTS

## MONTANA 7

Table 7. Land Area by Urban and Rural Residence: 1990

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State County	Total land area	Urban					Rural					Percent of total land area		
		Total urban land area	Inside urban-ized area	Outside urbanized area			Total rural land area	In place			Other rural	Urban		Rural
				Total	Place of 10,000 or more	Place of 2,500 to 9,999		Total	Place of 1,000 to 2,499	Place of less than 1,000		Total	Inside urban-ized area	
<b>THE STATE</b>														
Square kilometers .....	376 990.9	640.1	243.2	396.9	145.5	251.3	376 350.8	905.3	481.5	423.8	375 445.5	.2	.1	99.8
Square miles .....	145 556.3	247.1	93.9	153.2	56.2	97.0	145 309.2	349.5	185.9	163.6	144 959.7	.2	.1	99.8
<b>COUNTY</b>														
<b>Beaverhead County</b>														
Square kilometers .....	14 355.4	4.0	—	4.0	—	4.0	14 351.3	1.4	—	1.4	14 349.9	—	—	100.0
Square miles .....	5 542.6	1.6	—	1.6	—	1.6	5 541.1	.6	—	.6	5 540.5	—	—	100.0
<b>Big Horn County</b>														
Square kilometers .....	12 936.7	3.5	—	3.5	—	3.5	12 933.3	203.3	17.0	186.3	12 729.9	—	—	100.0
Square miles .....	4 994.9	1.3	—	1.3	—	1.3	4 993.5	78.5	6.6	71.9	4 915.0	—	—	100.0
<b>Blaine County</b>														
Square kilometers .....	10 946.0	—	—	—	—	—	10 946.0	25.9	1.3	24.6	10 920.1	—	—	100.0
Square miles .....	4 226.2	—	—	—	—	—	4 226.2	10.0	.5	9.5	4 216.2	—	—	100.0
<b>Broadwater County</b>														
Square kilometers .....	3 085.9	—	—	—	—	—	3 085.9	4.0	4.0	—	3 081.9	—	—	100.0
Square miles .....	1 191.5	—	—	—	—	—	1 191.5	1.6	1.6	—	1 189.9	—	—	100.0
<b>Carbon County</b>														
Square kilometers .....	5 304.5	—	—	—	—	—	5 304.5	9.2	5.3	3.9	5 295.3	—	—	100.0
Square miles .....	2 048.1	—	—	—	—	—	2 048.1	3.5	2.1	1.5	2 044.5	—	—	100.0
<b>Carter County</b>														
Square kilometers .....	8 649.8	—	—	—	—	—	8 649.8	2.7	—	2.7	8 647.1	—	—	100.0
Square miles .....	3 339.7	—	—	—	—	—	3 339.7	1.0	—	1.0	3 338.6	—	—	100.0
<b>Cascade County</b>														
Square kilometers .....	6 987.9	52.8	52.8	—	—	—	6 935.1	22.8	15.4	7.4	6 912.2	.8	.8	99.2
Square miles .....	2 698.0	20.4	20.4	—	—	—	2 677.6	8.8	6.0	2.8	2 668.8	.8	.8	99.2
<b>Chouteau County</b>														
Square kilometers .....	10 291.2	—	—	—	—	—	10 291.2	7.8	5.4	2.5	10 283.4	—	—	100.0
Square miles .....	3 973.4	—	—	—	—	—	3 973.4	3.0	2.1	1.0	3 970.4	—	—	100.0
<b>Custer County</b>														
Square kilometers .....	9 798.7	7.9	—	7.9	—	7.9	9 790.8	1.1	—	1.1	9 789.7	.1	—	99.9
Square miles .....	3 783.3	3.0	—	3.0	—	3.0	3 780.2	.4	—	.4	3 779.8	.1	—	99.9
<b>Daniels County</b>														
Square kilometers .....	3 693.7	—	—	—	—	—	3 693.7	2.2	1.9	.3	3 691.5	—	—	100.0
Square miles .....	1 426.1	—	—	—	—	—	1 426.1	.8	.7	.1	1 425.3	—	—	100.0
<b>Dawson County</b>														
Square kilometers .....	6 146.8	8.5	—	8.5	—	8.5	6 138.2	.7	—	.7	6 137.5	.1	—	99.9
Square miles .....	2 373.3	3.3	—	3.3	—	3.3	2 370.0	.3	—	.3	2 369.7	.1	—	99.9
<b>Deer Lodge County</b>														
Square kilometers .....	1 908.7	11.0	—	11.0	11.0	—	1 897.7	—	—	—	1 897.7	.6	—	99.4
Square miles .....	736.9	4.2	—	4.2	4.2	—	732.7	—	—	—	732.7	.6	—	99.4
<b>Fallon County</b>														
Square kilometers .....	4 196.8	—	—	—	—	—	4 196.8	3.4	2.2	1.2	4 193.4	—	—	100.0
Square miles .....	1 620.4	—	—	—	—	—	1 620.4	1.3	.9	.5	1 619.1	—	—	100.0
<b>Fergus County</b>														
Square kilometers .....	11 238.8	4.6	—	4.6	—	4.6	11 234.3	4.3	—	4.3	11 230.0	—	—	100.0
Square miles .....	4 339.3	1.8	—	1.8	—	1.8	4 337.6	1.7	—	1.7	4 335.9	—	—	100.0
<b>Flathead County</b>														
Square kilometers .....	13 205.4	30.8	—	30.8	11.4	19.4	13 174.5	—	—	—	13 174.5	.2	—	99.8
Square miles .....	5 098.6	11.9	—	11.9	4.4	7.5	5 086.7	—	—	—	5 086.7	.2	—	99.8
<b>Gallatin County</b>														
Square kilometers .....	6 492.8	28.7	—	28.7	25.3	3.4	6 464.1	6.4	4.6	1.8	6 457.6	.4	—	99.6
Square miles .....	2 506.9	11.1	—	11.1	9.8	1.3	2 495.8	2.5	1.8	.7	2 493.3	.4	—	99.6
<b>Garfield County</b>														
Square kilometers .....	12 090.6	—	—	—	—	—	12 090.6	.9	—	.9	12 089.7	—	—	100.0
Square miles .....	4 668.2	—	—	—	—	—	4 668.2	.4	—	.4	4 667.8	—	—	100.0
<b>Glacier County</b>														
Square kilometers .....	7 756.4	2.5	—	2.5	—	2.5	7 753.9	36.2	14.4	21.8	7 717.7	—	—	100.0
Square miles .....	2 994.7	1.0	—	1.0	—	1.0	2 993.8	14.0	5.6	8.4	2 979.8	—	—	100.0
<b>Golden Valley County</b>														
Square kilometers .....	3 044.1	—	—	—	—	—	3 044.1	4.4	—	4.4	3 039.7	—	—	100.0
Square miles .....	1 175.3	—	—	—	—	—	1 175.3	1.7	—	1.7	1 173.6	—	—	100.0
<b>Granite County</b>														
Square kilometers .....	4 474.3	—	—	—	—	—	4 474.3	3.6	—	3.6	4 470.7	—	—	100.0
Square miles .....	1 727.5	—	—	—	—	—	1 727.5	1.4	—	1.4	1 726.1	—	—	100.0
<b>Hill County</b>														
Square kilometers .....	7 501.6	6.4	—	6.4	6.4	—	7 495.2	9.5	9.1	.4	7 485.7	.1	—	99.9
Square miles .....	2 896.4	2.5	—	2.5	2.5	—	2 893.9	3.7	3.5	.2	2 890.2	.1	—	99.9
<b>Jefferson County</b>														
Square kilometers .....	4 290.9	—	—	—	—	—	4 290.9	4.5	4.5	—	4 286.3	—	—	100.0
Square miles .....	1 656.7	—	—	—	—	—	1 656.7	1.8	1.8	—	1 654.9	—	—	100.0

## 8 MONTANA

## POPULATION AND HOUSING UNIT COUNTS

Table 7. Land Area by Urban and Rural Residence: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State County	Total land area	Urban					Rural					Percent of total land area		
		Total urban land area	Inside urban-ized area	Outside urbanized area			Total rural land area	In place			Other rural	Urban		Rural
				Total	Place of 10,000 or more	Place of 2,500 to 9,999		Total	Place of 1,000 to 2,499	Place of less than 1,000		Total	Inside urban-ized area	
COUNTY—Con.														
Judith Basin County														
Square kilometers .....	4 843.0	—	—	—	—	—	4 843.0	1.8	—	1.8	4 841.2	—	—	100.0
Square miles .....	1 869.9	—	—	—	—	—	1 869.9	.7	—	.7	1 869.2	—	—	100.0
Lake County														
Square kilometers .....	3 869.0	4.7	—	4.7	—	4.7	3 864.3	56.1	15.4	40.7	3 808.3	.1	—	99.9
Square miles .....	1 493.8	1.8	—	1.8	—	1.8	1 492.0	21.6	5.9	15.7	1 470.4	.1	—	99.9
Lewis and Clark County														
Square kilometers .....	8 964.1	147.3	—	147.3	35.0	112.3	8 816.7	198.2	198.2	—	8 618.6	1.6	—	98.4
Square miles .....	3 461.0	56.9	—	56.9	13.5	43.4	3 404.1	76.5	76.5	—	3 327.6	1.6	—	98.4
Liberty County														
Square kilometers .....	3 703.2	—	—	—	—	—	3 703.2	1.2	—	1.2	3 702.0	—	—	100.0
Square miles .....	1 429.8	—	—	—	—	—	1 429.8	.5	—	.5	1 429.3	—	—	100.0
Lincoln County														
Square kilometers .....	9 357.1	2.9	—	2.9	—	2.9	9 354.3	4.3	2.6	1.7	9 350.0	—	—	100.0
Square miles .....	3 612.8	1.1	—	1.1	—	1.1	3 611.7	1.7	1.0	.7	3 610.0	—	—	100.0
McCone County														
Square kilometers .....	6 844.3	—	—	—	—	—	6 844.3	2.0	—	2.0	6 842.3	—	—	100.0
Square miles .....	2 642.6	—	—	—	—	—	2 642.6	.8	—	.8	2 641.8	—	—	100.0
Madison County														
Square kilometers .....	9 289.4	—	—	—	—	—	9 289.4	9.5	—	9.5	9 279.9	—	—	100.0
Square miles .....	3 586.6	—	—	—	—	—	3 586.6	3.7	—	3.7	3 583.0	—	—	100.0
Meagher County														
Square kilometers .....	6 194.9	—	—	—	—	—	6 194.9	2.1	—	2.1	6 192.8	—	—	100.0
Square miles .....	2 391.9	—	—	—	—	—	2 391.9	.8	—	.8	2 391.0	—	—	100.0
Mineral County														
Square kilometers .....	3 159.5	—	—	—	—	—	3 159.5	4.3	—	4.3	3 155.1	—	—	100.0
Square miles .....	1 219.9	—	—	—	—	—	1 219.9	1.7	—	1.7	1 218.2	—	—	100.0
Missoula County														
Square kilometers .....	6 729.4	97.9	73.3	24.6	—	24.6	6 631.5	3.8	3.8	—	6 627.8	1.5	1.1	98.5
Square miles .....	2 598.2	37.8	28.3	9.5	—	9.5	2 560.4	1.4	1.4	—	2 559.0	1.5	1.1	98.5
Musselshell County														
Square kilometers .....	4 836.0	—	—	—	—	—	4 836.0	5.2	3.5	1.8	4 830.8	—	—	100.0
Square miles .....	1 867.2	—	—	—	—	—	1 867.2	2.0	1.3	.7	1 865.2	—	—	100.0
Park County														
Square kilometers .....	6 879.5	6.4	—	6.4	—	6.4	6 873.1	1.1	—	1.1	6 872.0	.1	—	99.9
Square miles .....	2 656.2	2.5	—	2.5	—	2.5	2 653.7	.4	—	.4	2 653.3	.1	—	99.9
Petroleum County														
Square kilometers .....	4 283.7	—	—	—	—	—	4 283.7	2.5	—	2.5	4 281.2	—	—	100.0
Square miles .....	1 653.9	—	—	—	—	—	1 653.9	1.0	—	1.0	1 653.0	—	—	100.0
Phillips County														
Square kilometers .....	13 312.3	—	—	—	—	—	13 312.3	4.1	2.7	1.3	13 308.2	—	—	100.0
Square miles .....	5 139.9	—	—	—	—	—	5 139.9	1.6	1.1	.5	5 138.3	—	—	100.0
Pondera County														
Square kilometers .....	4 207.9	3.0	—	3.0	—	3.0	4 204.8	14.7	—	14.7	4 190.2	.1	—	99.9
Square miles .....	1 624.7	1.2	—	1.2	—	1.2	1 623.5	5.7	—	5.7	1 617.8	.1	—	99.9
Powder River County														
Square kilometers .....	8 539.9	—	—	—	—	—	8 539.9	.8	—	.8	8 539.1	—	—	100.0
Square miles .....	3 297.3	—	—	—	—	—	3 297.3	.3	—	.3	3 296.9	—	—	100.0
Powell County														
Square kilometers .....	6 024.3	3.7	—	3.7	—	3.7	6 020.6	—	—	—	6 020.6	.1	—	99.9
Square miles .....	2 326.0	1.4	—	1.4	—	1.4	2 324.5	—	—	—	2 324.5	.1	—	99.9
Prairie County														
Square kilometers .....	4 497.8	—	—	—	—	—	4 497.8	1.8	—	1.8	4 496.0	—	—	100.0
Square miles .....	1 736.6	—	—	—	—	—	1 736.6	.7	—	.7	1 735.9	—	—	100.0
Ravalli County														
Square kilometers .....	6 201.2	4.6	—	4.6	—	4.6	6 196.7	5.9	1.3	4.6	6 190.8	.1	—	99.9
Square miles .....	2 394.3	1.8	—	1.8	—	1.8	2 392.5	2.3	.5	1.8	2 390.3	.1	—	99.9
Richland County														
Square kilometers .....	5 398.0	5.8	—	5.8	—	5.8	5 392.1	2.5	—	2.5	5 389.7	.1	—	99.9
Square miles .....	2 084.2	2.2	—	2.2	—	2.2	2 081.9	1.0	—	1.0	2 080.9	.1	—	99.9
Roosevelt County														
Square kilometers .....	6 101.1	2.3	—	2.3	—	2.3	6 098.9	6.2	—	6.2	6 092.7	—	—	100.0
Square miles .....	2 355.7	.9	—	.9	—	.9	2 354.8	2.4	—	2.4	2 352.4	—	—	100.0
Rosebud County														
Square kilometers .....	12 982.1	14.8	—	14.8	—	14.8	12 967.3	166.4	146.8	19.6	12 800.9	.1	—	99.9
Square miles .....	5 012.4	5.7	—	5.7	—	5.7	5 006.7	64.2	56.7	7.6	4 942.4	.1	—	99.9
Sanders County														
Square kilometers .....	7 154.3	—	—	—	—	—	7 154.3	5.5	3.2	2.3	7 148.8	—	—	100.0
Square miles .....	2 762.3	—	—	—	—	—	2 762.3	2.1	1.2	.9	2 760.2	—	—	100.0

**Table 7. Land Area by Urban and Rural Residence: 1990—Con.**

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State County	Total land area	Urban					Rural					Percent of total land area		
		Total urban land area	Inside urban-ized area	Outside urbanized area			Total rural land area	In place			Other rural	Urban		Rural
				Total	Place of 10,000 or more	Place of 2,500 to 9,999		Total	Place of 1,000 to 2,499	Place of less than 1,000		Total	Inside urban-ized area	
<b>COUNTY—Con.</b>														
<b>Sheridan County</b>														
Square kilometers .....	4 342.5	—	—	—	—	—	4 342.5	8.8	3.0	5.9	4 333.7	—	—	100.0
Square miles .....	1 676.7	—	—	—	—	—	1 676.7	3.4	1.1	2.3	1 673.2	—	—	100.0
<b>Silver Bow County</b>														
Square kilometers .....	1 860.5	56.5	—	56.5	56.5	—	1 804.0	5.6	—	5.6	1 798.4	3.0	—	97.0
Square miles .....	718.3	21.8	—	21.8	21.8	—	696.5	2.1	—	2.1	694.4	3.0	—	97.0
<b>Stillwater County</b>														
Square kilometers .....	4 648.4	—	—	—	—	—	4 648.4	8.9	8.9	—	4 639.4	—	—	100.0
Square miles .....	1 794.7	—	—	—	—	—	1 794.7	3.4	3.4	—	1 791.3	—	—	100.0
<b>Sweet Grass County</b>														
Square kilometers .....	4 804.9	—	—	—	—	—	4 804.9	2.1	2.1	—	4 802.8	—	—	100.0
Square miles .....	1 855.2	—	—	—	—	—	1 855.2	.8	.8	—	1 854.4	—	—	100.0
<b>Teton County</b>														
Square kilometers .....	5 886.0	—	—	—	—	—	5 886.0	4.9	3.3	1.6	5 881.1	—	—	100.0
Square miles .....	2 272.6	—	—	—	—	—	2 272.6	1.9	1.3	.6	2 270.7	—	—	100.0
<b>Toole County</b>														
Square kilometers .....	4 949.3	4.1	—	4.1	—	4.1	4 945.1	5.1	—	5.1	4 940.0	.1	—	99.9
Square miles .....	1 910.9	1.6	—	1.6	—	1.6	1 909.3	2.0	—	2.0	1 907.3	.1	—	99.9
<b>Treasure County</b>														
Square kilometers .....	2 535.4	—	—	—	—	—	2 535.4	.5	—	.5	2 534.8	—	—	100.0
Square miles .....	978.9	—	—	—	—	—	978.9	.2	—	.2	978.7	—	—	100.0
<b>Valley County</b>														
Square kilometers .....	12 745.2	3.6	—	3.6	—	3.6	12 741.6	9.1	—	9.1	12 732.4	—	—	100.0
Square miles .....	4 920.9	1.4	—	1.4	—	1.4	4 919.5	3.5	—	3.5	4 916.0	—	—	100.0
<b>Wheatland County</b>														
Square kilometers .....	3 686.0	—	—	—	—	—	3 686.0	2.5	1.5	1.0	3 683.6	—	—	100.0
Square miles .....	1 423.2	—	—	—	—	—	1 423.2	.9	.6	.4	1 422.2	—	—	100.0
<b>Wibaux County</b>														
Square kilometers .....	2 303.4	—	—	—	—	—	2 303.4	2.8	—	2.8	2 300.6	—	—	100.0
Square miles .....	889.3	—	—	—	—	—	889.3	1.1	—	1.1	888.3	—	—	100.0
<b>Yellowstone County</b>														
Square kilometers .....	6 825.2	121.9	117.1	4.8	—	4.8	6 703.3	.6	—	.6	6 702.7	1.8	1.7	98.2
Square miles .....	2 635.2	47.0	45.2	1.8	—	1.8	2 588.2	.2	—	.2	2 587.9	1.8	1.7	98.2
<b>Yellowstone National Park</b>														
Square kilometers .....	635.6	—	—	—	—	—	635.6	—	—	—	635.6	—	—	100.0
Square miles .....	245.4	—	—	—	—	—	245.4	—	—	—	245.4	—	—	100.0

Table 8. Population and Housing Units, 1970 to 1990; Area Measurements and Density: 1990

[For information concerning historical counts, see "User Notes." Density is computed using land area. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

State County County Subdivision Place	Population			Housing units			1990 area measurements				1990 density			
							Total area		Land area		Population per—		Housing units per—	
	1990	1980	1970	1990	1980	1970	Square kilometers	Square miles	Square kilometers	Square miles	Square kilometer	Square mile	Square kilometer	Square mile
The State -----	799 065	786 690	694 409	361 155	328 465	246 603	380 849.5	147 046.1	376 990.9	145 556.3	2.1	5.5	1.0	2.5
Beaverhead County   †-----	8 424	8 186	8 187	4 128	3 741	3 210	14 432.4	5 572.3	14 355.4	5 542.6	.6	1.5	.3	.7
Big Hole Basin division -----	631	740	720	506	443	410	4 289.9	1 656.3	4 281.8	1 653.2	.1	.4	.1	.3
Clark Canyon-Horse Prairie division -----	387	426	...	245	218	...	3 424.0	1 322.0	3 404.1	1 314.3	.1	.3	.1	.2
Dillon division -----	6 972	6 567	...	3 056	2 805	...	3 364.4	1 299.0	3 361.0	1 297.7	2.1	5.4	.9	2.4
Dillon city   †-----	3 991	3 976	4 548	1 804	1 697	1 675	4.0	1.6	4.0	1.6	997.8	2 494.4	451.0	1 127.5
Lima-Centennial Valley division -----	434	453	...	321	275	...	3 354.0	1 295.0	3 308.5	1 277.4	.1	.3	.1	.3
Lima town -----	265	272	351	170	163	156	1.4	.6	1.4	.6	189.3	441.7	121.4	283.3
Big Horn County   †-----	11 337	11 096	10 057	4 304	3 867	2 900	12 988.1	5 014.7	12 936.7	4 994.9	.9	2.3	.3	.9
Crow Reservation division -----	6 207	5 645	...	2 107	1 734	...	8 337.9	3 219.3	8 304.3	3 206.3	.7	1.9	.3	.7
Crow Agency CDP -----	1 446	...	...	361	...	...	17.0	6.6	17.0	6.6	85.1	219.1	21.2	54.7
Lodge Grass town -----	517	r499	806	176	r170	207	.6	.2	.6	.2	861.7	2 585.0	293.3	880.0
Pryor CDP   †-----	654	...	...	169	...	...	89.0	34.4	89.0	34.4	7.3	19.0	1.9	4.9
Hardin division -----	3 889	4 249	...	1 742	1 737	...	2 243.9	866.4	2 235.5	863.1	1.7	4.5	.8	2.0
Hardin city   †-----	2 940	3 300	2 733	1 303	1 360	990	3.5	1.3	3.5	1.3	840.0	2 261.5	372.3	1 002.3
Northern Cheyenne division -----	1 077	1 013	...	382	288	...	824.9	318.5	824.6	318.4	1.3	3.4	.5	1.2
Busby CDP -----	409	...	...	165	...	...	23.1	8.9	23.1	8.9	17.7	46.0	7.1	18.5
Muddy CDP -----	387	...	...	124	...	...	73.5	28.4	73.5	28.4	5.3	13.6	1.7	4.4
Tongue River division -----	164	189	...	73	108	...	1 581.4	610.6	1 572.3	607.1	.1	.3	—	.1
Blaine County   †-----	6 728	6 999	6 727	2 930	2 583	2 382	10 979.0	4 239.0	10 946.0	4 226.2	.6	1.6	.3	.7
Chinook division -----	2 810	3 172	3 263	1 440	1 377	1 261	5 833.9	2 252.5	5 810.8	2 243.5	.5	1.3	.2	.6
Chinook city -----	1 512	1 660	1 813	801	800	696	1.3	.5	1.3	.5	1 163.1	3 024.0	616.2	1 602.0
Fort Belknap division -----	2 319	1 854	1 312	763	438	330	2 024.6	781.7	2 019.0	779.5	1.1	3.0	.4	1.0
Fort Belknap CDP -----	422	...	...	157	...	...	1.6	.6	1.6	.6	263.8	703.3	98.1	261.7
Hays CDP -----	333	...	...	112	...	...	21.9	8.5	21.9	8.5	15.2	39.2	5.1	13.2
Harlem division -----	1 599	1 973	...	727	768	...	3 120.4	1 204.8	3 116.2	1 203.2	.5	1.3	.2	.6
Harlem city   †-----	882	1 023	1 094	391	400	391	1.1	.4	1.1	.4	801.8	2 205.0	355.5	977.5
Broadwater County   †-----	3 318	3 267	2 526	1 593	1 449	925	3 208.8	1 238.9	3 085.9	1 191.5	1.1	2.8	.5	1.3
Townsend East division -----	2 511	2 522	2 016	1 200	1 116	736	1 687.6	651.6	1 620.6	625.7	1.5	4.0	.7	1.9
Townsend city (pt.)   †-----	1 635	1 587	1 371	749	657	487	4.1	1.6	4.0	1.6	408.8	1 021.9	187.3	468.1
Townsend West division -----	807	745	510	393	333	189	1 521.3	587.4	1 465.4	565.8	.6	1.4	.3	.7
Townsend city (pt.)   †-----	—	...	...	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Carbon County   †-----	8 080	8 099	7 080	4 828	4 360	3 369	5 341.3	2 062.3	5 304.5	2 048.1	1.5	3.9	.9	2.4
Carbon East division -----	575	658	...	293	272	...	2 122.8	819.6	2 113.5	816.0	.3	.7	.1	.4
Fromberg-Bridger division -----	1 574	1 753	1 613	784	818	631	379.4	146.5	377.5	145.7	4.2	10.8	2.1	5.4
Bridger town -----	692	724	717	337	346	290	1.6	.6	1.6	.6	432.5	1 153.3	210.6	561.7
Fromberg town   †-----	370	469	364	215	204	142	1.2	.5	1.2	.5	308.3	740.0	179.2	430.0
Joliet division -----	1 868	1 782	1 384	862	795	535	511.8	197.6	507.2	195.8	3.7	9.5	1.7	4.4
Joliet town -----	522	580	412	276	274	191	.7	.3	.7	.3	745.7	1 740.0	394.3	920.0
Red Lodge division -----	3 252	3 082	...	2 429	2 036	...	1 793.8	692.6	1 776.0	685.7	1.8	4.7	1.4	3.5
Bearcreek town   †-----	37	61	31	25	30	21	.3	.1	.3	.1	123.3	370.0	83.3	250.0
Red Lodge city   †-----	1 958	1 896	1 844	1 248	1 100	994	5.3	2.1	5.3	2.1	369.4	932.4	235.5	594.3
Roberts division -----	811	824	753	460	439	317	533.4	205.9	530.4	204.8	1.5	4.0	.9	2.2
Carter County -----	1 503	1 799	1 956	816	795	761	8 672.4	3 348.4	8 649.8	3 339.7	.2	.5	.1	.2
Ekalaka division -----	881	1 100	1 135	505	489	465	2 662.2	1 027.9	2 658.9	1 026.6	.3	.9	.2	.5
Ekalaka town -----	439	620	663	294	313	292	2.7	1.0	2.7	1.0	162.6	439.0	108.9	294.0
Little Missouri division -----	622	699	821	311	306	296	6 010.2	2 320.5	5 990.9	2 313.1	.1	.3	.1	.1
Cascade County   †-----	77 691	80 696	81 804	33 063	32 199	27 190	7 023.4	2 711.7	6 987.9	2 698.0	11.1	28.8	4.7	12.3
Belt division -----	1 782	1 626	1 406	836	628	499	1 266.3	488.9	1 264.1	488.1	1.4	3.7	.7	1.7
Belt city -----	571	825	656	282	344	232	.9	.3	.9	.3	634.4	1 903.3	313.3	940.0
Cascade division -----	1 595	1 559	1 354	965	662	597	2 038.8	787.2	2 026.7	782.5	.8	2.0	.5	1.2
Cascade town   †-----	729	773	714	333	316	266	1.4	.5	1.4	.5	520.7	1 458.0	237.9	666.0
Eden-Stockett division -----	1 337	862	866	586	308	298	1 035.2	399.7	1 031.6	398.3	1.3	3.4	.6	1.5
Great Falls division -----	67 901	70 600	...	28 361	28 297	...	526.7	203.3	515.6	199.1	131.7	341.0	55.0	142.4
Great Falls city (pt.)   †-----	55 086	r56 423	60 091	24 152	r23 892	20 755	41.0	15.8	39.9	15.4	1 380.6	3 577.0	605.3	1 568.3
Malmstrom AFB CDP -----	5 938	6 675	8 374	1 496	1 566	1 691	5.1	2.0	5.1	2.0	1 164.3	2 969.0	293.3	748.0
Great Falls North division -----	2 299	2 514	...	836	824	...	767.4	296.3	761.1	293.9	3.0	7.8	1.1	2.8
Great Falls city (pt.)   †-----	11	461	...	5	164	...	.1	.1	.1	.1	110.0	110.0	50.0	50.0
Sun Prairie CDP -----	1 424	...	...	482	...	...	15.8	6.1	15.4	6.0	92.5	237.3	31.3	80.3
Monarch-Neihart division -----	174	277	260	452	427	328	659.9	254.8	659.9	254.8	.3	.7	.7	1.8
Neihart town -----	53	91	109	138	165	115	5.1	2.0	5.1	2.0	10.4	26.5	27.1	69.0
Sun River Valley division -----	2 603	3 258	2 558	1 027	1 053	787	729.2	281.5	728.8	281.4	3.6	9.3	1.4	3.6
Chouteau County -----	5 452	6 092	6 473	2 668	2 689	2 625	10 352.6	3 997.1	10 291.2	3 973.4	.5	1.4	.3	.7
Big Sandy division -----	1 694	1 998	2 127	839	854	821	3 671.6	1 417.6	3 653.1	1 410.5	.5	1.2	.2	.6
Big Sandy town -----	740	835	827	361	377	343	1.1	.4	1.1	.4	672.7	1 850.0	328.2	902.5
Fort Benton division -----	2 690	2 866	3 066	1 315	1 299	1 236	4 304.7	1 662.1	4 277.8	1 651.7	.6	1.6	.3	.8
Fort Benton city -----	1 660	1 693	1 863	745	724	696	5.4	2.1	5.4	2.1	307.4	790.5	138.0	354.8
Geraldine division -----	1 068	1 228	...	514	536	...	2 376.2	917.5	2 360.3	911.3	.5	1.2	.2	.6
Geraldine town -----	299	305	370	142	150	146	1.3	.5	1.3	.5	230.0	598.0	109.2	284.0

## POPULATION AND HOUSING UNIT COUNTS

## MONTANA 11

Table 8. Population and Housing Units, 1970 to 1990; Area Measurements and Density: 1990—Con.

[For information concerning historical counts, see "User Notes." Density is computed using land area. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

State County County Subdivision Place	Population			Housing units			1990 area measurements				1990 density			
							Total area		Land area		Population per—		Housing units per—	
	1990	1980	1970	1990	1980	1970	Square kilometers	Square miles	Square kilometers	Square miles	Square kilometer	Square mile	Square kilometer	Square mile
Custer County †	11 697	13 109	12 174	5 405	5 473	4 356	9 824.8	3 793.4	9 798.7	3 783.3	1.2	3.1	.6	1.4
Miles City division	10 606	11 846	...	4 869	4 991	...	679.3	262.3	669.4	258.5	15.8	41.0	7.3	18.8
Miles City city †	8 461	9 602	9 023	4 006	4 174	3 403	7.9	3.0	7.9	3.0	1 071.0	2 820.3	507.1	1 335.3
Mizzpah-Pumpkin division	430	511	...	231	203	...	5 138.6	1 984.0	5 132.1	1 981.5	.1	.2	—	.1
North Custer division	346	383	...	133	121	...	1 605.0	619.7	1 599.8	617.7	.2	.6	.1	.2
Shirley-Ismay division	315	369	...	172	158	...	2 402.0	927.4	2 397.4	925.6	.1	.3	.1	.2
Ismay town	19	31	40	21	20	15	1.1	.4	1.1	.4	17.3	47.5	19.1	52.5
Daniels County	2 266	2 835	3 083	1 220	1 303	1 281	3 694.8	1 426.6	3 693.7	1 426.1	.6	1.6	.3	.9
Daniels North division	2 172	2 709	...	1 172	1 227	...	3 109.5	1 200.6	3 108.7	1 200.3	.7	1.8	.4	1.0
Flaxville town	88	142	185	47	68	75	.3	.1	.3	.1	293.3	880.0	156.7	470.0
Scobey city	1 154	1 382	1 486	636	658	593	1.9	.7	1.9	.7	607.4	1 648.6	334.7	908.6
Fort Peck Reservation division	94	126	...	48	76	...	585.3	226.0	585.0	225.9	.2	.4	.1	.2
Dawson County †	9 505	11 805	11 269	4 487	4 637	3 755	6 172.6	2 383.2	6 146.8	2 373.3	1.5	4.0	.7	1.9
Dawson North division	1 141	1 552	...	672	699	...	3 605.3	1 392.0	3 598.8	1 389.5	.3	.8	.2	.5
Richey town †	259	417	389	177	172	152	.7	.3	.7	.3	370.0	863.3	252.9	590.0
Glendive division	8 364	10 253	...	3 815	3 938	...	2 567.3	991.2	2 548.0	983.8	3.3	8.5	1.5	3.9
Glendive city †	4 802	5 978	6 305	2 391	2 479	2 203	8.6	3.3	8.5	3.3	564.9	1 455.2	281.3	724.5
Deer Lodge County	10 278	12 518	15 652	4 830	5 199	5 150	1 919.9	741.3	1 908.7	736.9	5.4	13.9	2.5	6.6
Anaconda division	8 611	10 403	...	4 317	4 576	...	1 448.1	559.1	1 439.0	555.6	6.0	15.5	3.0	7.8
Anaconda-Deer Lodge County (pt.)	8 611	10 403	9 771	4 317	4 576	3 693	1 448.1	559.1	1 439.0	555.6	6.0	15.5	3.0	7.8
Deer Lodge Valley division	1 667	2 115	3 255	513	623	589	471.8	182.2	469.7	181.3	3.5	9.2	1.1	2.8
Anaconda-Deer Lodge County (pt.)	1 667	2 115	...	513	623	...	471.8	182.2	469.7	181.3	3.5	9.2	1.1	2.8
Fallon County	3 103	3 763	4 050	1 525	1 519	1 357	4 203.7	1 623.1	4 196.8	1 620.4	.7	1.9	.4	.9
Baker division	2 670	3 235	3 471	1 300	1 306	1 126	2 403.8	928.1	2 398.5	926.1	1.1	2.9	.5	1.4
Baker city	1 818	2 354	2 584	944	983	864	2.5	1.0	2.2	.9	826.4	2 020.0	429.1	1 048.9
Plevna division	433	528	579	225	213	231	1 800.0	695.0	1 798.2	694.3	.2	.6	.1	.3
Plevna town	140	191	189	85	84	88	1.2	.5	1.2	.5	116.7	280.0	70.8	170.0
Fergus County †	12 083	13 076	12 611	5 732	5 392	4 738	11 267.8	4 350.5	11 238.8	4 339.3	1.1	2.8	.5	1.3
Denton division	779	820	977	376	401	383	1 583.7	611.5	1 581.0	610.4	.5	1.3	.2	.6
Denton town	350	356	398	170	168	158	2.0	.8	2.0	.8	175.0	437.5	85.0	212.5
Grass Range division	637	617	721	373	265	251	2 019.2	779.6	2 017.9	779.1	.3	.8	.2	.5
Grass Range town †	159	139	181	107	82	65	.4	.2	.4	.2	397.5	795.0	267.5	535.0
Hanover division	719	765	899	287	284	297	1 544.5	596.3	1 542.7	595.6	.5	1.2	.2	.5
Lewistown division	9 219	10 046	...	4 288	4 062	...	2 050.4	791.7	2 049.3	791.2	4.5	11.7	2.1	5.4
Lewistown city †	6 051	7 104	6 437	2 867	2 942	2 539	4.6	1.8	4.6	1.8	1 315.4	3 361.7	623.3	1 592.8
Moore town	211	229	219	100	96	76	.6	.2	.6	.2	351.7	1 055.0	166.7	500.0
Roy division	353	405	437	205	187	179	2 253.9	870.2	2 246.0	867.2	.2	.4	.1	.2
Winifred division	376	423	492	203	193	189	1 816.1	701.2	1 802.0	695.8	.2	.5	.1	.3
Winifred town	150	155	190	89	79	80	1.3	.5	1.3	.5	115.4	300.0	68.5	178.0
Flathead County †	59 218	51 966	39 460	26 979	22 485	14 098	13 614.6	5 256.6	13 205.4	5 098.6	4.5	11.6	2.0	5.3
Bad Rock-Columbia Heights division	3 230	2 793	1 697	1 245	1 030	535	195.0	75.3	190.3	73.5	17.0	43.9	6.5	16.9
Columbia Falls division	6 142	6 566	...	2 624	2 519	...	1 544.4	596.3	1 538.5	594.0	4.0	10.3	1.7	4.4
Columbia Falls city †	2 942	3 112	2 652	1 227	1 171	845	3.2	1.2	3.2	1.2	919.4	2 451.7	383.4	1 022.5
Creston-Bigfork division	5 147	4 114	2 315	2 407	1 890	897	414.5	160.0	356.2	137.5	14.4	37.4	6.8	17.5
Glacier National Park division	98	105	153	114	148	88	2 574.6	994.1	2 508.9	968.7	—	.1	—	.1
Kalispell division	26 601	22 860	...	11 215	9 253	...	256.9	99.2	252.3	97.4	105.4	273.1	44.5	115.1
Evergreen CDP	4 109	3 746	...	1 635	1 373	...	8.5	3.3	8.5	3.3	483.4	1 245.2	192.4	495.5
Kalispell city †	11 917	10 689	10 526	5 537	4 796	3 955	11.4	4.4	11.4	4.4	1 045.4	2 708.4	485.7	1 258.4
Kalispell Northwest division	2 514	1 939	...	1 082	760	...	1 039.3	401.3	1 021.0	394.2	2.5	6.4	1.1	2.7
Kalispell Southwest division	1 407	2 700	...	761	1 511	...	1 472.9	568.7	1 448.6	559.3	1.0	2.5	.4	1.4
Lower Valley-Somers division	2 632	1 183	...	1 468	493	...	344.3	132.9	246.0	95.0	10.7	27.7	6.0	15.5
South Fork division	1 957	2 000	1 759	1 304	1 400	772	4 583.4	1 769.6	4 476.1	1 728.2	.4	1.1	.3	.8
Whitefish division	9 490	17 706	...	4 759	4 481	...	1 189.3	459.2	1 167.7	450.8	8.1	21.1	4.1	10.6
Whitefish city †	4 368	43 703	3 349	2 259	4 699	1 225	7.8	3.0	7.8	3.0	560.0	1 456.0	289.6	753.0
Gallatin County †	50 463	42 865	32 505	21 350	17 173	10 761	6 559.8	2 532.7	6 492.8	2 506.9	7.8	20.1	3.3	8.5
Belgrade division	9 060	5 884	...	3 464	2 305	...	1 852.4	715.2	1 850.7	714.6	4.9	12.7	1.9	4.8
Belgrade city †	3 411	2 336	1 307	1 290	865	422	3.4	1.3	3.4	1.3	1 003.2	2 623.8	379.4	992.3
Bozeman division	31 218	28 604	...	12 483	10 555	...	686.1	264.9	685.7	264.7	45.5	117.9	18.2	47.2
Bozeman city †	22 660	21 645	18 670	9 117	7 971	5 736	25.3	9.8	25.3	9.8	895.7	2 312.2	360.4	930.3
Gallatin Gateway division	2 807	1 949	...	1 116	791	...	602.1	232.5	600.4	231.8	4.7	12.1	1.9	4.8
Manhattan division	3 461	3 057	2 448	1 167	1 167	777	465.9	179.9	464.7	179.4	7.4	19.3	2.7	7.1
Manhattan town †	1 034	988	816	417	402	296	1.5	.6	1.5	.6	689.3	1 723.3	278.0	695.0
Three Forks division	1 951	1 997	1 839	893	857	685	764.2	295.0	755.5	291.7	2.6	6.7	1.2	3.1
Three Forks town †	1 203	1 247	1 188	549	553	446	3.2	1.2	3.1	1.2	388.1	1 002.5	177.1	457.5
West Yellowstone division	1 966	1 374	1 099	2 117	1 498	842	2 189.2	845.3	2 135.8	824.6	.9	2.4	1.0	2.6
West Yellowstone town	913	735	756	675	433	354	1.8	.7	1.8	.7	507.2	1 304.3	375.0	964.3
Garfield County †	1 589	1 656	1 796	924	868	732	12 555.4	4 847.7	12 090.6	4 668.2	.1	.3	.1	.2
North Garfield division	1 115	1 204	1 309	717	688	564	7 006.3	2 705.1	6 548.5	2 528.4	.2	.4	.1	.3
Jordan town †	494	485	529	258	241	241	.9	.4	.9	.4	548.9	1 235.0	286.7	645.0
South Garfield division	474	452	487	207	180	168	5 549.1	2 142.5	5 542.1	2 139.8	.1	.2	—	.1



## 12 MONTANA

## POPULATION AND HOUSING UNIT COUNTS

Table 8. Population and Housing Units, 1970 to 1990; Area Measurements and Density: 1990—Con.

[For information concerning historical counts, see "User Notes." Density is computed using land area. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

State County County Subdivision Place	Population			Housing units			1990 area measurements				1990 density				
							Total area		Land area		Population per—		Housing units per—		
	1990	1980	1970	1990	1980	1970	Square kilometers	Square miles	Square kilometers	Square miles	Square kilometer	Square mile	Square kilometer	Square mile	
Glacier County † -----	12 121	10 628	10 783	4 797	4 002	3 458	7 866.2	3 037.1	7 756.4	2 994.7	1.6	4.0	.6	1.6	
Blackfeet division -----	7 863	6 039	...	2 801	2 024	...	5 555.2	2 144.9	5 495.0	2 121.6	1.4	3.7	.5	1.3	
Browning town -----	1 170	1 226	1 700	421	420	491	...	.7	...	...	1 671.4	3 900.0	601.4	1 403.3	
East Glacier Park Village CDP -----	326	...	...	198	...	...	11.3	4.4	11.3	4.4	28.8	74.1	17.5	45.0	
North Browning CDP -----	1 630	...	...	485	...	...	8.5	3.3	8.5	3.3	191.8	493.9	57.1	147.0	
South Browning CDP -----	1 748	...	...	493	...	...	5.4	2.1	5.2	2.0	336.2	874.0	94.8	246.5	
Starr School CDP -----	260	...	...	76	...	...	10.6	4.1	10.6	4.1	24.5	63.4	7.2	18.5	
Cut Bank division -----	4 223	4 540	...	1 877	1 906	...	670.9	259.0	665.2	256.9	6.3	16.4	2.8	7.3	
Cut Bank city † -----	3 329	3 688	4 004	1 532	1 577	1 445	...	2.5	1.0	...	1 331.6	3 329.0	612.8	1 532.0	
Glacier National Park division -----	35	49	...	119	72	...	1 640.0	633.2	1 596.2	616.3	—	.1	.1	.2	
Golden Valley County † -----	912	1 026	931	432	472	366	3 046.9	1 176.4	3 044.1	1 175.3	.3	.8	.1	.4	
Lavina division -----	383	438	...	209	225	...	2 111.9	815.4	2 109.3	814.4	.2	.5	.1	.3	
Lavina town -----	151	164	169	86	91	75	...	2.6	1.0	...	58.1	151.0	33.1	86.0	
Ryegate division -----	529	588	...	223	247	...	935.1	361.0	934.8	360.9	.6	1.5	.2	.6	
Ryegate town † -----	260	273	261	127	131	115	...	1.8	.7	...	144.4	371.4	70.6	181.4	
Granite County † -----	2 548	2 700	2 737	1 924	1 635	1 345	4 488.9	1 733.2	4 474.3	1 727.5	.6	1.5	.4	1.1	
Drummond division -----	1 103	1 092	1 141	644	534	438	1 964.3	758.4	1 962.7	757.8	.6	1.5	.3	.8	
Drummond town † -----	264	414	494	154	188	208	...	1.5	.6	...	176.0	440.0	102.7	256.7	
Philipsburg division -----	1 445	1 608	1 596	1 280	1 101	907	2 524.6	974.8	2 511.6	969.7	.6	1.5	.5	1.3	
Philipsburg town † -----	925	1 138	1 128	487	505	421	...	2.1	.8	...	440.5	1 156.3	231.9	608.8	
Hill County † -----	17 654	17 985	17 358	7 345	7 194	5 843	7 552.6	2 916.1	7 501.6	2 896.4	2.4	6.1	1.0	2.5	
Gilford division -----	901	910	...	416	487	...	2 000.9	772.5	1 978.8	764.0	.5	1.2	.2	.5	
Hingham town -----	181	186	262	88	102	95	...	.4	.2	...	452.5	905.0	220.0	440.0	
Havre division -----	13 245	13 738	...	5 623	5 512	...	845.9	326.6	845.0	326.2	15.7	40.6	6.7	17.2	
Havre city † -----	10 201	10 891	10 558	4 346	4 433	3 586	...	6.4	2.5	...	1 593.9	4 080.4	679.1	1 738.4	
Havre North CDP -----	1 110	1 230	1 073	491	456	347	...	9.1	3.5	...	122.0	317.1	54.0	140.3	
Rocky Boy division -----	2 012	1 778	...	603	503	...	594.7	229.6	593.7	229.2	3.4	8.8	1.0	2.6	
Rudyard division -----	780	998	...	435	460	...	1 873.6	723.4	1 869.6	721.8	.4	1.1	.2	.6	
Wild Horse Lake division -----	716	561	...	268	232	...	2 237.5	863.9	2 214.6	855.0	.3	.8	.1	.3	
Jefferson County † -----	7 939	7 029	5 238	3 302	2 867	1 566	4 296.5	1 658.9	4 290.9	1 656.7	1.9	4.8	.8	2.0	
Boulder division -----	5 250	4 518	3 350	2 134	1 839	894	2 473.3	954.9	2 472.6	954.7	2.1	5.5	.9	2.2	
Boulder town -----	1 316	1 441	1 342	521	534	331	...	2.8	1.1	...	470.0	1 196.4	186.1	473.6	
Whitehall division -----	2 689	2 511	1 888	1 168	1 028	672	1 823.3	704.0	1 818.3	702.0	1.5	3.8	.6	1.7	
Whitehall town † -----	1 067	1 030	1 035	502	489	393	...	1.8	.7	...	592.8	1 524.3	278.9	717.1	
Judith Basin County -----	2 282	2 646	2 667	1 346	1 360	1 115	4 845.2	1 870.7	4 843.0	1 869.9	.5	1.2	.3	.7	
Geyser division -----	497	542	644	288	299	272	1 424.3	549.9	1 423.9	549.8	.3	.9	.2	.5	
Hobson division -----	819	920	960	553	503	375	2 531.0	977.2	2 529.5	976.6	.3	.8	.2	.6	
Hobson town -----	226	261	192	119	118	90	...	.7	.3	...	322.9	753.3	170.0	396.7	
Stanford division -----	966	1 184	1 063	505	558	468	889.9	343.6	889.6	343.5	1.1	2.8	.6	1.5	
Stanford town -----	529	595	505	269	285	216	...	1.1	.4	...	480.9	1 322.5	244.5	672.5	
Lake County † -----	21 041	19 056	14 445	10 972	9 038	5 927	4 283.2	1 653.8	3 869.0	1 493.8	5.4	14.1	2.8	7.3	
Big Fork-Swan River division -----	2 146	1 998	...	1 788	1 332	...	1 368.5	528.4	1 247.7	481.7	1.7	4.5	1.4	3.7	
Charlo division -----	1 167	1 242	1 111	495	462	350	...	240.4	92.8	233.5	90.2	5.0	12.9	2.1	5.5
Charlo CDP -----	358	...	...	150	...	...	...	5.2	2.0	...	68.8	179.0	28.8	75.0	
Polson division -----	7 995	7 492	...	4 960	4 235	...	1 421.2	548.7	1 146.4	442.6	7.0	18.1	4.3	11.2	
Finley Point CDP -----	395	...	...	540	...	...	...	29.3	11.3	10.9	36.2	94.0	49.5	128.6	
Polson city † -----	3 283	2 798	2 464	1 565	1 343	962	...	4.7	1.8	...	698.5	1 823.9	333.0	869.4	
Ronan division -----	6 140	4 875	...	2 285	1 752	...	525.8	203.0	518.4	200.1	11.8	30.7	4.4	11.4	
Kicking Horse CDP -----	281	...	...	19	...	...	...	9.2	3.6	2.5	43.2	112.4	2.9	7.6	
Pablo CDP -----	1 298	...	...	501	...	...	...	12.6	4.9	12.6	4.9	103.0	264.9	39.8	102.2
Ronan city † -----	1 547	1 530	1 347	710	683	511	...	2.8	1.1	...	552.5	1 406.4	253.6	645.5	
St. Ignatius division -----	3 593	3 449	2 797	1 444	1 257	863	727.3	280.8	723.1	279.2	5.0	12.9	2.0	5.2	
Arlee CDP -----	489	...	...	218	...	...	...	16.8	6.5	...	29.1	75.2	13.0	33.5	
St. Ignatius town † -----	778	877	925	332	345	289	...	1.3	.5	...	598.5	1 556.0	255.4	664.0	
Lewis and Clark County † -----	47 495	43 039	33 281	21 412	18 571	12 359	9 058.9	3 497.6	8 964.1	3 461.0	5.3	13.7	2.4	6.2	
Augusta division -----	834	847	854	535	578	422	3 466.0	1 338.2	3 445.9	1 330.5	.2	.6	.2	.4	
Helena division -----	42 583	38 853	...	17 935	15 847	...	827.7	319.6	798.7	308.4	53.3	138.1	22.5	58.2	
East Helena town † -----	1 538	1 647	1 651	644	659	524	...	2.1	.8	...	732.4	1 922.5	306.7	805.0	
Helena city † -----	24 569	23 938	22 730	11 053	10 241	8 048	...	35.0	13.5	...	702.0	1 819.9	315.8	818.7	
Helena Valley Northeast CDP (pt.) -----	1 169	...	...	356	...	...	...	76.4	29.5	...	17.7	45.8	5.4	14.0	
Helena Valley Northwest CDP (pt.) -----	5	...	...	1	...	...	...	.7	.3	...	7.1	16.7	1.4	3.3	
Helena Valley Southeast CDP -----	4 601	...	...	1 643	...	...	...	42.1	16.3	...	109.3	282.3	39.0	100.8	
Helena Valley West Central CDP -----	6 327	...	...	2 281	...	...	...	70.2	27.1	...	90.1	233.5	32.5	84.2	
Helena West Side CDP -----	1 847	...	...	752	...	...	...	38.2	14.7	...	48.5	125.6	19.7	51.2	
Lincoln division -----	2 873	2 234	...	1 756	1 279	...	2 829.1	1 092.3	2 826.2	1 091.2	1.0	2.6	.6	1.6	
Helena Valley Northwest CDP (pt.) -----	1 210	...	...	433	...	...	...	42.8	16.5	...	28.3	73.3	10.1	26.2	
Wolf Creek division -----	1 205	1 105	...	1 186	867	...	1 936.0	747.5	1 893.4	731.0	.6	1.6	.6	1.6	
Helena Valley Northeast CDP (pt.) -----	416	...	...	161	...	...	...	49.7	19.2	...	8.6	22.4	3.3	8.7	

## POPULATION AND HOUSING UNIT COUNTS

## MONTANA 13

Table 8. Population and Housing Units, 1970 to 1990; Area Measurements and Density: 1990—Con.

[For information concerning historical counts, see "User Notes." Density is computed using land area. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

State County County Subdivision Place	Population			Housing units			1990 area measurements				1990 density			
							Total area		Land area		Population per—		Housing units per—	
	1990	1980	1970	1990	1980	1970	Square kilometers	Square miles	Square kilometers	Square miles	Square kilometer	Square mile	Square kilometer	Square mile
Liberty County -----	2 295	2 329	2 359	1 007	1 154	792	3 748.2	1 447.2	3 703.2	1 429.8	.6	1.6	.3	.7
Chester division -----	1 799	1 839	1 851	785	916	604	2 948.6	1 138.5	2 904.5	1 121.4	.6	1.6	.3	.7
Chester town -----	942	963	936	470	462	329	1.2	.5	1.2	.5	785.0	1 884.0	391.7	940.0
Joplin division -----	496	490	508	222	238	188	799.6	308.7	798.7	308.4	.6	1.6	.3	.7
Lincoln County † -----	17 481	17 752	18 063	8 002	7 018	5 907	9 518.8	3 675.2	9 357.1	3 612.8	1.9	4.8	.9	2.2
Eureka division -----	4 187	3 727	3 558	2 062	1 500	1 198	2 318.7	895.2	2 243.7	866.3	1.9	4.8	.9	2.4
Eureka town -----	1 043	1 119	1 195	491	459	398	2.6	1.0	2.6	1.0	401.2	1 043.0	188.8	491.0
Rexford town -----	132	130	243	60	46	85	.3	.1	.3	.1	440.0	1 320.0	200.0	600.0
Libby division -----	10 148	10 960	12 045	4 432	4 198	3 771	4 483.8	1 731.2	4 411.1	1 703.1	2.3	6.0	1.0	2.6
Libby city † -----	2 532	2 748	3 286	1 141	1 114	1 065	2.9	1.1	2.9	1.1	873.1	2 301.8	393.4	1 037.3
Troy division -----	3 146	3 065	2 460	1 508	1 320	938	2 716.3	1 048.8	2 702.4	1 043.4	1.2	3.0	.6	1.4
Troy city -----	953	1 088	1 046	409	421	399	1.4	.5	1.4	.5	680.7	1 906.0	292.1	818.0
McCone County † -----	2 276	2 702	2 875	1 161	1 121	1 055	6 948.6	2 682.8	6 844.3	2 642.6	.3	.9	.2	.4
Circle division -----	1 504	1 766	...	724	749	...	3 082.6	1 190.2	3 058.9	1 181.0	.5	1.3	.2	.6
Circle town † -----	805	931	964	399	419	344	2.0	.8	2.0	.8	402.5	1 006.3	199.5	498.8
North McCone division -----	772	936	...	437	372	...	3 866.0	1 492.6	3 785.4	1 461.6	.2	.5	.1	.3
Madison County -----	5 989	5 448	5 014	3 902	2 741	2 141	9 331.6	3 602.9	9 289.4	3 586.6	.6	1.7	.4	1.1
Harrison division -----	828	762	800	481	422	402	1 309.0	505.4	1 303.6	503.3	.6	1.6	.4	1.0
Madison Valley division -----	2 018	1 466	1 179	1 532	771	571	3 591.5	1 386.7	3 559.7	1 374.4	.6	1.5	.4	1.1
Ennis town -----	773	660	501	395	314	259	1.8	.7	1.8	.7	429.4	1 104.3	219.4	564.3
Sheridan division -----	1 524	1 525	1 337	804	690	558	925.3	357.3	923.7	356.6	1.6	4.3	.9	2.3
Sheridan town -----	652	646	636	344	295	275	2.8	1.1	2.8	1.1	232.9	592.7	122.9	312.7
Twin Bridges division -----	1 351	1 437	1 437	787	655	481	1 526.2	589.3	1 525.6	589.0	.9	2.3	.5	1.3
Twin Bridges town -----	374	437	613	232	233	204	2.5	1.0	2.5	1.0	149.6	374.0	92.8	232.0
Virginia City division -----	268	308	261	298	203	129	1 979.5	764.3	1 976.7	763.2	.1	.4	.2	.4
Virginia City town -----	142	192	149	124	123	83	2.4	.9	2.4	.9	59.2	157.8	51.7	137.8
Meagher County -----	1 819	2 154	2 122	1 259	1 201	1 043	6 202.7	2 394.9	6 194.9	2 391.9	.3	.8	.2	.5
Martinsdale-Ringling division -----	343	377	...	367	287	...	2 629.6	1 015.3	2 625.4	1 013.7	.1	.3	.1	.4
White Sulphur Springs division -----	1 476	1 777	...	892	914	...	3 573.1	1 379.6	3 569.5	1 378.2	.4	1.1	.2	.6
White Sulphur Springs city -----	963	1 302	1 200	512	574	510	2.1	.8	2.1	.8	458.6	1 203.8	243.8	640.0
Mineral County † -----	3 315	3 675	2 958	1 635	1 646	1 083	3 168.7	1 223.4	3 159.5	1 219.9	1.0	2.7	.5	1.3
Alberton division -----	537	587	600	270	292	209	771.0	297.7	768.6	296.8	.7	1.8	.4	.9
Alberton town -----	354	368	363	145	179	135	1.5	.6	1.5	.6	236.0	590.0	96.7	241.7
Superior division -----	1 816	2 126	1 580	817	897	572	1 237.9	478.0	1 233.4	476.2	1.5	3.8	.7	1.7
Superior town † -----	881	1 054	993	386	442	362	3.1	1.2	2.8	1.1	314.6	800.9	137.9	350.9
West End division -----	962	962	778	548	457	302	1 159.8	447.8	1 157.4	446.9	.8	2.2	.5	1.2
Missoula County † -----	78 687	76 016	58 263	33 466	30 534	18 891	6 781.6	2 618.4	6 729.4	2 598.2	11.7	30.3	5.0	12.9
Frenchtown-Evaro division -----	4 375	3 665	1 547	1 704	1 303	433	1 038.3	400.9	1 034.8	399.5	4.2	11.0	1.6	4.3
Lolo division -----	5 794	4 871	1 747	2 117	1 669	500	1 367.1	527.8	1 363.4	526.4	4.2	11.0	1.6	4.0
Lolo CDP -----	2 746	2 418	...	953	799	...	25.1	9.7	24.6	9.5	111.6	289.1	38.7	100.3
Missoula division -----	65 984	65 476	...	27 727	26 200	...	1 479.5	571.2	1 473.6	569.0	44.8	116.0	18.8	48.7
Bonner-West Riverside CDP -----	1 669	1 742	...	705	688	...	4.0	1.5	3.8	1.4	439.2	1 192.1	185.5	503.6
Missoula city † -----	42 918	r33 351	29 497	18 488	r14 528	10 313	43.2	16.7	43.1	16.6	995.8	2 585.4	429.0	1 113.7
Orchard Homes CDP -----	10 317	10 837	...	4 339	4 230	...	21.4	8.3	21.0	8.1	491.3	1 273.7	206.6	535.7
Seeley Lake-Blackfoot Valley division -----	2 534	2 004	1 201	1 918	1 362	556	2 896.7	1 118.4	2 857.5	1 103.3	.9	2.3	.7	1.7
Musselshell County -----	4 106	4 428	3 734	2 183	2 039	1 577	4 845.7	1 870.9	4 836.0	1 867.2	.8	2.2	.5	1.2
Klein division -----	1 002	988	411	549	432	160	1 032.8	398.7	1 032.6	398.7	1.0	2.5	.5	1.4
Melstone division -----	584	656	623	287	242	242	1 580.7	610.3	1 580.0	610.0	.4	1.0	.2	.5
Melstone town -----	166	238	227	88	85	87	1.8	.7	1.8	.7	92.2	237.1	48.9	125.7
Roundup division -----	2 520	2 784	...	1 347	1 365	...	2 232.3	861.9	2 223.4	858.4	1.1	2.9	.6	1.6
Roundup city -----	1 808	2 119	2 116	1 006	1 078	949	3.5	1.3	3.5	1.3	516.6	1 390.8	287.4	773.8
Park County † -----	14 562	r12 869	11 197	6 926	r6 074	4 648	6 906.8	2 666.7	6 879.5	2 656.2	2.1	5.5	1.0	2.6
Gardiner-Cooke division -----	1 845	r1 069	845	974	r726	467	1 927.0	744.0	1 914.4	739.1	1.0	2.5	.5	1.3
Shields Valley division -----	1 585	1 471	...	716	649	...	2 062.5	796.3	2 057.5	794.4	.8	2.0	.3	.9
Clyde Park town -----	282	283	244	130	119	82	1.1	.4	1.1	.4	256.4	705.0	118.2	325.0
Upper Yellowstone Valley division -----	11 132	10 329	...	5 236	4 699	...	2 917.4	1 126.4	2 907.6	1 122.6	3.8	9.9	1.8	4.7
Livingston city † -----	6 701	6 994	6 883	3 137	3 120	2 815	6.4	2.5	6.4	2.5	1 047.0	2 680.4	490.2	1 254.8
Petroleum County -----	519	655	675	293	306	269	4 335.8	1 674.0	4 283.7	1 653.9	.1	.3	.1	.2
Winnett North division -----	155	189	457	86	84	195	2 734.7	1 055.9	2 688.6	1 038.1	.1	.1	—	.1
Winnett town (pt.) -----	—	—	271	—	—	122	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Winnett South division -----	364	466	218	207	222	74	1 601.1	618.2	1 595.1	615.9	.2	.6	.1	.3
Winnett town (pt.) -----	188	207	...	114	116	...	2.5	1.0	2.5	1.0	75.2	188.0	45.6	114.0
Phillips County † -----	5 163	5 367	5 386	2 765	2 514	2 153	13 499.6	5 212.2	13 312.3	5 139.9	.4	1.0	.2	.5
Belknap division -----	189	206	...	91	54	...	495.8	191.4	490.7	189.4	.4	1.0	.2	.5
Malta division -----	4 049	4 242	...	2 098	2 001	...	4 919.9	1 899.6	4 861.3	1 877.0	.8	2.2	.4	1.1
Dodson town -----	137	158	196	73	79	81	.5	.2	.5	.2	274.0	685.0	146.0	365.0
Malta city † -----	2 340	2 367	2 195	1 144	1 030	875	2.7	1.1	2.7	1.1	866.7	2 127.3	423.7	1 040.0
Saco town -----	261	252	356	145	149	154	.8	.3	.8	.3	326.3	870.0	181.3	483.3
Phillips South division -----	394	390	...	301	235	...	4 562.4	1 761.6	4 450.2	1 718.2	.1	.2	.1	.2
Whitewater division -----	531	529	...	275	224	...	3 521.5	1 359.7	3 510.2	1 355.3	.2	.4	.1	.2

Table 8. Population and Housing Units, 1970 to 1990; Area Measurements and Density: 1990—Con.

[For information concerning historical counts, see "User Notes." Density is computed using land area. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

State County County Subdivision Place	Population			Housing units			1990 area measurements				1990 density			
							Total area		Land area		Population per—		Housing units per—	
	1990	1980	1970	1990	1980	1970	Square kilometers	Square miles	Square kilometers	Square miles	Square kilometer	Square mile	Square kilometer	Square mile
Pondera County    † -----	6 433	6 731	6 611	2 618	2 702	2 267	4 247.2	1 639.8	4 207.9	1 624.7	1.5	4.0	.6	1.6
Blackfeet East division -----	99	148	...	33	38	...	362.4	139.9	350.8	135.5	.3	.7	.1	.2
Blackfeet West division -----	587	473	...	170	129	...	299.4	115.6	295.5	114.1	2.0	5.1	.6	1.5
Heart Butte CDP -----	499	...	...	129	...	...	11.7	4.5	11.7	4.5	42.6	110.9	11.0	28.7
Conrad division -----	4 219	4 522	...	1 863	1 885	...	1 948.3	752.2	1 945.6	751.2	2.2	5.6	1.0	2.5
Conrad city -----	2 891	3 074	2 770	1 257	1 294	977	3.0	1.2	3.0	1.2	963.7	2 409.2	419.0	1 047.5
Valier-Dupuyer division -----	1 528	1 588	...	552	650	...	1 637.1	632.1	1 616.0	623.9	.9	2.4	.3	.9
Valier town    † -----	519	640	651	273	276	229	3.0	1.2	3.0	1.2	173.0	432.5	91.0	227.5
Powder River County -----	2 090	2 520	2 862	1 096	1 123	962	8 541.9	3 298.0	8 539.9	3 297.3	.2	.6	.1	.3
Broadus division -----	1 080	1 321	1 442	561	612	507	1 644.8	635.0	1 644.4	634.9	.7	1.7	.3	.9
Broadus town -----	572	712	799	304	336	294	.8	.3	.8	.3	715.0	1 906.7	380.0	1 013.3
East Powder River division -----	606	725	928	294	303	282	3 318.2	1 281.2	3 317.2	1 280.8	.2	.5	.1	.2
Otter division -----	404	474	...	241	208	...	3 578.9	1 381.8	3 578.3	1 381.6	.1	.3	.1	.2
Powell County    † -----	6 620	6 958	6 660	2 835	2 830	2 453	6 041.7	2 332.7	6 024.3	2 326.0	1.1	2.8	.5	1.2
Avon-Eliston division -----	869	1 002	1 018	465	480	447	1 927.2	744.1	1 925.9	743.6	.5	1.2	.2	.6
Deer Lodge division -----	5 234	5 473	...	1 962	2 008	...	810.0	312.8	807.9	311.9	6.5	16.8	2.4	6.3
Deer Lodge city    † -----	3 378	4 023	4 306	1 592	1 674	1 482	3.7	1.4	3.7	1.4	913.0	2 412.9	430.3	1 137.1
Helmville division -----	517	483	...	408	342	...	3 304.5	1 275.9	3 290.4	1 270.4	.2	.4	.1	.3
Prairie County -----	1 383	1 836	1 752	749	808	706	4 513.4	1 742.6	4 497.8	1 736.6	.3	.8	.2	.4
Terry North division -----	224	270	259	95	112	84	2 626.7	1 014.2	2 618.1	1 010.8	.1	.2	—	.1
Terry South division -----	1 159	1 566	1 493	654	696	622	1 886.7	728.5	1 879.7	725.8	.6	1.6	.3	.9
Terry town -----	659	929	870	414	409	383	1.8	.7	1.8	.7	366.1	941.4	230.0	591.4
Ravalli County    † -----	25 010	22 493	14 409	11 099	9 133	5 333	6 217.0	2 400.4	6 201.2	2 394.3	4.0	10.4	1.8	4.6
Darby division -----	1 657	1 718	...	773	746	...	597.2	230.6	591.3	228.3	2.8	7.3	1.3	3.4
Darby town    † -----	625	...	538	304	278	198	1.2	.5	1.2	.5	520.8	1 250.0	253.3	608.0
Hamilton division -----	12 843	11 467	...	5 648	4 736	...	1 799.9	694.9	1 798.0	694.2	7.1	18.5	3.1	8.1
Hamilton city    † -----	2 737	2 661	2 499	1 476	1 372	1 116	4.6	1.8	4.6	1.8	595.0	1 520.6	320.9	820.0
Pinesdale town    † -----	670	...	...	121	...	...	3.4	1.3	3.4	1.3	197.1	515.4	35.6	93.1
Stevensville division -----	7 763	6 516	...	3 059	2 333	...	956.2	369.2	953.6	368.2	8.1	21.1	3.2	8.3
Stevensville town -----	1 221	1 207	829	512	496	343	1.3	.5	1.3	.5	939.2	2 442.0	393.8	1 024.0
Sula-Edwards division -----	1 001	950	...	805	569	...	2 566.3	990.9	2 561.9	989.2	.4	1.0	.3	.8
Victor division -----	1 746	1 842	...	814	749	...	297.4	114.8	296.5	114.5	5.9	15.2	2.7	7.1
Richland County    † -----	10 716	12 243	9 837	4 825	4 690	3 514	5 447.0	2 103.1	5 398.0	2 084.2	2.0	5.1	.9	2.3
Fairview division -----	1 662	2 267	...	814	893	...	2 132.7	823.4	2 111.8	815.4	.8	2.0	.4	1.0
Fairview city -----	869	1 366	956	441	536	360	2.5	1.0	2.5	1.0	347.6	869.0	176.4	441.0
Lambert division -----	655	753	...	284	279	...	1 851.4	714.8	1 845.4	712.5	.4	.9	.2	.4
Savage-Crane division -----	1 170	1 341	...	565	499	...	1 162.9	449.0	1 147.9	443.2	1.0	2.6	.5	1.3
Sidney division -----	7 229	7 882	...	3 162	3 019	...	300.1	115.9	292.8	113.1	24.7	63.9	10.8	28.0
Sidney city    † -----	5 217	5 726	4 543	2 363	2 303	1 637	5.8	2.2	5.8	2.2	899.5	2 371.4	407.4	1 074.1
Roosevelt County -----	10 999	10 467	10 365	4 265	3 809	3 386	6 137.5	2 369.7	6 101.1	2 355.7	1.8	4.7	.7	1.8
East Roosevelt division -----	1 782	2 134	...	878	906	...	1 595.6	616.1	1 581.2	610.5	1.1	2.9	.6	1.4
Bainville town -----	165	245	...	97	103	82	2.7	1.0	2.7	1.0	61.1	165.0	35.9	97.0
Culbertson town -----	796	887	821	370	382	298	1.5	.6	1.5	.6	530.7	1 326.7	246.7	616.7
Froid town -----	195	323	330	133	143	133	.7	.3	.7	.3	278.6	650.0	190.0	443.3
Fort Peck Reservation division -----	9 217	8 333	...	3 387	2 903	...	4 541.9	1 753.6	4 520.0	1 745.2	2.0	5.3	.7	1.9
Brookton town -----	365	374	401	99	92	89	.5	.2	.5	.2	730.0	1 825.0	198.0	495.0
Poplar city -----	881	995	1 389	390	391	435	.7	.3	.7	.3	1 258.6	2 936.7	557.1	1 300.0
Wolf Point city -----	2 880	3 074	3 095	1 236	1 252	1 085	2.3	.9	2.3	.9	1 252.2	3 200.0	537.4	1 373.3
Rosebud County    † -----	10 505	9 899	6 032	4 251	3 787	2 055	13 019.8	5 027.0	12 982.1	5 012.4	.8	2.1	.3	.8
Ashland division -----	491	564	...	244	248	...	1 165.4	450.0	1 165.2	449.9	.4	1.1	.2	.5
Ashland CDP (pt.) -----	—	...	...	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Forsyth division -----	2 811	3 516	...	1 250	1 472	...	820.8	316.9	815.3	314.8	3.4	8.9	1.5	4.0
Forsyth city -----	2 178	2 553	1 873	990	1 053	768	2.9	1.1	2.9	1.1	751.0	1 980.0	341.4	900.0
Northern Cheyenne division -----	2 846	2 651	...	909	758	...	981.1	378.8	981.0	378.8	2.9	7.5	.9	2.4
Ashland CDP (pt.) -----	484	...	...	156	...	...	19.5	7.5	19.5	7.5	24.8	64.5	8.0	20.8
Larne Deer CDP -----	1 918	...	...	610	...	...	143.9	55.6	143.9	55.6	13.3	34.5	4.2	11.0
North of the Yellowstone division    † -----	677	...	...	384	...	...	6 938.8	2 679.1	6 911.8	2 668.7	.1	.3	.1	.1
Rosebud division -----	3 680	3 168	...	1 464	1 309	...	3 113.7	1 202.2	3 108.8	1 200.3	1.2	3.1	.5	1.2
Colstrip CDP -----	3 035	1 476	...	1 178	475	...	15.5	6.0	14.8	5.7	205.1	532.5	79.6	206.7
Sanders County    † -----	8 669	8 675	7 093	4 335	3 843	2 833	7 226.6	2 790.2	7 154.3	2 762.3	1.2	3.1	.6	1.6
Flathead division -----	1 638	1 887	1 907	933	829	930	1 873.2	723.2	1 859.5	718.0	.9	2.3	.5	1.3
Hot Springs town -----	411	601	664	385	340	470	.8	.3	.8	.3	513.8	1 370.0	481.3	1 283.3
Plains division -----	2 536	2 553	1 938	1 268	1 131	697	2 332.9	900.7	2 319.1	895.4	1.1	2.8	.5	1.4
Plains town -----	992	1 116	1 046	468	465	372	1.5	.6	1.5	.6	661.3	1 653.3	312.0	780.0
Thompson Falls-West End division -----	4 495	4 235	3 248	2 134	1 883	1 206	3 020.5	1 166.2	2 975.7	1 148.9	1.5	3.9	.7	1.9
Thompson Falls city    † -----	1 319	1 478	1 356	582	618	502	3.2	1.2	3.2	1.2	412.2	1 099.2	181.9	485.0

## POPULATION AND HOUSING UNIT COUNTS

## MONTANA 15

Table 8. Population and Housing Units, 1970 to 1990; Area Measurements and Density: 1990—Con.

[For information concerning historical counts, see "User Notes." Density is computed using land area. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

State County County Subdivision Place	Population			Housing units			1990 area measurements				1990 density			
							Total area		Land area		Population per—		Housing units per—	
	1990	1980	1970	1990	1980	1970	Square kilometers	Square miles	Square kilometers	Square miles	Square kilometer	Square mile	Square kilometer	Square mile
Sheridan County †	4 732	5 414	5 779	2 417	2 416	2 086	4 419.5	1 706.4	4 342.5	1 676.7	1.1	2.8	.6	1.4
Fort Peck Reservation division	134	179	...	86	105	...	503.1	194.3	503.1	194.3	.3	.7	.2	.4
Medicine Lake division	946	1 040	...	481	462	...	1 150.0	444.0	1 099.1	424.4	.9	2.2	.4	1.1
Medicine Lake town †	357	408	393	198	198	164	1.1	.4	1.1	.4	324.5	892.5	180.0	495.0
Plentywood division	3 137	3 562	...	1 593	1 561	...	2 081.0	803.5	2 075.5	801.4	1.5	3.9	.8	2.0
Outlook town	109	122	153	54	63	51	3.4	1.3	3.4	1.3	32.1	83.8	15.9	41.5
Plentywood city †	2 136	2 476	2 381	1 100	1 046	841	3.0	1.1	3.0	1.1	712.0	1 941.8	366.7	1 000.0
Westby division	515	633	721	257	288	245	685.4	264.6	664.8	256.7	.8	2.0	.4	1.0
Westby town	253	291	287	131	136	100	1.4	.5	1.4	.5	180.7	506.0	93.6	262.0
Silver Bow County †	33 941	38 092	41 981	15 474	16 071	15 631	1 862.2	719.0	1 860.5	718.3	18.2	47.3	8.3	21.5
Butte division	33 126	36 817	...	15 079	15 557	...	445.5	172.0	445.1	171.9	74.4	192.7	33.9	87.7
Butte-Silver Bow (remainder) (pt.) †	32 521	35 930	23 368	14 785	15 175	9 738	440.0	169.9	439.6	169.7	74.0	191.6	33.6	87.1
Walkerville city	605	887	1 097	294	382	395	5.6	2.1	5.6	2.1	108.0	288.1	52.5	140.0
Silver Bow Northwest division	475	491	...	172	207	...	509.0	196.5	508.7	196.4	.9	2.4	.3	.9
Butte-Silver Bow (remainder) (pt.) †	475	491	...	172	207	...	509.0	196.5	508.7	196.4	.9	2.4	.3	.9
Silver Bow South division	340	784	...	223	307	...	907.7	350.4	906.7	350.1	.4	1.0	.2	.6
Butte-Silver Bow (remainder) (pt.) †	340	784	...	223	307	...	907.7	350.4	906.7	350.1	.4	1.0	.2	.6
Stillwater County †	6 536	5 598	4 632	3 291	2 681	1 959	4 674.2	1 804.7	4 648.4	1 794.7	1.4	3.6	.7	1.8
Absarokee division	1 914	1 407	...	1 210	913	...	1 540.1	594.6	1 533.5	592.1	1.2	3.2	.8	2.0
Absarokee CDP (pt.)	1 061	...	...	466	...	...	5.5	2.1	5.4	2.1	196.5	505.2	86.3	221.9
Columbus division	2 739	2 387	...	1 279	1 060	...	814.2	314.3	805.6	311.0	3.4	8.8	1.6	4.1
Absarokee CDP (pt.)	6	...	...	17	...	...	.4	.2	.4	.1	15.0	60.0	42.5	170.0
Columbus town †	1 573	1 439	1 173	681	602	476	3.2	1.2	3.1	1.2	507.4	1 310.8	219.7	567.5
Park City division	1 398	1 223	822	561	449	279	335.3	129.5	332.4	128.3	4.2	10.9	1.7	4.4
Stillwater North division	485	581	...	241	259	...	1 984.6	766.3	1 976.8	763.3	.2	.6	.1	.3
Sweet Grass County †	3 154	3 216	2 980	1 639	1 479	1 387	4 822.8	1 862.1	4 804.9	1 855.2	.7	1.7	.3	.9
North of the Yellowstone division	768	675	678	341	274	252	2 815.9	1 087.2	2 804.1	1 082.7	.3	.7	.1	.3
South of the Yellowstone division	2 386	2 541	2 302	1 298	1 205	1 135	2 007.0	774.9	2 000.8	772.5	1.2	3.1	.6	1.7
Big Timber city †	1 557	1 690	1 592	771	793	683	2.1	.8	2.1	.8	741.4	1 946.3	367.1	963.8
Teton County †	6 271	6 491	6 116	2 725	2 747	2 265	5 937.8	2 292.6	5 886.0	2 272.6	1.1	2.8	.5	1.2
Choteau division	3 213	3 481	...	1 473	1 507	...	4 044.4	1 561.5	4 009.1	1 547.9	.8	2.1	.4	1.0
Choteau city †	1 741	1 798	1 586	858	835	660	3.3	1.3	3.3	1.3	527.6	1 339.2	260.0	660.0
Dutton-Power division	1 262	1 198	1 298	518	525	479	1 134.9	438.2	1 134.7	438.1	1.1	2.9	.5	1.2
Dutton town	392	359	415	170	177	162	.8	.3	.8	.3	490.0	1 306.7	212.5	566.7
Fairfield division	1 796	1 812	1 719	734	715	622	758.5	292.9	742.3	286.6	2.4	6.3	1.0	2.6
Fairfield town †	660	650	638	320	315	266	.8	.3	.8	.3	825.0	2 200.0	400.0	1 066.7
Toole County †	5 046	5 559	5 839	2 354	2 432	2 163	5 039.7	1 945.8	4 949.3	1 910.9	1.0	2.6	.5	1.2
South Toole division	3 524	3 932	...	1 718	1 711	...	2 689.1	1 038.3	2 638.6	1 018.8	1.3	3.5	.7	1.7
Shelby city †	2 763	3 142	3 111	1 302	1 367	1 184	4.3	1.7	4.1	1.6	673.9	1 728.9	317.6	813.8
Sunburst division	1 522	1 627	1 904	636	721	677	2 350.6	907.6	2 310.6	892.1	.7	1.7	.3	.7
Kevin town	185	208	250	105	103	95	1.0	.4	.9	.3	205.6	616.7	116.7	350.0
Sunburst town	437	476	604	205	220	203	4.9	1.9	4.2	1.6	104.0	273.1	48.8	128.1
Treasure County	874	981	1 069	448	462	448	2 548.9	984.1	2 535.4	978.9	.3	.9	.2	.5
North Treasure division	284	288	427	148	159	189	1 240.4	478.9	1 228.5	474.3	.2	.6	.1	.3
South Treasure division	590	693	642	300	303	259	1 308.6	505.2	1 306.8	504.6	.5	1.2	.2	.6
Hysham town	361	449	373	180	196	162	.5	.2	.5	.2	722.0	1 805.0	360.0	900.0
Valley County †	8 239	10 250	11 471	5 304	5 611	5 289	13 110.8	5 062.1	12 745.2	4 920.9	.6	1.7	.4	1.1
Fort Peck Reservation division	1 150	1 283	...	462	462	...	2 917.4	1 126.4	2 906.4	1 122.2	.4	1.0	.2	.4
Frazer CDP	403	...	...	130	...	...	4.4	1.7	4.3	1.7	93.7	237.1	30.2	76.5
Glasgow division	5 192	6 636	...	3 675	3 909	...	1 310.4	506.0	1 309.0	505.4	4.0	10.3	2.8	7.3
Glasgow city †	3 572	4 455	4 700	1 749	1 988	1 820	3.6	1.4	3.6	1.4	992.2	2 551.4	485.8	1 249.3
Nashua town	375	495	513	226	241	206	1.8	.7	1.8	.7	208.3	535.7	125.6	322.9
Hinsdale division	704	786	...	346	370	...	3 565.3	1 376.5	3 555.8	1 372.9	.2	.5	.1	.3
Opheim division	479	663	...	289	334	...	1 532.9	591.8	1 532.0	591.5	.3	.8	.2	.5
Opheim town	145	210	306	96	109	125	.6	.2	.6	.2	241.7	725.0	160.0	480.0
South Valley division	714	882	917	532	536	384	3 784.8	1 461.3	3 442.0	1 329.0	.2	.5	.2	.4
Fort Peck town †	325	...	...	236	...	...	2.5	.9	2.5	.9	130.0	361.1	94.4	262.2
Wheatland County †	2 246	2 359	2 529	1 129	1 140	1 009	3 699.5	1 428.4	3 686.0	1 423.2	.6	1.6	.3	.8
Harlowton division	1 694	1 821	...	832	852	...	2 104.6	812.6	2 099.8	810.7	.8	2.1	.4	1.0
Harlowton city †	1 049	1 181	1 375	589	592	605	1.5	.6	1.5	.6	699.3	1 748.3	392.7	981.7
Judith Gap-Shawmut division	552	538	...	297	288	...	1 594.9	615.8	1 586.2	612.4	.3	.9	.2	.5
Judith Gap city	133	213	160	69	91	54	1.0	.4	1.0	.4	133.0	332.5	69.0	172.5
Wibaux County †	1 191	1 476	1 465	563	680	536	2 305.4	890.1	2 303.4	889.3	.5	1.3	.2	.6
Pine Hills-St. Phillips division	260	347	459	113	192	173	1 200.9	463.7	1 199.9	463.3	.2	.6	.1	.2
Wibaux division	931	1 129	1 006	450	488	363	1 104.5	426.4	1 103.5	426.1	.8	2.2	.4	1.1
Wibaux town †	628	782	644	316	347	258	2.8	1.1	2.8	1.1	224.3	570.9	112.9	287.3

Table 8. Population and Housing Units, 1970 to 1990; Area Measurements and Density: 1990—Con.

[For information concerning historical counts, see "User Notes." Density is computed using land area. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

State County County Subdivision Place	Population			Housing units			1990 area measurements				1990 density			
							Total area		Land area		Population per—		Housing units per—	
	1990	1980	1970	1990	1980	1970	Square kilometers	Square miles	Square kilometers	Square miles	Square kilometer	Square mile	Square kilometer	Square mile
Yellowstone County	113 419	108 035	87 367	48 781	42 756	29 169	6 861.2	2 649.1	6 825.2	2 635.2	16.6	43.0	7.1	18.5
Billings division	89 027	86 493	...	39 035	34 849	...	148.6	57.4	145.1	56.0	613.6	1 589.8	269.0	697.1
Billings city (pt.)	80 713	r66 800	61 581	35 809	r27 994	21 013	81.6	31.5	81.3	31.4	992.8	2 570.5	440.5	1 140.4
Lockwood CDP	3 967	...	...	1 500	...	...	20.3	7.9	19.2	7.4	206.6	536.1	78.1	202.7
Buffalo Creek division	251	191	156	109	73	62	2 317.8	894.9	2 310.4	892.0	.1	.3	—	.1
Huntley Project division	2 894	2 905	2 179	1 299	1 172	819	891.0	344.0	881.3	340.3	3.3	8.5	1.5	3.8
Laurel division	11 214	10 086	...	4 599	3 784	...	184.7	71.3	181.3	70.0	61.9	160.2	25.4	65.7
Laurel city	5 686	5 481	4 454	2 596	2 235	1 532	4.8	1.8	4.8	1.8	1 184.6	3 158.9	540.8	1 442.2
Northwest Yellowstone division	2 631	1 669	...	985	634	...	1 468.9	567.2	1 466.1	566.1	1.8	4.6	7	1.7
Billings city (pt.)	438	18	...	155	10	...	3.1	1.2	3.1	1.2	141.3	365.0	50.0	129.2
Broadview town	133	120	123	62	44	40	.6	.2	.6	.2	221.7	665.0	103.3	310.0
Shepherd division	2 980	2 550	1 226	1 105	846	332	139.7	53.9	137.0	52.9	21.8	56.3	8.1	20.9
Billings city (pt.)	—	...	...	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
South Yellowstone division	4 422	4 141	1 320	1 649	1 398	421	1 710.6	660.5	1 703.9	657.9	2.6	6.7	1.0	2.5
Billings city (pt.)	—	—	...	—	—	...	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Yellowstone National Park	52	r66	64	46	r46	24	637.5	246.1	635.6	245.4	.1	.2	.1	.2
Yellowstone National Park division	52	r66	64	46	r46	24	637.5	246.1	635.6	245.4	.1	.2	.1	.2

## POPULATION AND HOUSING UNIT COUNTS

## MONTANA 17

Table 9. Population and Housing Units, 1970 to 1990; Area Measurements and Density: 1990

[For information concerning historical counts, see "User Notes." Density is computed using land area. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Place and [In Selected States] County Subdivision	Population			Housing units			1990 area measurements				1990 density			
	1990	1980	1970	1990	1980	1970	Total area		Land area		Population per—		Housing units per—	
							Square kilometers	Square miles	Square kilometers	Square miles	Square kilometer	Square mile	Square kilometer	Square mile
Absarokee CDP, Stillwater County .....	1 067	...	...	483	...	...	5.9	2.3	5.8	2.2	184.0	485.0	83.3	219.5
Alberton town, Mineral County .....	354	368	363	145	179	135	1.5	.6	1.5	.6	236.0	590.0	96.7	241.7
Anaconda-Deer Lodge County, Deer Lodge County .....	10 278	12 518	9 771	4 830	5 199	3 693	1 919.9	741.3	1 908.7	736.9	5.4	13.9	2.5	6.6
Urban part .....	7 418	...	...	3 599	...	...	11.0	4.2	11.0	4.2	674.4	1 766.2	327.2	856.9
Rural part .....	2 860	...	...	1 231	...	...	1 908.9	737.0	1 897.7	732.7	1.5	3.9	.6	1.7
Arlee CDP, Lake County .....	489	...	...	218	...	...	16.8	6.5	16.8	6.5	29.1	75.2	13.0	33.5
Ashland CDP, Rosebud County .....	484	...	...	156	...	...	19.6	7.6	19.6	7.6	24.7	63.7	8.0	20.5
Bainville town, Roosevelt County .....	165	245	217	97	103	82	2.7	1.0	2.7	1.0	61.1	165.0	35.9	97.0
Baker city, Fallon County .....	1 818	2 354	2 584	944	983	864	2.5	1.0	2.2	.9	826.4	2 020.0	429.1	1 048.9
Bearcreek town, Carbon County .....	37	61	31	25	30	21	.3	.1	.3	.1	123.3	370.0	83.3	250.0
Belgrade city, Gallatin County .....	3 411	2 336	1 307	1 290	865	422	3.4	1.3	3.4	1.3	1 003.2	2 623.8	379.4	992.3
Belt city, Cascade County .....	571	825	656	282	344	232	.9	.3	.9	.3	634.4	1 903.3	313.3	940.0
Big Sandy town, Chouteau County .....	740	835	827	361	377	343	1.1	.4	1.1	.4	672.7	1 850.0	328.2	902.5
Big Timber city, Sweet Grass County .....	1 557	1 690	1 592	771	793	683	2.1	.8	2.1	.8	741.4	1 946.3	367.1	963.8
Billings city, Yellowstone County .....	81 151	r66 818	61 581	35 964	r28 004	21 013	84.7	32.7	84.4	32.6	961.5	2 489.3	426.1	1 103.2
Bonner-West Riverside CDP, Missoula County .....	1 669	1 742	...	705	688	...	4.0	1.5	3.8	1.4	439.2	1 192.1	185.5	503.6
Boulder town, Jefferson County .....	1 316	1 441	1 342	521	534	331	2.8	1.1	2.8	1.1	470.0	1 196.4	186.1	473.6
Bozeman city, Gallatin County .....	22 660	21 645	18 670	9 117	7 971	5 736	25.3	9.8	25.3	9.8	895.7	2 312.2	360.4	930.3
Brigden town, Carbon County .....	692	724	717	337	346	290	1.6	.6	1.6	.6	432.5	1 153.3	210.6	561.7
Broadus town, Powder River County .....	572	712	799	304	336	294	.8	.3	.8	.3	715.0	1 906.7	380.0	1 013.3
Broadview town, Yellowstone County .....	133	120	123	62	44	40	.6	.2	.6	.2	221.7	665.0	103.3	310.0
Brockton town, Roosevelt County .....	365	374	401	99	92	89	.5	.2	.5	.2	730.0	1 825.0	198.0	495.0
Browning town, Glacier County .....	1 170	1 226	1 700	421	420	491	.7	.3	.7	.3	1 671.4	3 900.0	601.4	1 403.3
Busby CDP, Big Horn County .....	409	...	...	165	...	...	23.1	8.9	23.1	8.9	17.7	46.0	7.1	18.5
Butte-Silver Bow (remainder), Silver Bow County .....	33 336	37 205	23 368	15 180	15 689	9 738	1 856.6	716.8	1 854.9	716.2	18.0	46.5	8.2	21.2
Urban part .....	31 425	...	...	14 346	...	...	56.5	21.8	56.5	21.8	556.2	1 441.5	253.9	658.1
Rural part .....	1 911	...	...	834	...	...	1 800.2	695.0	1 798.4	694.4	1.1	2.8	.5	1.2
Cascade town, Cascade County .....	729	773	714	333	316	266	1.4	.5	1.4	.5	520.7	1 458.0	237.9	666.0
Charlo CDP, Lake County .....	358	...	...	150	...	...	5.2	2.0	5.2	2.0	68.8	179.0	28.8	75.0
Chester town, Liberty County .....	942	963	936	470	462	329	1.2	.5	1.2	.5	785.0	1 884.0	391.7	940.0
Chinook city, Blaine County .....	1 512	1 660	1 813	801	800	696	1.3	.5	1.3	.5	1 163.1	3 024.0	616.2	1 602.0
Choteau city, Teton County .....	1 741	1 798	1 586	858	835	660	3.3	1.3	3.3	1.3	527.6	1 339.2	260.0	660.0
Circle town, McCone County .....	805	931	964	399	419	344	2.0	.8	2.0	.8	402.5	1 006.3	199.5	498.8
Clyde Park town, Park County .....	282	283	244	130	119	82	1.1	.4	1.1	.4	256.4	705.0	118.2	325.0
Colstrip CDP, Rosebud County .....	3 035	1 476	...	1 178	475	...	15.5	6.0	14.8	5.7	205.1	532.5	79.6	206.7
Columbia Falls city, Flathead County .....	2 942	3 112	2 652	1 227	1 171	845	3.2	1.2	3.2	1.2	919.4	2 451.7	383.4	1 022.5
Columbus town, Stillwater County .....	1 573	1 439	1 173	681	602	476	3.2	1.2	3.1	1.2	507.4	1 310.8	219.7	567.5
Conrad city, Pondera County .....	2 891	3 074	2 770	1 257	1 294	977	3.0	1.2	3.0	1.2	963.7	2 409.2	419.0	1 047.5
Crow Agency CDP, Big Horn County .....	1 446	...	...	361	...	...	17.0	6.6	17.0	6.6	85.1	219.1	21.2	54.7
Culbertson town, Roosevelt County .....	796	887	821	370	382	298	1.5	.6	1.5	.6	530.7	1 326.7	246.7	616.7
Cut Bank city, Glacier County .....	3 329	3 688	4 004	1 532	1 577	1 445	2.5	1.0	2.5	1.0	1 331.6	3 329.0	612.8	1 532.0
Darby town, Ravalli County .....	625	581	538	304	278	198	1.2	.5	1.2	.5	520.8	1 250.0	253.3	608.0
Deer Lodge city, Powell County .....	3 378	4 023	4 306	1 592	1 674	1 482	3.7	1.4	3.7	1.4	913.0	2 412.9	430.3	1 137.1
Denton town, Fergus County .....	350	356	398	170	168	158	2.0	.8	2.0	.8	175.0	437.5	85.0	212.5
Dillon city, Beaverhead County .....	3 991	3 976	4 548	1 804	1 697	1 675	4.0	1.6	4.0	1.6	997.8	2 494.4	451.0	1 127.5
Dodson town, Phillips County .....	137	158	196	73	79	81	.5	.2	.5	.2	274.0	685.0	146.0	365.0
Drummond town, Granite County .....	264	414	494	154	188	208	1.5	.6	1.5	.6	176.0	440.0	102.7	256.7
Dutton town, Teton County .....	392	359	415	170	177	162	.8	.3	.8	.3	490.0	1 306.7	212.5	566.7
East Glacier Park Village CDP, Glacier County .....	326	...	...	198	...	...	11.3	4.4	11.3	4.4	28.8	74.1	17.5	45.0
East Helena town, Lewis and Clark County .....	1 538	1 647	1 651	644	659	524	2.1	.8	2.1	.8	732.4	1 922.5	306.7	805.0
Elkalaka town, Carter County .....	439	620	663	294	313	292	2.7	1.0	2.7	1.0	162.6	439.0	108.9	294.0
Ennis town, Madison County .....	773	660	501	395	314	259	1.8	.7	1.8	.7	429.4	1 104.3	219.4	564.3
Eureka town, Lincoln County .....	1 043	1 119	1 195	491	459	398	2.6	1.0	2.6	1.0	401.2	1 043.0	188.8	491.0
Evergreen CDP, Flathead County .....	4 109	3 746	...	1 635	1 373	...	8.5	3.3	8.5	3.3	483.4	1 245.2	192.4	495.5
Fairfield town, Teton County .....	660	650	638	320	315	266	.8	.3	.8	.3	825.0	2 200.0	400.0	1 066.7
Fairview city, Richland County .....	869	1 366	956	441	536	360	2.5	1.0	2.5	1.0	347.6	869.0	176.4	441.0
Finley Point CDP, Lake County .....	395	...	...	540	...	...	29.3	11.3	10.9	4.2	36.2	94.0	49.5	128.6
Flaxville town, Daniels County .....	88	142	185	47	68	75	.3	.1	.3	.1	293.3	880.0	156.7	470.0
Forsyth city, Rosebud County .....	2 178	2 553	1 873	990	1 053	768	2.9	1.1	2.9	1.1	751.0	1 980.0	341.4	900.0
Fort Belknap CDP, Blaine County .....	422	...	...	157	...	...	1.6	.6	1.6	.6	263.8	703.3	98.1	261.7
Fort Benton city, Chouteau County .....	1 660	1 693	1 863	745	724	696	5.4	2.1	5.4	2.1	307.4	790.5	138.0	354.8
Fort Peck town, Valley County .....	325	...	...	236	...	...	2.5	.9	2.5	.9	130.0	361.1	94.4	262.2
Frazer CDP, Valley County .....	403	...	...	130	...	...	4.4	1.7	4.3	1.7	93.7	237.1	30.2	76.5
Froid town, Roosevelt County .....	195	323	330	133	143	133	.7	.3	.7	.3	278.6	650.0	190.0	443.3
Fromberg town, Carbon County .....	370	469	364	215	204	142	1.2	.5	1.2	.5	308.3	740.0	179.2	430.0
Geraldine town, Chouteau County .....	299	305	370	142	150	146	1.3	.5	1.3	.5	230.0	598.0	109.2	284.0
Glasgow city, Valley County .....	3 572	4 455	4 700	1 749	1 988	1 820	3.6	1.4	3.6	1.4	992.2	2 551.4	485.8	1 249.3
Glendive city, Dawson County .....	4 802	5 978	6 305	2 391	2 479	2 203	8.6	3.3	8.5	3.3	564.9	1 455.2	281.3	724.5

## 18 MONTANA

## POPULATION AND HOUSING UNIT COUNTS

Table 9. Population and Housing Units, 1970 to 1990; Area Measurements and Density: 1990—Con.

[For information concerning historical counts, see "User Notes." Density is computed using land area. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Place and [In Selected States] County Subdivision	Population			Housing units			1990 area measurements				1990 density			
							Total area		Land area		Population per—		Housing units per—	
	1990	1980	1970	1990	1980	1970	Square kilometers	Square miles	Square kilometers	Square miles	Square kilometer	Square mile	Square kilometer	Square mile
Grass Range town, Fergus County .....	159	139	181	107	82	65	.4	.2	.4	.2	397.5	795.0	267.5	535.0
Great Falls city, Cascade County .....	55 097	r56 884	60 091	24 157	r24 056	20 755	41.1	15.9	40.0	15.4	1 377.4	3 577.7	603.9	1 568.6
Hamilton city, Ravalli County .....	2 737	2 661	2 499	1 476	1 372	1 116	4.6	1.8	4.6	1.8	595.0	1 520.6	320.9	820.0
Hardin city, Big Horn County .....	2 940	3 300	2 733	1 303	1 360	990	3.5	1.3	3.5	1.3	840.0	2 261.5	372.3	1 002.3
Harlem city, Blaine County .....	882	1 023	1 094	391	400	391	1.1	.4	1.1	.4	801.8	2 205.0	355.5	977.5
Harlowton city, Wheatland County .....	1 049	1 181	1 375	589	592	605	1.5	.6	1.5	.6	699.3	1 748.3	392.7	981.7
Havre city, Hill County .....	10 201	10 891	10 558	4 346	4 433	3 586	6.4	2.5	6.4	2.5	1 593.9	4 080.4	679.1	1 738.4
Havre North CDP, Hill County .....	1 110	1 230	1 073	491	456	347	9.1	3.5	9.1	3.5	122.0	317.1	54.0	140.3
Hays CDP, Blaine County .....	333	...	...	112	...	...	21.9	8.5	21.9	8.5	15.2	39.2	5.1	13.2
Heart Butte CDP, Pondera County .....	499	...	...	129	...	...	11.7	4.5	11.7	4.5	42.6	110.9	11.0	28.7
Helena city, Lewis and Clark County .....	24 569	23 938	22 730	11 053	10 241	8 048	35.0	13.5	35.0	13.5	702.0	1 819.9	315.8	818.7
Helena Valley Northeast CDP, Lewis and Clark County .....	1 585	...	...	517	...	...	126.1	48.7	114.4	44.2	13.9	35.9	4.5	11.7
Helena Valley Northwest CDP, Lewis and Clark County .....	1 215	...	...	434	...	...	43.5	16.8	43.5	16.8	27.9	72.3	10.0	25.8
Helena Valley Southeast CDP, Lewis and Clark County .....	4 601	...	...	1 643	...	...	42.1	16.3	42.1	16.3	109.3	282.3	39.0	100.8
Helena Valley West Central CDP, Lewis and Clark County .....	6 327	...	...	2 281	...	...	70.2	27.1	70.2	27.1	90.1	233.5	32.5	84.2
Helena West Side CDP, Lewis and Clark County .....	1 847	...	...	752	...	...	38.2	14.7	38.1	14.7	48.5	125.6	19.7	51.2
Hingham town, Hill County .....	181	186	262	88	102	95	.4	.2	.4	.2	452.5	905.0	220.0	440.0
Hobson town, Judith Basin County .....	226	261	192	119	118	90	.7	.3	.7	.3	322.9	753.3	170.0	396.7
Hot Springs town, Sanders County .....	411	601	664	385	340	470	.8	.3	.8	.3	513.8	1 370.0	481.3	1 283.3
Hysham town, Treasure County .....	361	449	373	180	196	162	.5	.2	.5	.2	722.0	1 805.0	360.0	900.0
Ismay town, Custer County .....	19	31	40	21	20	15	1.1	.4	1.1	.4	17.3	47.5	19.1	52.5
Joliet town, Carbon County .....	522	580	412	276	274	191	.7	.3	.7	.3	745.7	1 740.0	394.3	920.0
Jordan town, Garfield County .....	494	485	529	258	241	241	.9	.4	.9	.4	548.9	1 235.0	286.7	645.0
Judith Gap city, Wheatland County .....	133	213	160	69	91	54	1.0	.4	1.0	.4	133.0	332.5	69.0	172.5
Kalispell city, Flathead County .....	11 917	r10 689	10 526	5 537	r4 786	3 955	11.4	4.4	11.4	4.4	1 045.4	2 708.4	485.7	1 258.4
Kevin town, Toole County .....	185	208	250	105	103	95	1.0	.4	.9	.3	205.6	616.7	116.7	350.0
Kicking Horse CDP, Lake County .....	281	...	...	19	...	...	9.2	3.6	6.5	2.5	43.2	112.4	2.9	7.6
Lame Deer CDP, Rosebud County .....	1 918	...	...	610	...	...	143.9	55.6	143.9	55.6	13.3	34.5	4.2	11.0
Laurel city, Yellowstone County .....	5 686	5 481	4 454	2 596	2 235	1 532	4.8	1.8	4.8	1.8	1 184.6	3 158.9	540.8	1 442.2
Lavina town, Golden Valley County .....	151	164	169	86	91	75	2.6	1.0	2.6	1.0	58.1	151.0	33.1	86.0
Lewistown city, Fergus County .....	6 051	7 104	6 437	2 867	2 942	2 539	4.6	1.8	4.6	1.8	1 315.4	3 361.7	623.3	1 592.8
Libby city, Lincoln County .....	2 532	2 748	3 286	1 141	1 114	1 065	2.9	1.1	2.9	1.1	873.1	2 301.8	393.4	1 037.3
Lima town, Beaverhead County .....	265	272	351	170	163	156	1.4	.6	1.4	.6	189.3	441.7	121.4	283.3
Livingston city, Park County .....	6 701	6 994	6 883	3 137	3 120	2 815	6.4	2.5	6.4	2.5	1 047.0	2 680.4	490.2	1 254.8
Lockwood CDP, Yellowstone County .....	3 967	...	...	1 500	...	...	20.3	7.9	19.2	7.4	206.6	536.1	78.1	202.7
Lodge Grass town, Big Horn County .....	517	r499	806	176	r170	207	.6	.2	.6	.2	861.7	2 585.0	293.3	880.0
Lolo CDP, Missoula County .....	2 746	2 418	...	953	799	...	25.1	9.7	24.6	9.5	111.6	289.1	38.7	100.3
Malmstrom AFB CDP, Cascade County .....	5 938	6 675	8 374	1 496	1 566	1 691	5.1	2.0	5.1	2.0	1 164.3	2 969.0	293.3	748.0
Malta city, Phillips County .....	2 340	2 367	2 195	1 144	1 030	875	2.7	1.1	2.7	1.1	866.7	2 127.3	423.7	1 040.0
Manhattan town, Gallatin County .....	1 034	988	816	417	402	296	1.5	.6	1.5	.6	689.3	1 723.3	278.0	695.0
Medicine Lake town, Sheridan County .....	357	408	393	198	198	164	1.1	.4	1.1	.4	324.5	892.5	180.0	495.0
Melstone town, Musselshell County .....	166	238	227	88	85	87	1.8	.7	1.8	.7	92.2	237.1	48.9	125.7
Miles City city, Custer County .....	8 461	9 602	9 023	4 006	4 174	3 403	7.9	3.0	7.9	3.0	1 071.0	2 820.3	507.1	1 335.3
Missoula city, Missoula County .....	42 918	r33 351	29 497	18 488	r14 528	10 313	43.2	16.7	43.1	16.6	995.8	2 585.4	429.0	1 113.7
Moore town, Fergus County .....	211	229	219	100	96	76	.6	.2	.6	.2	351.7	1 055.0	166.7	500.0
Muddy CDP, Big Horn County .....	387	...	...	124	...	...	73.5	28.4	73.5	28.4	5.3	13.6	1.7	4.4
Nashua town, Valley County .....	375	495	513	226	241	206	1.8	.7	1.8	.7	208.3	535.7	125.6	322.9
Neihart town, Cascade County .....	53	91	109	138	165	115	5.1	2.0	5.1	2.0	10.4	26.5	27.1	69.0
North Browning CDP, Glacier County .....	1 630	...	...	485	...	...	8.5	3.3	8.5	3.3	191.8	493.9	57.1	147.0
Opheim town, Valley County .....	145	210	306	96	109	125	.6	.2	.6	.2	241.7	725.0	160.0	480.0
Orchard Homes CDP, Missoula County .....	10 317	10 837	...	4 339	4 230	...	21.4	8.3	21.0	8.1	491.3	1 273.7	206.6	535.7
Outlook town, Sheridan County .....	109	122	153	54	63	51	3.4	1.3	3.4	1.3	32.1	83.8	15.9	41.5
Pablo CDP, Lake County .....	1 298	...	...	501	...	...	12.6	4.9	12.6	4.9	103.0	264.9	39.8	102.2
Philipsburg town, Granite County .....	925	1 138	1 128	487	505	421	2.1	.8	2.1	.8	440.5	1 156.3	231.9	608.8
Pinesdale town, Ravalli County .....	670	...	...	121	...	...	3.4	1.3	3.4	1.3	197.1	515.4	35.6	93.1
Plains town, Sanders County .....	992	1 116	1 046	468	465	372	1.5	.6	1.5	.6	661.3	1 653.3	312.0	780.0
Plentywood city, Sheridan County .....	2 136	2 476	2 381	1 100	1 046	841	3.0	1.1	3.0	1.1	712.0	1 941.8	366.7	1 000.0
Plevna town, Fallon County .....	140	191	189	85	84	88	1.2	.5	1.2	.5	116.7	280.0	70.8	170.0
Polson city, Lake County .....	3 283	2 798	2 464	1 565	1 343	962	4.7	1.8	4.7	1.8	698.5	1 823.9	333.0	869.4
Poplar city, Roosevelt County .....	881	995	1 389	390	391	435	.7	.3	.7	.3	1 258.6	2 936.7	557.1	1 300.0
Pryor CDP, Big Horn County .....	654	...	...	169	...	...	89.0	34.4	89.0	34.4	7.3	19.0	1.9	4.9
Red Lodge city, Carbon County .....	1 958	1 896	1 844	1 248	1 100	994	5.3	2.1	5.3	2.1	369.4	932.4	235.5	594.3
Rexford town, Lincoln County .....	132	130	243	60	46	85	.3	.1	.3	.1	440.0	1 320.0	200.0	600.0
Richey town, Dawson County .....	259	417	389	177	172	152	.7	.3	.7	.3	370.0	863.3	252.9	590.0
Ronan city, Lake County .....	1 547	1 530	1 347	710	683	511	2.8	1.1	2.8	1.1	552.5	1 406.4	253.6	645.5
Roundup city, Musselshell County .....	1 808	2 119	2 116	1 006	1 078	949	3.5	1.3	3.5	1.3	516.6	1 390.8	287.4	773.8
Ryegate town, Golden Valley County .....	260	273	261	127	131	115	1.8	.7	1.8	.7	144.4	371.4	70.6	181.4
Saco town, Phillips County .....	261	252	356	145	149	154	.8	.3	.8	.3	326.3	870.0	181.3	483.3
St. Ignatius town, Lake County .....	778	877	925	332	345	289	1.3	.5	1.3	.5	598.5	1 556.0	255.4	664.0
Scobey city, Daniels County .....	1 154	1 382	1 486	636	658	593	1.9	.7	1.9	.7	607.4	1 648.6	334.7	908.6

Table 9. Population and Housing Units, 1970 to 1990; Area Measurements and Density: 1990—Con.

[For information concerning historical counts, see "User Notes." Density is computed using land area. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

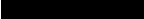
Place and [In Selected States] County Subdivision	Population			Housing units			1990 area measurements				1990 density			
							Total area		Land area		Population per—		Housing units per—	
	1990	1980	1970	1990	1980	1970	Square kilometers	Square miles	Square kilometers	Square miles	Square kilometer	Square mile	Square kilometer	Square mile
Shelby city, Toole County .....	2 763	3 142	3 111	1 302	1 367	1 184	4.3	1.7	4.1	1.6	673.9	1 726.9	317.6	813.8
Sheridan town, Madison County .....	652	646	636	344	295	275	2.8	1.1	2.8	1.1	232.9	592.7	122.9	312.7
Sidney city, Richland County .....	5 217	5 726	4 543	2 363	2 303	1 637	5.8	2.2	5.8	2.2	899.5	2 371.4	407.4	1 074.1
South Browning CDP, Glacier County .....	1 748	...	...	493	...	...	5.4	2.1	5.2	2.0	336.2	874.0	94.8	246.5
Stanford town, Judith Basin County .....	529	595	505	269	285	216	1.1	.4	1.1	.4	480.9	1 322.5	244.5	672.5
Starr School CDP, Glacier County .....	260	...	...	76	...	...	10.6	4.1	10.6	4.1	24.5	63.4	7.2	18.5
Stevensville town, Ravalli County .....	1 221	1 207	829	512	496	343	1.3	.5	1.3	.5	939.2	2 442.0	393.8	1 024.0
Sunburst town, Toole County .....	437	476	604	205	220	203	4.9	1.9	4.2	1.6	104.0	273.1	48.8	128.1
Sun Prairie CDP, Cascade County .....	1 424	...	...	482	...	...	15.8	6.1	15.4	6.0	92.5	237.3	31.3	80.3
Superior town, Mineral County .....	881	1 054	993	386	442	362	3.1	1.2	2.8	1.1	314.6	800.9	137.9	350.9
Terry town, Prairie County .....	659	929	870	414	409	383	1.8	.7	1.8	.7	366.1	941.4	230.0	591.4
Thompson Falls city, Sanders County .....	1 319	1 478	1 356	582	618	502	3.2	1.2	3.2	1.2	412.2	1 099.2	181.9	485.0
Three Forks town, Gallatin County .....	1 203	1 247	1 188	549	553	446	3.2	1.2	3.1	1.2	388.1	1 002.5	177.1	457.5
Townsend city, Broadwater County .....	1 635	1 587	1 371	749	657	487	4.1	1.6	4.0	1.6	408.8	1 021.9	187.3	468.1
Troy city, Lincoln County .....	953	1 088	1 046	409	421	399	1.4	.5	1.4	.5	680.7	1 906.0	292.1	818.0
Twin Bridges town, Madison County .....	374	437	613	232	233	204	2.5	1.0	2.5	1.0	149.6	374.0	92.8	232.0
Valier town, Pondera County .....	519	640	651	273	276	229	3.0	1.2	3.0	1.2	173.0	432.5	91.0	227.5
Virginia City town, Madison County .....	142	192	149	124	123	83	2.4	.9	2.4	.9	59.2	157.8	51.7	137.8
Walkerville city, Silver Bow County .....	605	887	1 097	294	382	395	5.6	2.1	5.6	2.1	108.0	288.1	52.5	140.0
Westby town, Sheridan County .....	253	291	287	131	136	100	1.4	.5	1.4	.5	180.7	506.0	93.6	262.0
West Yellowstone town, Gallatin County .....	913	735	756	675	433	354	1.8	.7	1.8	.7	507.2	1 304.3	375.0	964.3
Whitefish city, Flathead County .....	4 368	3 703	3 349	2 259	1 699	1 225	7.8	3.0	7.8	3.0	560.0	1 456.0	289.6	753.0
Whitehall town, Jefferson County .....	1 067	1 030	1 035	502	489	393	1.8	.7	1.8	.7	592.8	1 524.3	278.9	717.1
White Sulphur Springs city, Meagher County .....	963	1 302	1 200	512	574	510	2.1	.8	2.1	.8	458.6	1 203.8	243.8	640.0
Wibaux town, Wibaux County .....	628	782	644	316	347	258	2.8	1.1	2.8	1.1	224.3	570.9	112.9	287.3
Winnifred town, Fergus County .....	150	155	190	89	79	80	1.3	.5	1.3	.5	115.4	300.0	68.5	178.0
Winnett town, Petroleum County .....	188	207	271	114	116	122	2.5	1.0	2.5	1.0	75.2	188.0	45.6	114.0
Wolf Point city, Roosevelt County .....	2 880	3 074	3 095	1 236	1 252	1 085	2.3	.9	2.3	.9	1 252.2	3 200.0	537.4	1 373.3
Butte-Silver Bow, Silver Bow County .....	33 941	...	...	15 474	...	...	1 862.2	719.0	1 860.5	718.3	18.2	47.3	8.3	21.5



Table 10. 1990 Population Rank; Population and Housing Units: 1980 and 1990

[For information concerning historical counts, see "User Notes." For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Place [2,500 or More Persons]	1990 population rank	Population		Housing units		Place [2,500 or More Persons]	1990 population rank	Population		Housing units	
		1990	1980	1990	1980			1990	1980	1990	1980
Billings city, Yellowstone County-----	1	81 151	r66 818	35 964	r28 004	Helena Valley Southeast CDP, Lewis and Clark County-----	19	4 601	...	1 643	...
Great Falls city, Cascade County-----	2	55 097	r56 884	24 157	r24 056	Whitefish city, Flathead County-----	20	4 368	r3 703	2 259	r1 699
Missoula city, Missoula County-----	3	42 918	r33 351	18 488	r14 528	Evergreen CDP, Flathead County-----	21	4 109	3 746	1 635	1 373
Butte-Silver Bow (remainder), Silver Bow County-----	4	33 336	37 205	15 180	15 689	Dillon city, Beaverhead County-----	22	3 991	3 976	1 804	1 697
Helena city, Lewis and Clark County-----	5	24 569	23 938	11 053	10 241	Lockwood CDP, Yellowstone County-----	23	3 967	...	1 500	...
Bozeman city, Gallatin County-----	6	22 660	21 645	9 117	7 971	Glasgow city, Valley County-----	24	3 572	4 455	1 749	1 988
Kalispell city, Flathead County-----	7	11 917	r10 689	5 537	r4 786	Belgrade city, Gallatin County-----	25	3 411	2 336	1 290	865
Orchard Homes CDP, Missoula County-----	8	10 317	10 837	4 339	4 230	Deer Lodge city, Powell County-----	26	3 378	4 023	1 592	1 674
Anaconda-Deer Lodge County, Deer Lodge County-----	9	10 278	12 518	4 830	5 199	Cut Bank city, Glacier County-----	27	3 329	3 688	1 532	1 577
Havre city, Hill County-----	10	10 201	10 891	4 346	4 433	Polson city, Lake County-----	28	3 283	2 798	1 565	1 343
Miles City city, Custer County-----	11	8 461	9 602	4 006	4 174	Colstrip CDP, Rosebud County-----	29	3 035	1 476	1 178	475
Livingston city, Park County-----	12	6 701	6 994	3 137	3 120	Columbia Falls city, Flathead County-----	30	2 942	3 112	1 227	1 171
Helena Valley West Central CDP, Lewis and Clark County-----	13	6 327	...	2 281	...	Hardin city, Big Horn County-----	31	2 940	3 300	1 303	1 360
Lewistown city, Fergus County-----	14	6 051	7 104	2 867	2 942	Conrad city, Pondera County-----	32	2 891	3 074	1 257	1 294
Malmstrom AFB CDP, Cascade County-----	15	5 938	6 675	1 496	1 566	Wolf Point city, Roosevelt County-----	33	2 880	3 074	1 236	1 252
Laurel city, Yellowstone County-----	16	5 686	5 481	2 596	2 235	Shelby city, Toole County-----	34	2 763	3 142	1 302	1 367
Sidney city, Richland County-----	17	5 217	5 726	2 363	2 303	Lolo CDP, Missoula County-----	35	2 746	2 418	953	799
Glendive city, Dawson County-----	18	4 802	5 978	2 391	2 479	Hamilton city, Ravalli County-----	36	2 737	2 661	1 476	1 372
						Libby city, Lincoln County-----	37	2 532	2 748	1 141	1 114



POPULATION AND HOUSING UNIT COUNTS

Table 11. Population 1990 and 1980; Housing Units and Land Area: 1990

[For information concerning historical counts, see "User Notes." For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State Urban and Rural and Size of Place	1990 population				1980 population				1990 housing units			1990 land area			
	Number of places	Total population	Percent of total population	Percent distribution	Number of places	Total population	Percent of total population	Percent distribution	Total housing units	Percent of total housing units	Percent distribution	Square kilometers	Square miles	Percent of total land area	Percent distribution
The State -----	162	799 065	100.0	...	139	786 690	100.0	...	361 155	100.0	...	376 990.9	145 556.3	100.0	...
Urban -----	37	419 826	52.5	100.0	36	416 402	52.9	100.0	183 597	50.8	100.0	640.1	247.1	.2	100.0
Inside urbanized area -----	6	208 883	26.1	49.8	9	208 619	26.5	50.1	89 816	24.9	48.9	243.2	93.9	.1	38.0
Central place -----	3	179 166	22.4	42.7	3	156 911	19.9	37.7	78 609	21.8	42.8	167.5	64.7	—	26.2
Place of —															
1,000,000 or more -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
500,000 to 999,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
250,000 to 499,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
100,000 to 249,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
50,000 to 99,999 -----	2	136 248	17.1	32.5	2	123 523	15.7	29.7	60 121	16.6	32.7	124.4	48.0	—	19.4
Less than 50,000 -----	1	42 918	5.4	10.2	1	33 388	4.2	8.0	18 488	5.1	10.1	43.1	16.6	—	6.7
Urban fringe -----	3	29 717	3.7	7.1	6	51 708	6.6	12.4	11 207	3.1	6.1	75.7	29.2	—	11.8
Place of 2,500 or more -----	3	20 222	2.5	4.8	5	35 023	4.5	8.4	7 335	2.0	4.0	45.3	17.5	—	7.1
100,000 or more -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
50,000 to 99,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
25,000 to 49,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
10,000 to 24,999 -----	1	10 317	1.3	2.5	1	10 837	1.4	2.6	4 339	1.2	2.4	21.0	8.1	—	3.3
5,000 to 9,999 -----	1	5 938	.7	1.4	3	20 712	2.6	5.0	1 496	.4	.8	5.1	2.0	—	.8
2,500 to 4,999 -----	1	3 967	.5	.9	1	3 474	.4	.8	1 500	.4	.8	19.2	7.4	—	3.0
Place of less than 2,500 -----	—	—	—	—	1	1 707	.2	.4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 to 2,499 -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1,500 to 1,999 -----	—	—	—	—	1	1 707	.2	.4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,499 -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Less than 1,000 -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other urban -----	...	9 495	1.2	2.3	...	14 978	1.9	3.6	3 872	1.1	2.1	30.4	11.7	—	4.7
Outside urbanized area -----	31	210 943	26.4	50.2	27	207 783	26.4	49.9	93 781	26.0	51.1	396.9	153.2	.1	62.0
Place of —															
25,000 or more -----	1	31 425	3.9	7.5	1	37 205	4.7	8.9	14 346	4.0	7.8	56.5	21.8	—	8.8
10,000 to 24,999 -----	5	76 765	9.6	18.3	5	79 640	10.1	19.1	33 652	9.3	18.3	89.1	34.4	—	13.9
5,000 to 9,999 -----	6	38 443	4.8	9.2	6	40 885	5.2	9.8	17 250	4.8	9.4	99.6	38.4	—	15.6
2,500 to 4,999 -----	19	64 310	8.0	15.3	15	50 053	6.4	12.0	28 533	7.9	15.5	151.7	58.6	—	23.7
Rural -----	125	379 239	47.5	100.0	103	370 288	47.1	100.0	177 558	49.2	100.0	376 350.8	145 309.2	99.8	100.0
Place of 1,000 to 2,499 -----	36	54 534	6.8	14.4	36	56 206	7.1	15.2	23 925	6.6	13.5	481.5	185.9	.1	.1
2,000 to 2,499 -----	3	6 654	.8	1.8	7	16 340	2.1	4.4	3 234	.9	1.8	8.6	3.3	—	—
1,500 to 1,999 -----	17	28 744	3.6	7.6	9	15 243	1.9	4.1	12 719	3.5	7.2	349.1	134.8	.1	.1
1,000 to 1,499 -----	16	19 136	2.4	5.0	20	24 623	3.1	6.6	7 972	2.2	4.5	123.9	47.8	—	—
Place of less than 1,000 -----	89	38 735	4.8	10.2	67	30 386	3.9	8.2	19 361	5.4	10.9	423.8	163.6	.1	.1
Other rural -----	...	285 970	35.8	75.4	...	283 696	36.1	76.6	134 272	37.2	75.6	375 445.5	144 959.7	99.6	99.8

## 22 MONTANA

## POPULATION AND HOUSING UNIT COUNTS

Table 12. Urban and Rural Population: 1930 to 1990

[For information concerning historical counts, see "User Notes." For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Size of Place	1990	1980	1970	1960	1950		1940	1930
					Current urban definition	Previous urban definition		
<b>NUMBER OF PLACES</b>								
Urban .....	37	36	32	30	26	25	23	18
Place of 2,500 or more .....	37	35	32	30	26	25	23	18
1,000,000 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
500,000 to 999,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
250,000 to 499,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
100,000 to 249,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
50,000 to 99,999 .....	2	2	2	2	—	—	—	—
25,000 to 49,999 .....	2	2	1	2	3	3	2	2
10,000 to 24,999 .....	6	6	5	5	4	4	4	4
5,000 to 9,999 .....	7	9	9	5	7	6	6	6
2,500 to 4,999 .....	20	16	15	16	12	12	11	6
Place of less than 2,500 .....	—	1	—	—	—	...	...	...
Rural .....	125	103	103	101	104	95	92	98
Place of 1,000 to 2,499 .....	36	36	35	37	37	28	25	24
Place of less than 1,000 .....	89	67	68	64	67	67	67	74
Cumulative summary:								
Place of —								
1,000,000 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
500,000 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
250,000 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
100,000 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
50,000 or more .....	2	2	2	2	—	—	—	—
25,000 or more .....	4	4	3	4	3	3	2	2
10,000 or more .....	10	10	8	9	7	7	6	6
5,000 or more .....	17	19	17	14	14	13	12	12
2,500 or more .....	37	35	32	30	26	25	23	18
<b>POPULATION</b>								
Urban .....	419 826	416 402	370 676	338 457	258 034	252 906	211 535	181 036
Place of 2,500 or more .....	410 331	399 717	358 620	328 324	258 034	252 906	211 535	181 036
1,000,000 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
500,000 to 999,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
250,000 to 499,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
100,000 to 249,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
50,000 to 99,999 .....	136 248	123 523	121 672	108 208	—	—	—	—
25,000 to 49,999 .....	74 343	70 593	29 497	54 967	104 299	104 299	67 009	68 354
10,000 to 24,999 .....	87 082	90 477	85 852	66 533	62 645	62 645	67 770	55 334
5,000 to 9,999 .....	44 381	61 597	66 578	38 758	51 704	46 576	43 166	38 245
2,500 to 4,999 .....	68 277	53 527	55 021	59 858	39 386	39 386	33 590	19 103
Place of less than 2,500 .....	—	1 707	—	—	—	...	...	...
Other urban .....	9 495	14 978	12 056	10 133	—	...	...	...
Rural .....	379 239	370 288	323 733	336 310	332 990	338 118	347 921	356 570
Place of 1,000 to 2,499 .....	54 534	56 206	53 685	60 120	59 217	44 079	39 394	36 270
Place of less than 1,000 .....	38 735	30 386	31 347	30 845	34 289	34 289	34 273	34 109
Other rural .....	285 970	283 696	238 701	245 345	239 484	259 750	274 254	286 191
<b>PERCENT OF TOTAL POPULATION</b>								
Urban .....	52.5	52.9	53.4	50.2	43.7	42.8	37.8	33.7
Place of 2,500 or more .....	51.4	50.8	51.6	48.7	43.7	42.8	37.8	33.7
1,000,000 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
500,000 to 999,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
250,000 to 499,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
100,000 to 249,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
50,000 to 99,999 .....	17.1	15.7	17.5	16.0	—	—	—	—
25,000 to 49,999 .....	9.3	9.0	4.2	8.1	17.6	17.6	12.0	12.7
10,000 to 24,999 .....	10.9	11.5	12.4	9.9	10.6	10.6	12.1	10.3
5,000 to 9,999 .....	5.6	7.8	9.6	5.7	8.7	7.9	7.7	7.1
2,500 to 4,999 .....	8.5	6.8	7.9	8.9	6.7	6.7	6.0	3.6
Place of less than 2,500 .....	—	.2	—	—	—	...	...	...
Other urban .....	1.2	1.9	1.7	1.5	—	...	...	...
Rural .....	47.5	47.1	46.6	49.8	56.3	57.2	62.2	66.3
Place of 1,000 to 2,499 .....	6.8	7.1	7.7	8.9	10.0	7.5	7.0	6.7
Place of less than 1,000 .....	4.8	3.9	4.5	4.6	5.8	5.8	6.1	6.3
Other rural .....	35.8	36.1	34.4	36.4	40.5	43.9	49.0	53.2

State Inside Metropolitan Area Outside Metropolitan Area	Total popu- lation	In place										Not in place		
		Total		Incorporated place						Census designated place				
				Total		Central city of metropolitan area		Other		Total			Central city of metropolitan area	
		Number of places	Population	Number of places	Population	Number of places	Population	Number of places	Population	Number of places	Population		Number of places	Population
THE STATE														
Total.....	799 065	162	508 371	128	443 674	2	136 248	126	307 426	34	64 697	—	—	290 694
Urban.....	419 826	37	410 331	29	369 291	2	136 248	27	233 043	8	41 040	—	—	9 495
Inside urbanized area .....	208 883	6	199 388	3	179 166	2	136 248	1	42 918	3	20 222	—	—	9 495
Central place .....	179 166	3	179 166	3	179 166	2	136 248	1	42 918	—	—	—	—	...
Place of —														
1,000,000 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
500,000 to 999,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
250,000 to 499,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
100,000 to 249,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
50,000 to 99,999 .....	136 248	2	136 248	2	136 248	2	136 248	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
Less than 50,000 .....	42 918	1	42 918	1	42 918	—	—	1	42 918	—	—	—	—	...
Urban fringe .....	29 717	3	20 222	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	20 222	—	—	9 495
Place of 2,500 or more .....	20 222	3	20 222	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	20 222	—	—	...
100,000 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
50,000 to 99,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
25,000 to 49,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
10,000 to 24,999 .....	10 317	1	10 317	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	10 317	—	—	...
5,000 to 9,999 .....	5 938	1	5 938	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	5 938	—	—	...
2,500 to 4,999 .....	3 967	1	3 967	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	3 967	—	—	...
Place of less than 2,500 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
2,000 to 2,499 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
1,500 to 1,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
1,000 to 1,499 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
Less than 1,000 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
Other urban .....	9 495	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 495
Outside urbanized area .....	210 943	31	210 943	26	190 125	—	—	26	190 125	5	20 818	—	—	...
Place of —														
25,000 or more .....	31 425	1	31 425	1	31 425	—	—	1	31 425	—	—	—	—	...
10,000 to 24,999 .....	76 765	5	76 765	5	76 765	—	—	5	76 765	—	—	—	—	...
5,000 to 9,999 .....	38 443	6	38 443	5	32 116	—	—	5	32 116	1	6 327	—	—	...
2,500 to 4,999 .....	64 310	19	64 310	15	49 819	—	—	15	49 819	4	14 491	—	—	...
Rural .....	379 239	125	98 040	99	74 383	—	—	99	74 383	26	23 657	—	—	281 199
Place of 1,000 to 2,499 .....	54 534	36	54 534	24	36 577	—	—	24	36 577	12	17 957	—		

Table 13. Population Inside and Outside Metropolitan Area by Urban and Rural and Size of Place: 1990—Con.

[Portions of certain cities may be classified as rural (see "Extended City" in Appendix A). Place partly outside a metropolitan area is counted where larger part of population is located; population, however, is tabulated where located. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State Inside Metropolitan Area Outside Metropolitan Area	Total popula- tion	In place												Not in place
		Total		Incorporated place						Census designated place				
				Total		Central city of metropolitan area		Other		Total		Central city of metropolitan area		
		Number of places	Population	Number of places	Population	Number of places	Population	Number of places	Population	Number of places	Population	Number of places	Population	
INSIDE METROPOLITAN AREA—Con.														
Outside urbanized area -----	5 686	1	5 686	1	5 686	—	—	1	5 686	—	—	—	—	...
Place of —	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
25,000 or more -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
10,000 to 24,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
5,000 to 9,999 -----	5 686	1	5 686	1	5 686	—	—	1	5 686	—	—	—	—	...
2,500 to 4,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
Rural -----	33 737	5	2 910	4	1 486	—	—	4	1 486	1	1 424	—	—	30 827
Place of 1,000 to 2,499 -----	1 424	1	1 424	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1 424	—	—	...
2,000 to 2,499 -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
1,500 to 1,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
1,000 to 1,499 -----	1 424	1	1 424	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1 424	—	—	...
Place of less than 1,000 -----	1 486	4	1 486	4	1 486	—	—	4	1 486	—	—	—	—	...
Other rural -----	30 827	...	—	...	—	...	—	...	—	...	...	...	...	30 827
OUTSIDE METROPOLITAN AREA														
Total -----	607 955	152	353 622	121	300 254	...	...	121	300 254	31	53 368	...	...	254 333
Urban -----	262 453	32	258 492	26	227 357	...	...	26	227 357	6	31 135	...	...	3 961
Inside urbanized area -----	57 196	2	53 235	1	42 918	...	...	1	42 918	1	10 317	...	...	3 961
Central place -----	42 918	1	42 918	1	42 918	...	...	1	42 918	—	—	...	...	...
Place of -----	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...
1,000,000 or more -----	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...
500,000 to 999,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...
250,000 to 499,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...
100,000 to 249,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...
50,000 to 99,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...
Less than 50,000 -----	42 918	1	42 918	1	42 918	...	...	1	42 918	—	—	...	...	...
Urban fringe -----	14 278	1	10 317	—	—	...	...	—	—	1	10 317	...	...	3 961
Place of 2,500 or more -----	10 317	1	10 317	—	—	...	...	—	—	1	10 317	...	...	...
100,000 or more -----	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...
50,000 to 99,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...
25,000 to 49,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...
10,000 to 24,999 -----	10 317	1	10 317	—	—	...	...	—	—	1	10 317	...	...	...
5,000 to 9,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...
2,500 to 4,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...
Place of less than 2,500 -----	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...
2,000 to 2,499 -----	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...
1,500 to 1,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...
1,000 to 1,499 -----	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...
Less than 1,000 -----	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...
Other urban -----	3 961	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3 961
Outside urbanized area -----	205 257	30	205 257	25	184 439	...	...	25	184 439	5	20 818	...	...	...
Place of —	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...
25,000 or more -----	31 425	1	31 425	1	31 425	...	...	1	31 425	—	—	...	...	...
10,000 to 24,999 -----	76 765	5	76 765	5	76 765	...	...	5	76 765	—	—	...	...	...
5,000 to 9,999 -----	32 757	5	32 757	4	26 430	...	...	4	26 430	1	6 327	...	...	...
2,500 to 4,999 -----	64 310	19	64 310	15	49 819	...	...	15	49 819	4	14 491	...	...	...
Rural -----	345 502	120	95 130	95	72 897	...	...	95	72 897	25	22 233	...	...	250 372
Place of 1,000 to 2,499 -----	53 110	35	53 110	24	36 577	...	...	24	36 577	11	16 533	...	...	...
2,000 to 2,499 -----	6 654	3	6 654	3	6 654	...	...	3	6 654	—	—	...	...	...
1,500 to 1,999 -----	28 744	17	28 744	11	18 347	...	...	11	18 347	6	10 397	...	...	...
1,000 to 1,499 -----	17 712	15	17 712	10	11 576	...	...	10	11 576	5	6 136	...	...	...
Place of less than 1,000 -----	37 249	85	37 249	71	31 549	...	...	71	31 549	14	5 700	...	...	...
Other rural -----	255 143	...	4 771	...	4 771	...	...	...	4 771	...	...	...	...	250 372

[Portions of certain cities may be classified as rural (see "Extended City" in Appendix A). Place partly outside a metropolitan area is counted where larger part of population is located; housing units, however, are tabulated where located. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

State Inside Metropolitan Area Outside Metropolitan Area		In place												Not in place
		Total		Incorporated place						Census designated place				
				Total		Central city of metropolitan area		Other		Total		Central city of metropolitan area		
		Number of places	Housing units	Number of places	Housing units	Number of places	Housing units	Number of places	Housing units	Number of places	Housing units	Number of places	Housing units	
THE STATE	All housing units													
Total.....	361 155	162	225 076	128	201 394	2	60 121	126	141 273	34	23 682	—	—	136 079
Urban.....	183 597	37	179 725	29	164 700	2	60 121	27	104 579	8	15 025	—	—	3 872
Inside urbanized area .....	89 816	6	85 944	3	78 609	2	60 121	1	18 488	3	7 335	—	—	3 872
Central place.....	78 609	3	78 609	3	78 609	2	60 121	1	18 488	—	—	—	—	...
Place of — .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
1,000,000 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
500,000 to 999,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
250,000 to 499,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
100,000 to 249,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
50,000 to 99,999 .....	60 121	2	60 121	2	60 121	2	60 121	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
Less than 50,000 .....	18 488	1	18 488	1	18 488	—	—	1	18 488	—	—	—	—	...
Urban fringe .....	11 207	3	7 335	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	7 335	—	—	3 872
Place of 2,500 or more .....	7 335	3	7 335	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	7 335	—	—	...
100,000 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
50,000 to 99,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
25,000 to 49,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
10,000 to 24,999 .....	4 339	1	4 339	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	4 339	—	—	...
5,000 to 9,999 .....	1 496	1	1 496	—	—	1	—	—	—	1	1 496	—	—	...
2,500 to 4,999 .....	1 500	1	1 500	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1 500	—	—	...
Place of less than 2,500 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
2,000 to 2,499 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
1,500 to 1,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
1,000 to 1,499 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
Less than 1,000 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
Other urban .....	3 872	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3 872
Outside urbanized area .....	93 781	31	93 781	26	86 091	—	—	26	86 091	5	7 690	—	—	...
Place of — .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
25,000 or more .....	14 346	1	14 346	1	14 346	—	—	1	14 346	—	—	—	—	...
10,000 to 24,999 .....	33 652	5	33 652	5	33 652	—	—	5	33 652	—	—	—	—	...
5,000 to 9,999 .....	17 250	6	17 250	5	14 969	—	—	5	14 969	1	2 281	—	—	...
2,500 to 4,999 .....	28 533	19	28 533	15	23 124	—	—	15	23 124	4	5 409	—	—	...
Rural .....	177 558	125	45 351	99	36 694	—	—	99	36 694	26	8 657	—	—	132 207
Place of 1,000 to 2,499 .....	23 925	36	23 925	24	17 611	—	—	24	17 611	12	6 314	—	—	...
2,000 to 2,499 .....	3 234	3	3 234	3	3 234	—	—	3	3 234	—	—	—	—	...
1,500 to 1,999 .....	12 719	17	12 719	11	9 157	—	—	11	9 157	6	3 562	—	—	...
1,000 to 1,499 .....	7 972	16	7 972	10	5 220	—	—	10	5 220	6	2 752	—	—	...
Place of less than 1,000 .....	19 361	89	19 361	75	17 018	—	—	75	17 018	14	2 343	—	—	...
Other rural .....	134 272	...	2 065	...	2 065	...	—	...	2 065	...	...	...	...	132 207
INSIDE METROPOLITAN AREA														
Total.....	81 844	10	67 010	7	63 532	2	60 121	5	3 411	3	3 478	—	—	14 834
Urban.....	68 024	5	65 713	3	62 717	2	60 121	1	2 596	2	2 996	—	—	2 311
Inside urbanized area .....	65 428	4	63 117	2	60 121	2	60 121	—	—	2	2 996	—	—	2 311
Central place.....	60 121	2	60 121	2	60 121	2	60 121	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
Place of — .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
1,000,000 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
500,000 to 999,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
250,000 to 499,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
100,000 to 249,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
50,000 to 99,999 .....	60 121	2	60 121	2	60 121	2	60 121	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
Less than 50,000 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
Urban fringe .....	5 307	2	2 996	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	2 996	—	—	2 311
Place of 2,500 or more .....	2 996	2	2 996	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	2 996	—	—	...
100,000 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
50,000 to 99,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
25,000 to 49,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
10,000 to 24,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
5,000 to 9,999 .....	1 496	1	1 496	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1 496	—	—	...
2,500 to 4,999 .....	1 500	1	1 500	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1 500	—	—	...
Place of less than 2,500 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
2,000 to 2,499 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
1,500 to 1,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
1,000 to 1,499 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
Less than 1,000 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
Other urban .....	2 311	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2 311

Table 14. Housing Units Inside and Outside Metropolitan Area by Urban and Rural and Size of Place: 1990—Con.

[Portions of certain cities may be classified as rural (see "Extended City" in Appendix A). Place partly outside a metropolitan area is counted where larger part of population is located; housing units, however, are tabulated where located. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

State Inside Metropolitan Area Outside Metropolitan Area	All housing units	In place												Not in place
		Total		Incorporated place						Census designated place				
				Total		Central city of metropolitan area		Other		Total		Central city of metropolitan area		
		Number of places	Housing units	Number of places	Housing units	Number of places	Housing units	Number of places	Housing units	Number of places	Housing units	Number of places	Housing units	
INSIDE METROPOLITAN AREA—Con.														
Outside urbanized area -----	2 596	1	2 596	1	2 596	—	—	1	2 596	—	—	—	—	...
Place of —														
25,000 or more -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
10,000 to 24,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
5,000 to 9,999 -----	2 596	1	2 596	1	2 596	—	—	1	2 596	—	—	—	—	...
2,500 to 4,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
Rural -----	13 820	5	1 297	4	815	—	—	4	815	1	482	—	—	12 523
Place of 1,000 to 2,499 -----	482	1	482	—	—	—	—	4	815	1	482	—	—	...
2,000 to 2,499 -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
1,500 to 1,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
1,000 to 1,499 -----	482	1	482	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	482	—	—	...
Place of less than 1,000 -----	815	4	815	4	815	—	—	4	815	—	—	—	—	...
Other rural -----	12 523	...	—	...	—	...	—	...	—	...	...	...	...	12 523
OUTSIDE METROPOLITAN AREA														
Total -----	279 311	152	158 066	121	137 862	...	...	121	137 862	31	20 204	...	...	121 245
Urban -----	115 573	32	114 012	26	101 983	...	...	26	101 983	6	12 029	...	...	1 561
Inside urbanized area -----	24 388	2	22 827	1	18 488	...	...	1	18 488	1	4 339	...	...	1 561
Central place -----	18 488	1	18 488	1	18 488	...	...	1	18 488	—	—	...	...	...
Place of -----														
1,000,000 or more -----	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...
500,000 to 999,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...
250,000 to 499,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...
100,000 to 249,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...
50,000 to 99,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...
Less than 50,000 -----	18 488	1	18 488	1	18 488	...	...	1	18 488	—	—	...	...	...
Urban fringe -----	5 900	1	4 339	—	—	...	...	—	—	1	4 339	...	...	1 561
Place of 2,500 or more -----	4 339	1	4 339	—	—	...	...	—	—	1	4 339	...	...	...
100,000 or more -----	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...
50,000 to 99,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...
25,000 to 49,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...
10,000 to 24,999 -----	4 339	1	4 339	—	—	...	...	—	—	1	4 339	...	...	...
5,000 to 9,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...
2,500 to 4,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...
Place of less than 2,500 -----	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...
2,000 to 2,499 -----	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...
1,500 to 1,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...
1,000 to 1,499 -----	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...
Less than 1,000 -----	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...
Other urban -----	1 561	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1 561
Outside urbanized area -----	91 185	30	91 185	25	83 495	...	...	25	83 495	5	7 690	...	...	...
Place of -----														
25,000 or more -----	14 346	1	14 346	1	14 346	...	...	1	14 346	—	—	...	...	...
10,000 to 24,999 -----	33 652	5	33 652	5	33 652	...	...	5	33 652	—	—	...	...	...
5,000 to 9,999 -----	14 654	5	14 654	4	12 373	...	...	4	12 373	1	2 281	...	...	...
2,500 to 4,999 -----	28 533	19	28 533	15	23 124	...	...	15	23 124	4	5 409	...	...	...
Rural -----	163 738	120	44 054	95	35 879	...	...	95	35 879	25	8 175	...	...	119 684
Place of 1,000 to 2,499 -----	23 443	35	23 443	24	17 611	...	...	24	17 611	11	5 832	...	...	...
2,000 to 2,499 -----	3 234	3	3 234	3	3 234	...	...	3	3 234	—	—	...	...	...
1,500 to 1,999 -----	12 719	17	12 719	11	9 157	...	...	11	9 157	6	3 562	...	...	...
1,000 to 1,499 -----	7 490	15	7 490	10	5 220	...	...	10	5 220	5	2 270	...	...	...
Place of less than 1,000 -----	18 546	85	18 546	71	16 203	...	...	71	16 203	14	2 343	...	...	...
Other rural -----	121 749	...	2 065	...	2 065	...	...	...	2 065	...	...	...	...	119 684

[Portions of certain cities may be classified as rural (see "Extended City" in Appendix A). Place partly outside a metropolitan area is counted where larger part of population is located; land area, however, is tabulated where located. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

State Inside Metropolitan Area Outside Metropolitan Area		In place												Not in place
		Total		Incorporated place						Census designated place				
				Total		Central city of metropolitan area		Other		Total		Central city of metropolitan area		
		Number of places	Land area	Number of places	Land area	Number of places	Land area	Number of places	Land area	Number of places	Land area	Number of places	Land area	
THE STATE	All land area													
Total	376 990.9	162	5 211.1	128	4 282.3	2	124.4	126	4 157.9	34	928.8	—	—	371 779.8
Urban	640.1	37	609.6	29	404.2	2	124.4	27	279.7	8	205.5	—	—	30.4
Inside urbanized area	243.2	6	212.8	3	167.5	2	124.4	1	43.1	3	45.3	—	—	30.4
Central place	167.5	3	167.5	3	167.5	2	124.4	1	43.1	—	—	—	—	—
Place of —														
1,000,000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
500,000 to 999,999	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
250,000 to 499,999	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
100,000 to 249,999	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
50,000 to 99,999	124.4	2	124.4	2	124.4	2	124.4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Less than 50,000	43.1	1	43.1	1	43.1	—	—	1	43.1	—	—	—	—	—
Urban fringe	75.7	3	45.3	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	45.3	—	—	30.4
Place of 2,500 or more	45.3	3	45.3	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	45.3	—	—	—
100,000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
50,000 to 99,999	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
25,000 to 49,999	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
10,000 to 24,999	21.0	1	21.0	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	21.0	—	—	—
5,000 to 9,999	5.1	1	5.1	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	5.1	—	—	—
2,500 to 4,999	19.2	1	19.2	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	19.2	—	—	—
Place of less than 2,500	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 to 2,499	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1,500 to 1,999	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,499	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Less than 1,000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other urban	30.4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	30.4
Outside urbanized area	396.9	31	396.9	26	236.7	—	—	26	236.7	5	160.2	—	—	—
Place of —														
25,000 or more	56.5	1	56.5	1	56.5	—	—	1	56.5	—	—	—	—	—
10,000 to 24,999	89.1	5	89.1	5	89.1	—	—	5	89.1	—	—	—	—	—
5,000 to 9,999	99.6	6	99.6	5	29.4	—	—	5	29.4	1	70.2	—	—	—
2,500 to 4,999	151.7	19	151.7	15	61.8	—	—	15	61.8	4	90.0	—	—	—
Rural	376 350.8	125	4 601.4	99	3 878.2	—	—	99	3 878.2	26	723.3	—	—	371 749.4
Place of 1,000 to 2,499	481.5	36	481.5	24	64.1	—	—	24	64.1	12	417.4	—	—	—
2,000 to 2,499	8.6	3	8.6	3	8.6	—	—	3	8.6	—	—	—	—	—



Table 15. Land Area in Square Kilometers Inside and Outside Metropolitan Area by Urban and Rural and Size of Place: 1990—Con.

[Portions of certain cities may be classified as rural (see "Extended City" in Appendix A). Place partly outside a metropolitan area is counted where larger part of population is located; land area, however, is tabulated where located. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State Inside Metropolitan Area Outside Metropolitan Area	All land area	In place												Not in place
		Total		Incorporated place						Census designated place				
				Total		Central city of metropolitan area		Other		Total		Central city of metropolitan area		
		Number of places	Land area	Number of places	Land area	Number of places	Land area	Number of places	Land area	Number of places	Land area	Number of places	Land area	
INSIDE METROPOLITAN AREA—Con.														
Outside urbanized area -----	4.8	1	4.8	1	4.8	—	—	1	4.8	—	—	—	—	...
Place of —														
25,000 or more -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
10,000 to 24,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
5,000 to 9,999 -----	4.8	1	4.8	1	4.8	—	—	1	4.8	—	—	—	—	...
2,500 to 4,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
Rural -----	13 638.4	5	23.4	4	8.0	—	—	4	8.0	1	15.4	—	—	13 615.0
Place of 1,000 to 2,499 -----	15.4	1	15.4	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	15.4	—	—	...
2,000 to 2,499 -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
1,500 to 1,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
1,000 to 1,499 -----	15.4	1	15.4	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	15.4	—	—	...
Place of less than 1,000 -----	8.0	4	8.0	4	8.0	—	—	4	8.0	—	—	—	—	...
Other rural -----	13 615.0	...	—	...	—	...	—	...	—	...	...	...	...	13 615.0
OUTSIDE METROPOLITAN AREA														
Total -----	363 177.8	152	5 034.1	121	4 145.1	...	...	121	4 145.1	31	889.0	...	...	358 143.7
Urban -----	465.4	32	456.1	26	275.0	...	...	26	275.0	6	181.2	...	...	9.2
Inside urbanized area -----	73.3	2	64.0	1	43.1	...	...	1	43.1	1	21.0	...	...	9.2
Central place -----	43.1	1	43.1	1	43.1	...	...	1	43.1	—	—	...	...	...
Place of —														
1,000,000 or more -----	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...
500,000 to 999,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...
250,000 to 499,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...
100,000 to 249,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...
50,000 to 99,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...
Less than 50,000 -----	43.1	1	43.1	1	43.1	...	...	1	43.1	—	—	...	...	...
Urban fringe -----	30.2	1	21.0	—	—	...	...	—	—	1	21.0	...	...	9.2
Place of 2,500 or more -----	21.0	1	21.0	—	—	...	...	—	—	1	21.0	...	...	...
100,000 or more -----	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...
50,000 to 99,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...
25,000 to 49,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...
10,000 to 24,999 -----	21.0	1	21.0	—	—	...	...	—	—	1	21.0	...	...	...
5,000 to 9,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...
2,500 to 4,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...
Place of less than 2,500 -----	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...
2,000 to 2,499 -----	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...
1,500 to 1,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...
1,000 to 1,499 -----	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...
Less than 1,000 -----	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...
Other urban -----	9.2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9.2
Outside urbanized area -----	392.1	30	392.1	25	231.9	...	...	25	231.9	5	160.2	...	...	...
Place of —														
25,000 or more -----	56.5	1	56.5	1	56.5	...	...	1	56.5	—	—	...	...	...
10,000 to 24,999 -----	89.1	5	89.1	5	89.1	...	...	5	89.1	—	—	...	...	...
5,000 to 9,999 -----	94.8	5	94.8	4	24.6	...	...	4	24.6	1	70.2	...	...	...
2,500 to 4,999 -----	151.7	19	151.7	15	61.8	...	...	15	61.8	4	90.0	...	...	...
Rural -----	362 712.4	120	4 578.0	95	3 870.2	...	...	95	3 870.2	25	707.8	...	...	358 134.4
Place of 1,000 to 2,499 -----	466.1	35	466.1	24	64.1	...	...	24	64.1	11	401.9	...	...	...
2,000 to 2,499 -----	8.6	3	8.6	3	8.6	...	...	3	8.6	—	—	...	...	...
1,500 to 1,999 -----	349.1	17	349.1	11	35.2	...	...	11	35.2	6	313.9	...	...	...
1,000 to 1,499 -----	108.4	15	108.4	10	20.4	...	...	10	20.4	5	88.0	...	...	...
Place of less than 1,000 -----	415.8	85	415.8	71	109.9	...	...	71	109.9	14	305.9	...	...	...
Other rural -----	361 830.6	...	3 696.1	...	3 696.1	...	...	...	3 696.1	...	...	...	...	358 134.4

State Inside Metropolitan Area Outside Metropolitan Area		In place												Not in place
		Total		Incorporated place						Census designated place				
				Total		Central city of metropolitan area		Other		Total		Central city of metropolitan area		
		Number of places	Land area	Number of places	Land area	Number of places	Land area	Number of places	Land area	Number of places	Land area	Number of places	Land area	
THE STATE	All land area													
Total.....	145 556.3	162	2 012.0	128	1 653.4	2	48.0	126	1 605.4	34	358.6	—	—	143 544.3
Urban.....	247.1	37	235.4	29	156.1	2	48.0	27	108.0	8	79.3	—	—	11.7
Inside urbanized area .....	93.9	6	82.2	3	64.7	2	48.0	1	16.6	3	17.5	—	—	11.7
Central place .....	64.7	3	64.7	3	64.7	2	48.0	1	16.6	—	—	—	—	...
Place of — .....														
1,000,000 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
500,000 to 999,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
250,000 to 499,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
100,000 to 249,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
50,000 to 99,999 .....	48.0	2	48.0	2	48.0	2	48.0	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
Less than 50,000 .....	16.6	1	16.6	1	16.6	—	—	1	16.6	—	—	—	—	...
Urban fringe .....	29.2	3	17.5	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	17.5	—	—	11.7
Place of 2,500 or more .....	17.5	3	17.5	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	17.5	—	—	...
100,000 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
50,000 to 99,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
25,000 to 49,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
10,000 to 24,999 .....	8.1	1	8.1	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	8.1	—	—	...
5,000 to 9,999 .....	2.0	1	2.0	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	2.0	—	—	...
2,500 to 4,999 .....	7.4	1	7.4	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	7.4	—	—	...
Place of less than 2,500 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
2,000 to 2,499 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
1,500 to 1,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
1,000 to 1,499 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
Less than 1,000 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
Other urban .....	11.7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11.7
Outside urbanized area .....	153.2	31	153.2	26	91.4	—	—	26	91.4	5	61.9	—	—	...
Place of — .....														
25,000 or more .....	21.8	1	21.8	1	21.8	—	—	1	21.8	—	—	—	—	...
10,000 to 24,999 .....	34.4	5	34.4	5	34.4	—	—	5	34.4	—	—	—	—	...
5,000 to 9,999 .....	38.4	6	38.4	5	11.3	—	—	5	11.3	1	27.1	—	—	...
2,500 to 4,999 .....	58.6	19	58.6	15	23.8	—	—	15	23.8	4	34.7	—	—	...
Rural .....	145 309.2	125	1 776.6	99	1 497.4	—	—	99	1 497.4	26	279.3	—	—	143 532.6
Place of 1,000 to 2,499 .....	185.9	36	185.9	24	24.8	—	—	24	24.8	12	161.2	—	—	...
2,000 to 2,499 .....	3.3	3	3.3	3	3.3	—	—	3	3.3	—	—	—	—	...
1,500 to 1,999 .....	134.8													

## 30 MONTANA

## POPULATION AND HOUSING UNIT COUNTS

Table 16. Land Area in Square Miles Inside and Outside Metropolitan Area by Urban and Rural and Size of Place: 1990—Con.

[Portions of certain cities may be classified as rural (see "Extended City" in Appendix A). Place partly outside a metropolitan area is counted where larger part of population is located; land area, however, is tabulated where located. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State Inside Metropolitan Area Outside Metropolitan Area	All land area	In place												Not in place
		Total		Incorporated place						Census designated place				
				Total		Central city of metropolitan area		Other		Total		Central city of metropolitan area		
Number of places	Land area	Number of places	Land area	Number of places	Land area	Number of places	Land area	Number of places	Land area	Number of places	Land area			
INSIDE METROPOLITAN AREA—Con.														
Outside urbanized area -----	1.8	1	1.8	1	1.8	—	—	1	1.8	—	—	—	—	...
Place of —														
25,000 or more -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
10,000 to 24,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
5,000 to 9,999 -----	1.8	1	1.8	1	1.8	—	—	1	1.8	—	—	—	—	...
2,500 to 4,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
Rural -----	5 265.8	5	9.0	4	3.1	—	—	4	3.1	1	6.0	—	—	5 256.7
Place of 1,000 to 2,499 -----	6.0	1	6.0	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	6.0	—	—	...
2,000 to 2,499 -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
1,500 to 1,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
1,000 to 1,499 -----	6.0	1	6.0	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	6.0	—	—	...
Place of less than 1,000 -----	3.1	4	3.1	4	3.1	—	—	4	3.1	—	—	—	—	...
Other rural -----	5 256.7	...	—	...	—	...	—	...	—	...	...	...	...	5 256.7
OUTSIDE METROPOLITAN AREA														
Total -----	140 223.1	152	1 943.7	121	1 600.4	...	...	121	1 600.4	31	343.2	...	...	138 279.4
Urban -----	179.7	32	176.1	26	106.2	...	...	26	106.2	6	69.9	...	...	3.6
Inside urbanized area -----	28.3	2	24.7	1	16.6	...	...	1	16.6	1	8.1	...	...	3.6
Central place -----	16.6	1	16.6	1	16.6	...	...	1	16.6	—	—	...	...	...
Place of —														
1,000,000 or more -----	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...
500,000 to 999,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...
250,000 to 499,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...
100,000 to 249,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...
50,000 to 99,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...
Less than 50,000 -----	16.6	1	16.6	1	16.6	...	...	1	16.6	—	—	...	...	...
Urban fringe -----	11.7	1	8.1	—	—	...	...	—	—	1	8.1	...	...	3.6
Place of 2,500 or more -----	8.1	1	8.1	—	—	...	...	—	—	1	8.1	...	...	...
100,000 or more -----	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...
50,000 to 99,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...
25,000 to 49,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...
10,000 to 24,999 -----	8.1	1	8.1	—	—	...	...	—	—	1	8.1	...	...	...
5,000 to 9,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...
2,500 to 4,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...
Place of less than 2,500 -----	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...
2,000 to 2,499 -----	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...
1,500 to 1,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...
1,000 to 1,499 -----	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...
Less than 1,000 -----	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...
Other urban -----	3.6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3.6
Outside urbanized area -----	151.4	30	151.4	25	89.5	...	...	25	89.5	5	61.9	...	...	...
Place of —														
25,000 or more -----	21.8	1	21.8	1	21.8	...	...	1	21.8	—	—	...	...	...
10,000 to 24,999 -----	34.4	5	34.4	5	34.4	...	...	5	34.4	—	—	...	...	...
5,000 to 9,999 -----	36.6	5	36.6	4	9.5	...	...	4	9.5	1	27.1	...	...	...
2,500 to 4,999 -----	58.6	19	58.6	15	23.8	...	...	15	23.8	4	34.7	...	...	...
Rural -----	140 043.4	120	1 767.6	95	1 494.3	...	...	95	1 494.3	25	273.3	...	...	138 275.8
Place of 1,000 to 2,499 -----	180.0	35	180.0	24	24.8	...	...	24	24.8	11	155.2	...	...	...
2,000 to 2,499 -----	3.3	3	3.3	3	3.3	...	...	3	3.3	—	—	...	...	...
1,500 to 1,999 -----	134.8	17	134.8	11	13.6	...	...	11	13.6	6	121.2	...	...	...
1,000 to 1,499 -----	41.9	15	41.9	10	7.9	...	...	10	7.9	5	34.0	...	...	...
Place of less than 1,000 -----	160.5	85	160.5	71	42.4	...	...	71	42.4	14	118.1	...	...	...
Other rural -----	139 702.9	...	1 427.1	...	1 427.1	...	...	...	1 427.1	...	...	...	...	138 275.8

Table 17. Population Inside and Outside Metropolitan Area by Size of Place: 1990

[Place partly outside a metropolitan area is counted where larger part of population is located; population, however, is tabulated where located. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State Inside Metropolitan Area Outside Metropolitan Area	Total popula- tion	In place												Not in place
		Total		Incorporated place						Census designated place				
				Total		Central city of metropolitan area		Other		Total		Central city of metropolitan area		
		Number of places	Population	Number of places	Population	Number of places	Population	Number of places	Population	Number of places	Population	Number of places	Population	
THE STATE														
Total .....	799 065	162	508 371	128	443 674	2	136 248	126	307 426	34	64 697	—	—	290 694
In place .....	508 371	162	508 371	128	443 674	2	136 248	126	307 426	34	64 697	—	—	...
Place of —														
1,000,000 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
500,000 to 999,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
250,000 to 499,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
100,000 to 249,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
50,000 to 99,999 .....	136 248	2	136 248	2	136 248	2	136 248	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
25,000 to 49,999 .....	76 254	2	76 254	2	76 254	—	—	2	76 254	—	—	—	—	...
10,000 to 24,999 .....	89 942	6	89 942	5	79 625	—	—	5	79 625	1	10 317	—	—	...
5,000 to 9,999 .....	44 381	7	44 381	5	32 116	...	...	5	32 116	2	12 265	...	...	...
2,500 to 4,999 .....	68 277	20	68 277	15	49 819	...	...	15	49 819	5	18 458	...	...	...
2,000 to 2,499 .....	6 654	3	6 654	3	6 654	...	...	3	6 654	—	—	...	...	...
1,500 to 1,999 .....	28 744	17	28 744	11	18 347	...	...	11	18 347	6	10 397	...	...	...
1,000 to 1,499 .....	19 136	16	19 136	10	11 576	...	...	10	11 576	6	7 560	...	...	...
500 to 999 .....	22 897	31	22 897	30	22 243	...	...	30	22 243	1	654	...	...	...
200 to 499 .....	13 030	37	13 030	24	7 984	...	...	24	7 984	13	5 046	...	...	...
Less than 200 .....	2 808	21	2 808	21	2 808	...	...	21	2 808	—	—	...	...	...
Cumulative summary:														
Place of —														
1,000,000 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
500,000 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
250,000 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
100,000 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
50,000 or more .....	136 248	2	136 248	2	136 248	2	136 248	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
25,000 or more .....	212 502	4	212 502	4	212 502	2	136 248	2	76 254	—	—	—	—	...
10,000 or more .....	302 444	10	302 444	9	292 127	2	136 248	7	155 879	1	10 317	—	—	...
5,000 or more .....	346 825	17	346 825	14	324 243	2	136 248	12	187 995	3	22 582	—	—	...
2,500 or more .....	415 102	37	415 102	29	374 062	2	136 248	27	237 814	8	41 040	—	—	...
2,000 or more .....	421 756	40	421 756	32	380 716	2	136 248	30	244 468	8	41 040	—	—	...
1,500 or more .....	450 500	57	450 500	43	399 063	2	136 248	41	262 815	14	51 437	—	—	...
1,000 or more .....	469 636	73	469 636	53	410 639	2	136 248	51	274 391	20	58 997	—	—	...
500 or more .....	492 533	104	492 533	83	432 882	2	136 248	81	296 634	21	59 651	—	—	...
200 or more .....	505 563	141	505 563	107	440 866	2	136 248	105	304 618	34	64 697	—	—	...
Not in place .....	290 694	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	290 694
INSIDE METROPOLITAN AREA														
Total .....	191 110	10	154 749	7	143 420	2	136 248	5	7 172	3	11 329	—	—	36 361
In place .....	154 749	10	154 749	7	143 420	2	136 248	5	7 172	3	11 329	—	—	...
Place of —														
1,000,000 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
500,000 to 999,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
250,000 to 499,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
100,000 to 249,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
50,000 to 99,999 .....	136 248	2	136 248	2	136 248	2	136 248	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
25,000 to 49,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
10,000 to 24,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
5,000 to 9,999 .....	11 624	2	11 624	1	5 686	...	...	1	5 686	1	5 938	...	...	...
2,500 to 4,999 .....	3 967	1	3 967	—	—	...	...	—	—	1	3 967	...	...	...
2,000 to 2,499 .....	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...
1,500 to 1,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...
1,000 to 1,499 .....	1 424	1	1 424	—	—	...	...	—	—	1	1 424	...	...	...
500 to 999 .....	1 300	2	1 300	2	1 300	...	...	2	1 300	—	—	...	...	...
200 to 499 .....	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...
Less than 200 .....	186	2	186	2	186	...	...	2	186	—	—	...	...	...

[Place partly outside a metropolitan area is counted where larger part of population is located; population, however, is tabulated where located. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State Inside Metropolitan Area Outside Metropolitan Area	Total popula- tion	In place												Not in place
		Total		Incorporated place						Census designated place				
				Total		Central city of metropolitan area		Other		Total		Central city of metropolitan area		
		Number of places	Population	Number of places	Population	Number of places	Population	Number of places	Population	Number of places	Population	Number of places	Population	
INSIDE METROPOLITAN AREA—Con.														
Cumulative summary:														
Place of —														
1,000,000 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
500,000 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
250,000 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
100,000 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
50,000 or more .....	136 248	2	136 248	2	136 248	2	136 248	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
25,000 or more .....	136 248	2	136 248	2	136 248	2	136 248	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
10,000 or more .....	136 248	2	136 248	2	136 248	2	136 248	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
5,000 or more .....	147 872	4	147 872	3	141 934	2	136 248	1	5 686	1	5 938	—	—	...
2,500 or more .....	151 839	5	151 839	3	141 934	2	136 248	1	5 686	2	9 905	—	—	...
2,000 or more .....	151 839	5	151 839	3	141 934	2	136 248	1	5 686	2	9 905	—	—	...
1,500 or more .....	151 839	5	151 839	3	141 934	2	136 248	1	5 686	2	9 905	—	—	...
1,000 or more .....	153 263	6	153 263	3	141 934	2	136 248	1	5 686	3	11 329	—	—	...
500 or more .....	154 563	8	154 563	5	143 234	2	136 248	3	6 986	3	11 329	—	—	...
200 or more .....	154 563	8	154 563	5	143 234	2	136 248	3	6 986	3	11 329	—	—	...
Not in place .....	36 361	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	36 361
OUTSIDE METROPOLITAN AREA														
Total .....	607 955	152	353 622	121	300 254	...	...	121	300 254	31	53 368	...	...	254 333
In place .....	353 622	152	353 622	121	300 254	...	...	121	300 254	31	53 368	...	...	...
Place of —														
1,000,000 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	...	...	—	—	...	...	...
500,000 to 999,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	...	...	—	—	...	...	...
250,000 to 499,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	...	...	—	—	...	...	...
100,000 to 249,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	...	...	—	—	...	...	...
50,000 to 99,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	...	...	—	—	...	...	...
25,000 to 49,999 .....	76 254	2	76 254	2	76 254	...	...	2	76 254	—	—	...	...	...
10,000 to 24,999 .....	89 942	6	89 942	5	79 625	...	...	5	79 625	1	10 317	...	...	...
5,000 to 9,999 .....	32 757	5	32 757	4	26 430	...	...	4	26 430	1	6 327	...	...	...
2,500 to 4,999 .....	64 310	19	64 310	15	49 819	...	...	15	49 819	4	14 491	...	...	...
2,000 to 2,499 .....	6 654	3	6 654	3	6 654	...	...	3	6 654	—	—	...	...	...
1,500 to 1,999 .....	28 744	17	28 744	11	18 347	...	...	11	18 347	6	10 397	...	...	...
1,000 to 1,499 .....	17 712	15	17 712	10	11 576	...	...	10	11 576	5	6 136	...	...	...
500 to 999 .....	21 597	29	21 597	28	20 943	...	...	28	20 943	1	654	...	...	...
200 to 499 .....	13 030	37	13 030	24	7 984	...	...	24	7 984	13	5 046	...	...	...
Less than 200 .....	2 622	19	2 622	19	2 622	...	...	19	2 622	—	—	...	...	...
Cumulative summary:														
Place of —														
1,000,000 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	...	...	—	—	...	...	...
500,000 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	...	...	—	—	...	...	...
250,000 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	...	...	—	—	...	...	...
100,000 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	...	...	—	—	...	...	...
50,000 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	...	...	—	—	...	...	...
25,000 or more .....	76 254	2	76 254	2	76 254	...	...	2	76 254	—	—	...	...	...
10,000 or more .....	166 196	8	166 196	7	155 879	...	...	7	155 879	1	10 317	...	...	...
5,000 or more .....	198 953	13	198 953	11	182 309	...	...	11	182 309	2	16 644	...	...	...
2,500 or more .....	263 263	32	263 263	26	232 128	...	...	26	232 128	6	31 135	...	...	...
2,000 or more .....	269 917	35	269 917	29	238 782	...	...	29	238 782	6	31 135	...	...	...
1,500 or more .....	298 661	52	298 661	40	257 129	...	...	40	257 129	12	41 532	...	...	...
1,000 or more .....	316 373	67	316 373	50	268 705	...	...	50	268 705	17	47 668	...	...	...
500 or more .....	337 970	96	337 970	78	289 648	...	...	78	289 648	18	48 322	...	...	...
200 or more .....	351 000	133	351 000	102	297 632	...	...	102	297 632	31	53 368	...	...	...
Not in place .....	254 333	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	254 333

Table 18. Housing Units Inside and Outside Metropolitan Area by Size of Place: 1990

[Place partly outside a metropolitan area is counted where larger part of population is located; housing units, however, are tabulated where located. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State Inside Metropolitan Area Outside Metropolitan Area		All housing units	In place												Not in place		
			Total		Incorporated place						Census designated place						
					Total		Central city of metropolitan area		Other		Total		Central city of metropolitan area				
			Number of places	Housing units												Number of places	Housing units
THE STATE																	
Total .....	361 155	162	225 076	128	201 394	2	60 121	126	141 273	34	23 682	—	—	136 079			
In place .....	225 076	162	225 076	128	201 394	2	60 121	126	141 273	34	23 682	—	—	...			
Place of —																	
1,000,000 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...			
500,000 to 999,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...			
250,000 to 499,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...			
100,000 to 249,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...			
50,000 to 99,999 .....	60 121	2	60 121	2	60 121	2	60 121	—	—	—	—	—	—	...			
25,000 to 49,999 .....	33 668	2	33 668	2	33 668	—	—	2	33 668	—	—	—	—	...			
10,000 to 24,999 .....	39 222	6	39 222	5	34 883	—	—	5	34 883	1	4 339	—	—	...			
5,000 to 9,999 .....	18 746	7	18 746	5	14 969	...	...	5	14 969	2	3 777	...	...	...			
2,500 to 4,999 .....	30 033	20	30 033	15	23 124	...	...	15	23 124	5	6 909	...	...	...			
2,000 to 2,499 .....	3 234	3	3 234	3	3 234	...	...	3	3 234	—	—	...	...	...			
1,500 to 1,999 .....	12 719	17	12 719	11	9 157	...	...	11	9 157	6	3 562	...	...	...			
1,000 to 1,499 .....	7 972	16	7 972	10	5 220	...	...	10	5 220	6	2 752	...	...	...			
500 to 999 .....	11 018	31	11 018	30	10 849	...	...	30	10 849	1	169	...	...	...			
200 to 499 .....	6 582	37	6 582	24	4 408	...	...	24	4 408	13	2 174	...	...	...			
Less than 200 .....	1 761	21	1 761	21	1 761	...	...	21	1 761	—	—	...	...	...			
Cumulative summary:																	
Place of —																	
1,000,000 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...			
500,000 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...			
250,000 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...			
100,000 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...			
50,000 or more .....	60 121	2	60 121	2	60 121	2	60 121	—	—	—	—	—	—	...			
25,000 or more .....	93 789	4	93 789	4	93 789	2	60 121	2	33 668	—	—	—	—	...			
10,000 or more .....	133 011	10	133 011	9	128 672	2	60 121	7	68 551	1	4 339	—	—	...			
5,000 or more .....	151 757	17	151 757	14	143 641	2	60 121	12	83 520	3	8 116	—	—	...			
2,500 or more .....	181 790	37	181 790	29	166 765	2	60 121	27	106 644	8	15 025	—	—	...			
2,000 or more .....	185 024	40	185 024	32	169 999	2	60 121	30	109 878	8	15 025	—	—	...			
1,500 or more .....	197 743	57	197 743	43	179 156	2	60 121	41	119 035	14	18 587	—	—	...			
1,000 or more .....	205 715	73	205 715	53	184 376	2	60 121	51	124 255	20	21 339	—	—	...			
500 or more .....	216 733	104	216 733	83	195 225	2	60 121	81	135 104	21	21 508	—	—	...			
200 or more .....	223 315	141	223 315	107	199 633	2	60 121	105	139 512	34	23 682	—	—	...			
Not in place .....	136 079	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	136 079			
INSIDE METROPOLITAN AREA																	
Total .....	81 844	10	67 010	7	63 532	2	60 121	5	3 411	3	3 478	—	—	14 834			
In place .....	67 010	10	67 010	7	63 532	2	60 121	5	3 411	3	3 478	—	—	...			
Place of —																	
1,000,000 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...			
500,000 to 999,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...			
250,000 to 499,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...			
100,000 to 249,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...			
50,000 to 99,999 .....	60 121	2	60 121	2	60 121	2	60 121	—	—	—	—	—	—	...			
25,000 to 49,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...			
10,000 to 24,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...			
5,000 to 9,999 .....	4 092	2	4 092	1	2 596	...	...	1	2 596	1	1 496	...	...	...			
2,500 to 4,999 .....	1 500	1	1 500	—	—	...	...	—	—	1	1 500	...	...	...			
2,000 to 2,499 .....	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...			
1,500 to 1,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...			
1,000 to 1,499 .....	482	1	482	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...			
500 to 999 .....	615	2	615	2	615	...	...	2	615	—	—	...	...	...			
200 to 499 .....	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...			
Less than 200 .....	200	2	200	2	200	...	...	2	200	—	—	...	...	...			

State Inside Metropolitan Area Outside Metropolitan Area	All housing units	In place												Not in place
		Total		Incorporated place						Census designated place				
				Total		Central city of metropolitan area		Other		Total		Central city of metropolitan area		
		Number of places	Housing units	Number of places	Housing units	Number of places	Housing units	Number of places	Housing units	Number of places	Housing units	Number of places	Housing units	
INSIDE METROPOLITAN AREA—Con.														
Cumulative summary:														
Place of—														
1,000,000 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
500,000 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
250,000 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
100,000 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
50,000 or more .....	60 121	2	60 121	2	60 121	2	60 121	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
25,000 or more .....	60 121	2	60 121	2	60 121	2	60 121	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
10,000 or more .....	60 121	2	60 121	2	60 121	2	60 121	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
5,000 or more .....	64 213	4	64 213	3	62 717	2	60 121	1	2 596	1	1 496	—	—	...
2,500 or more .....	65 713	5	65 713	3	62 717	2	60 121	1	2 596	2	2 996	—	—	...
2,000 or more .....	65 713	5	65 713	3	62 717	2	60 121	1	2 596	2	2 996	—	—	...
1,500 or more .....	65 713	5	65 713	3	62 717	2	60 121	1	2 596	2	2 996	—	—	...
1,000 or more .....	66 195	6	66 195	3	62 717	2	60 121	1	2 596	3	3 478	—	—	...
500 or more .....	66 810	8	66 810	5	63 332	2	60 121	3	3 211	3	3 478	—	—	...
200 or more .....	66 810	8	66 810	5	63 332	2	60 121	3	3 211	3	3 478	—	—	...
Not in place .....	14 834	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14 834
OUTSIDE METROPOLITAN AREA														
Total .....	279 311	152	158 066	121	137 862	...	...	121	137 862	31	20 204	...	...	121 245
In place .....	158 066	152	158 066	121	137 862	...	...	121	137 862	31	20 204	...	...	...
Place of—														
1,000,000 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	...	...	—	—	...	...	...
500,000 to 999,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	...	...	—	—	...	...	...
250,000 to 499,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	...	...	—	—	...	...	...
100,000 to 249,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	...	...	—	—	...	...	...
50,000 to 99,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	...	...	—	—	...	...	...
25,000 to 49,999 .....	33 668	2	33 668	2	33 668	...	...	2	33 668	—	—	...	...	...
10,000 to 24,999 .....	39 222	6	39 222	5	34 883	...	...	5	34 883	1	4 339	...	...	...
5,000 to 9,999 .....	14 654	5	14 654	4	12 373	...	...	4	12 373	1	2 281	...	...	...
2,500 to 4,999 .....	28 533	19	28 533	15	23 124	...	...	15	23 124	4	5 409	...	...	...
2,000 to 2,499 .....	3 234	3	3 234	3	3 234	...	...	3	3 234	—	—	...	...	...
1,500 to 1,999 .....	12 719	17	12 719	11	9 157	...	...	11	9 157	6	3 562	...	...	...
1,000 to 1,499 .....	7 490	15	7 490	10	5 220	...	...	10	5 220	5	2 270	...	...	...
500 to 999 .....	10													

Table 19. Land Area in Square Kilometers Inside and Outside Metropolitan Area by Size of Place: 1990

[Place partly outside a metropolitan area is counted where larger part of population is located; land area, however, is tabulated where located. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State Inside Metropolitan Area Outside Metropolitan Area		In place												Not in place
		Total		Incorporated place						Census designated place				
				Total		Central city of metropolitan area		Other		Total		Central city of metropolitan area		
		Number of places	Land area	Number of places	Land area	Number of places	Land area	Number of places	Land area	Number of places	Land area	Number of places	Land area	
THE STATE	All land area													
Total .....	376 990.9	162	5 211.1	128	4 282.3	2	124.4	126	4 157.9	34	928.8	—	—	371 779.8
In place .....	5 211.1	162	5 211.1	128	4 282.3	2	124.4	126	4 157.9	34	928.8	—	—	...
Place of —														
1,000,000 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
500,000 to 999,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
250,000 to 499,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
100,000 to 249,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
50,000 to 99,999 .....	124.4	2	124.4	2	124.4	2	124.4	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
25,000 to 49,999 .....	1 898.0	2	1 898.0	2	1 898.0	—	—	2	1 898.0	—	—	—	—	...
10,000 to 24,999 .....	2 007.7	6	2 007.7	5	1 986.8	—	—	5	1 986.8	1	21.0	—	—	...
5,000 to 9,999 .....	104.6	7	104.6	5	29.4	...	...	5	29.4	2	75.3	...	...	...
2,500 to 4,999 .....	171.0	20	171.0	15	61.8	...	...	15	61.8	5	109.2	...	...	...
2,000 to 2,499 .....	8.6	3	8.6	3	8.6	...	...	3	8.6	—	—	...	...	...
1,500 to 1,999 .....	349.1	17	349.1	11	35.2	...	...	11	35.2	6	313.9	...	...	...
1,000 to 1,499 .....	123.9	16	123.9	10	20.4	...	...	10	20.4	6	103.5	...	...	...
500 to 999 .....	142.6	31	142.6	30	53.6	...	...	30	53.6	1	89.0	...	...	...
200 to 499 .....	251.1	37	251.1	24	34.2	...	...	24	34.2	13	216.9	...	...	...
Less than 200 .....	30.1	21	30.1	21	30.1	...	...	21	30.1	—	—	...	...	...
Cumulative summary:														
Place of —														
1,000,000 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
500,000 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
250,000 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
100,000 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
50,000 or more .....	124.4	2	124.4	2	124.4	2	124.4	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
25,000 or more .....	2 022.4	4	2 022.4	4	2 022.4	2	124.4	2	1 898.0	—	—	—	—	...
10,000 or more .....	4 030.2	10	4 030.2	9	4 009.2	2	124.4	7	3 884.8	1	21.0	—	—	...
5,000 or more .....	4 134.8	17	4 134.8	14	4 038.6	2	124.4	12	3 914.1	3	96.2	—	—	...
2,500 or more .....	4 305.8	37	4 305.8	29	4 100.3	2	124.4	27	3 975.9	8	205.5	—	—	...
2,000 or more .....	4 314.3	40	4 314.3	32	4 108.9	2	124.4	30	3 984.4	8	205.5	—	—	...
1,500 or more .....	4 663.4	57	4 663.4	43	4 144.1	2	124.4	41	4 019.6	14	519.4	—	—	...
1,000 or more .....	4 787.3	73	4 787.3	53	4 164.5	2	124.4	51	4 040.0	20	622.9	—	—	...
500 or more .....	4 929.9	104	4 929.9	83	4 218.1	2	124.4	81	4 093.6	21	711.9	—	—	...
200 or more .....	5 181.0	141	5 181.0	107	4 252.3	2	124.4	105	4 127.8	34	928.8	—	—	...
Not in place .....	371 779.8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	371 779.8
INSIDE METROPOLITAN AREA														
Total .....	13 813.1	10	176.9	7	137.2	2	124.4	5	12.7	3	39.7	—	—	13 636.1
In place .....	176.9	10	176.9	7	137.2	2	124.4	5	12.7	3	39.7	—	—	...
Place of —														
1,000,000 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
500,000 to 999,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
250,000 to 499,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
100,000 to 249,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
50,000 to 99,999 .....	124.4	2	124.4	2	124.4	2	124.4	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
25,000 to 49,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
10,000 to 24,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
5,000 to 9,999 .....	9.8	2	9.8	1	4.8	...	...	1	4.8	1	5.1	...	...	...
2,500 to 4,999 .....	19.2	1	19.2	—	—	...	...	—	—	1	19.2	...	...	...
2,000 to 2,499 .....	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...
1,500 to 1,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...
1,000 to 1,499 .....	15.4	1	15.4	—	—	...	...	—	—	1	15.4	...	...	...
500 to 999 .....	2.2	2	2.2	2	2.2	...	...	2	2.2	—	—	...	...	...
200 to 499 .....	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...
Less than 200 .....	5.8	2	5.8	2	5.8	...	...	2	5.8	—	—	...	...	...



Table 19. Land Area in Square Kilometers Inside and Outside Metropolitan Area by Size of Place: 1990 — Con.

[Place partly outside a metropolitan area is counted where larger part of population is located; land area, however, is tabulated where located. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

State Inside Metropolitan Area Outside Metropolitan Area		In place												Not in place
		Total		Incorporated place						Census designated place				
				Total		Central city of metropolitan area		Other		Total		Central city of metropolitan area		
		Number of places	Land area											
INSIDE METROPOLITAN AREA—Con.	All land area													
Cumulative summary:														
Place of—														
1,000,000 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
500,000 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
250,000 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
100,000 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
50,000 or more .....	124.4	2	124.4	2	124.4	2	124.4	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
25,000 or more .....	124.4	2	124.4	2	124.4	2	124.4	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
10,000 or more .....	124.4	2	124.4	2	124.4	2	124.4	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
5,000 or more .....	134.3	4	134.3	3	129.2	2	124.4	1	4.8	1	5.1	—	—	...
2,500 or more .....	153.5	5	153.5	3	129.2	2	124.4	1	4.8	2	24.3	—	—	...
2,000 or more .....	153.5	5	153.5	3	129.2	2	124.4	1	4.8	2	24.3	—	—	...
1,500 or more .....	153.5	5	153.5	3	129.2	2	124.4	1	4.8	2	24.3	—	—	...
1,000 or more .....	168.9	6	168.9	3	129.2	2	124.4	1	4.8	3	39.7	—	—	...
500 or more .....	171.2	8	171.2	5	131.4	2	124.4	3	7.0	3	39.7	—	—	...
200 or more .....	171.2	8	171.2	5	131.4	2	124.4	3	7.0	3	39.7	—	—	...
Not in place .....	13 636.1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13 636.1
OUTSIDE METROPOLITAN AREA														
Total .....	363 177.8	152	5 034.1	121	4 145.1	...	...	121	4 145.1	31	889.0	...	...	358 143.7
In place .....	5 034.1	152	5 034.1	121	4 145.1	...	...	121	4 145.1	31	889.0	...	...	...
Place of—														
1,000,000 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	...	...	—	—	...	...	...
500,000 to 999,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	...	...	—	—	...	...	...
250,000 to 499,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	...	...	—	—	...	...	...
100,000 to 249,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	...	...	—	—	...	...	...
50,000 to 99,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	...	...	—	—	...	...	...
25,000 to 49,999 .....	1 898.0	2	1 898.0	2	1 898.0	...	...	2	1 898.0	—	—	...	...	...
10,000 to 24,999 .....	2 007.7	6	2 007.7	5	1 986.8	...	...	5	1 986.8	1	21.0	...	...	...
5,000 to 9,999 .....	94.8	5	94.8	4	24.6	...	...	4	24.6	1	70.2	...	...	...
2,500 to 4,999 .....	151.7	19	151.7	15	61.8	...	...	15	61.8	4	90.0	...	...	...
2,000 to 2,499 .....	8.6	3	8.6	3	8.6	...	...	3	8.6	—	—	...	...	...
1,500 to 1,999 .....	349.1	17	349.1	11	35.2	...	...	11	35.2	6	313.9	...	...	...
1,000 to 1,499 .....	108.4	15	108.4	10	20.4	...	...	10	20.4	5	88.0	...	...	...
500 to 999 .....	140.4	29	140.4	28	51.4	...	...	28	51.4	1	89.0	...	...	...
200 to 499 .....	251.1	37	251.1	24	34.2	...	...	24	34.2	13	216.9	...	...	...
Less than 200 .....	24.3	19	24.3	19	24.3	...	...	19	24.3	—	—	...	...	...
Cumulative summary:														
Place of—														
1,000,000 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	...	...	—	—	...	...	...
500,000 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	...	...	—	—	...	...	...
250,000 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	...	...	—	—	...	...	...
100,000 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	...	...	—	—	...	...	...
50,000 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	...	...	—	—	...	...	...
25,000 or more .....	1 898.0	2	1 898.0	2	1 898.0	...	...	2	1 898.0	—	—	...	...	...
10,000 or more .....	3 905.7	8	3 905.7	7	3 884.8	...	...	7	3 884.8	1	21.0	...	...	...
5,000 or more .....	4 000.5	13	4 000.5	11	3 909.4	...	...	11	3 909.4	2	91.2	...	...	...
2,500 or more .....	4 152.3	32	4 152.3	26	3 971.1	...	...	26	3 971.1	6	181.2	...	...	...
2,000 or more .....	4 160.8	35	4 160.8	29	3 979.7	...	...	29	3 979.7	6	181.2	...	...	...
1,500 or more .....	4 509.9	52	4 509.9	40	4 014.9	...	...	40	4 014.9	12	495.1	...	...	...
1,000 or more .....	4 618.4	67	4 618.4	50	4 035.3	...	...	50	4 035.3	17	583.1	...	...	...
500 or more .....	4 758.8	96	4 758.8	78	4 086.6	...	...	78	4 086.6	18	672.1	...	...	...
200 or more .....	5 009.8	133	5 009.8	102	4 120.8	...	...	102	4 120.8	31	889.0	...	...	...
Not in place .....	358 143.7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	358 143.7

Table 20. Land Area in Square Miles Inside and Outside Metropolitan Area by Size of Place: 1990

[Place partly outside a metropolitan area is counted where larger part of population is located; land area, however, is tabulated where located. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State Inside Metropolitan Area Outside Metropolitan Area		In place												Not in place
		Total		Incorporated place						Census designated place				
				Total		Central city of metropolitan area		Other		Total		Central city of metropolitan area		
All land area	Number of places	Land area	Number of places	Land area	Number of places	Land area	Number of places	Land area	Number of places	Land area	Number of places	Land area		
THE STATE														
Total.....	145 556.3	162	2 012.0	128	1 653.4	2	48.0	126	1 605.4	34	358.6	—	—	143 544.3
In place .....	2 012.0	162	2 012.0	128	1 653.4	2	48.0	126	1 605.4	34	358.6	—	—	...
Place of —														
1,000,000 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
500,000 to 999,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
250,000 to 499,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
100,000 to 249,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
50,000 to 99,999 .....	48.0	2	48.0	2	48.0	2	48.0	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
25,000 to 49,999 .....	732.8	2	732.8	2	732.8	—	—	2	732.8	—	—	—	—	...
10,000 to 24,999 .....	775.2	6	775.2	5	767.1	—	—	5	767.1	1	8.1	—	—	...
5,000 to 9,999 .....	40.4	7	40.4	5	11.3	...	...	5	11.3	2	29.1	...	...	...
2,500 to 4,999 .....	66.0	20	66.0	15	23.8	...	...	15	23.8	5	42.2	...	...	...
2,000 to 2,499 .....	3.3	3	3.3	3	3.3	...	...	3	3.3	—	—	...	...	...
1,500 to 1,999 .....	134.8	17	134.8	11	13.6	...	...	11	13.6	6	121.2	...	...	...
1,000 to 1,499 .....	47.8	16	47.8	10	7.9	...	...	10	7.9	6	40.0	...	...	...
500 to 999 .....	55.1	31	55.1	30	20.7	...	...	30	20.7	1	34.4	...	...	...
200 to 499 .....	96.9	37	96.9	24	13.2	...	...	24	13.2	13	83.7	...	...	...
Less than 200 .....	11.6	21	11.6	21	11.6	...	...	21	11.6	—	—	...	...	...
Cumulative summary:														
Place of —														
1,000,000 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
500,000 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
250,000 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
100,000 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
50,000 or more .....	48.0	2	48.0	2	48.0	2	48.0	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
25,000 or more .....	780.9	4	780.9	4	780.9	2	48.0	2	732.8	—	—	—	—	...
10,000 or more .....	1 556.0	10	1 556.0	9	1 548.0	2	48.0	7	1 499.9	1	8.1	—	—	...
5,000 or more .....	1 596.4	17	1 596.4	14	1 559.3	2	48.0	12	1 511.2	3	37.2	—	—	...
2,500 or more .....	1 662.5	37	1 662.5	29	1 583.1	2	48.0	27	1 535.1	8	79.3	—	—	...
2,000 or more .....	1 665.8	40	1 665.8	32	1 586.4	2	48.0	30	1 538.4	8	79.3	—	—	...
1,500 or more .....	1 800.6	57	1 800.6	43	1 600.0	2	48.0	41	1 552.0	14	200.5	—	—	...
1,000 or more .....	1 848.4	73	1 848.4	53	1 607.9	2	48.0	51	1 559.8	20	240.5	—	—	...
500 or more .....	1 903.4	104	1 903.4	83	1 628.6	2	48.0	81	1 580.5	21	274.9	—	—	...
200 or more .....	2 000.4	141	2 000.4	107	1 641.8	2	48.0	105	1 593.8	34	358.6	—	—	...
Not in place .....	143 544.3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	143 544.3
INSIDE METROPOLITAN AREA														
Total.....	5 333.2	10	68.3	7	53.0	2	48.0	5	4.9	3	15.3	—	—	5 264.9
In place .....	68.3	10	68.3	7	53.0	2	48.0	5	4.9	3	15.3	—	—	...
Place of —														
1,000,000 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
500,000 to 999,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
250,000 to 499,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
100,000 to 249,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
50,000 to 99,999 .....	48.0	2	48.0	2	48.0	2	48.0	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
25,000 to 49,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
10,000 to 24,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
5,000 to 9,999 .....	3.8	2	3.8	1	1.8	...	...	1	1.8	1	2.0	...	...	...
2,500 to 4,999 .....	7.4	1	7.4	—	—	...	...	—	—	1	7.4	...	...	...
2,000 to 2,499 .....	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...
1,500 to 1,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...
1,000 to 1,499 .....	6.0	1	6.0	—	—	...	...	—	—	1	6.0	...	...	...
500 to 999 .....	.9	2	.9	2	.9	...	...	2	.9	—	—	...	...	...
200 to 499 .....	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—	—	—	...	...	...
Less than 200 .....	2.2	2	2.2	2	2.2	...	...	2	2.2	—	—	...	...	...

[Place partly outside a metropolitan area is counted where larger part of population is located; land area, however, is tabulated where located. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State Inside Metropolitan Area Outside Metropolitan Area		In place												Not in place
		Total		Incorporated place						Census designated place				
				Total		Central city of metropolitan area		Other		Total		Central city of metropolitan area		
		Number of places	Land area	Number of places	Land area	Number of places	Land area	Number of places	Land area	Number of places	Land area	Number of places	Land area	
INSIDE METROPOLITAN AREA—Con.	All land area													
Cumulative summary:														
Place of—														
1,000,000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
500,000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
250,000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
100,000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
50,000 or more	48.0	2	48.0	2	48.0	2	48.0	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
25,000 or more	48.0	2	48.0	2	48.0	2	48.0	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
10,000 or more	48.0	2	48.0	2	48.0	2	48.0	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
5,000 or more	51.8	4	51.8	3	49.9	2	48.0	1	1.8	1	2.0	—	—	...
2,500 or more	59.3	5	59.3	3	49.9	2	48.0	1	1.8	2	9.4	—	—	...
2,000 or more	59.3	5	59.3	3	49.9	2	48.0	1	1.8	2	9.4	—	—	...
1,500 or more	59.3	5	59.3	3	49.9	2	48.0	1	1.8	2	9.4	—	—	...
1,000 or more	65.2	6	65.2	3	49.9	2	48.0	1	1.8	3	15.3	—	—	...
500 or more	66.1	8	66.1	5	50.7	2	48.0	3	2.7	3	15.3	—	—	...
200 or more	66.1	8	66.1	5	50.7	2	48.0	3	2.7	3	15.3	—	—	...
Not in place	5 264.9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 264.9
OUTSIDE METROPOLITAN AREA														
Total	140 223.1	152	1 943.7	121	1 600.4	...	...	121	1 600.4	31	343.2	...	...	138 279.4
In place	1 943.7	152	1 943.7	121	1 600.4	...	...	121	1 600.4	31	343.2	...	...	...
Place of—														
1,000,000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	...	...	—	—	...	...	...
500,000 to 999,999	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	...	...	—	—	...	...	...
250,000 to 499,999	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	...	...	—	—	...	...	...
100,000 to 249,999	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	...	...	—	—	...	...	...
50,000 to 99,999	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	...	...	—	—	...	...	...
25,000 to 49,999	732.8	2	732.8	2	732.8	...	...	2	732.8	—	—	...	...	...
10,000 to 24,999	775.2	6	775.2	5	767.1	...	...	5	767.1	1	8.1	...	...	...
5,000 to 9,999	36.6	5	36.6	4	9.5	...	...	4	9.5	1	27.1	...	...	...
2,500 to 4,999	58.6	19	58.6	15	23.8	...	...	15	23.8	4	34.7	...	...	...
2,000 to 2,499	3.3	3	3.3	3	3.3	...	...	3	3.3	—	—	...	...	...
1,500 to 1,999	134.8	17	134.8	11	13.6	...	...	11	13.6	6	121.2	...	...	...
1,000 to 1,499	41.9	15	41.9	10	7.9	...	...	10	7.9	5	34.0	...	...	...
500 to 999	54.2	29	54.2	28	19.8	...	...	28	19.8	1	34.4	...	...	...
200 to 499	96.9	37	96.9	24	13.2	...	...	24	13.2	13	83.7	...	...	...
Less than 200	9.4	19	9.4	19	9.4	...	...	19	9.4	—	—	...	...	...
Cumulative summary:														
Place of—														
1,000,000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	...	...	—	—	...	...	...
500,000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	...	...	—	—	...	...	...
250,000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	...	...	—	—	...	...	...
100,000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	...	...	—	—	...	...	...
50,000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	...	...	—	—	...	...	...
25,000 or more	732.8	2	732.8	2	732.8	...	...	2	732.8	—	—	...	...	...
10,000 or more	1 508.0	8	1 508.0	7	1 499.9	...	...	7	1 499.9	1	8.1	...	...	...
5,000 or more	1 544.6	13	1 544.6	11	1 509.4	...	...	11	1 509.4	2	35.2	...	...	...
2,500 or more	1 603.2	32	1 603.2	26	1 533.3	...	...	26	1 533.3	6	69.9	...	...	...
2,000 or more	1 606.5	35	1 606.5	29	1 536.6	...	...	29	1 536.6	6	69.9	...	...	...
1,500 or more	1 741.3	52	1 741.3	40	1 550.1	...	...	40	1 550.1	12	191.1	...	...	...
1,000 or more	1 783.2	67	1 783.2	50	1 558.0	...	...	50	1 558.0	17	225.1	...	...	...
500 or more	1 837.4	96	1 837.4	78	1 577.8	...	...	78	1 577.8	18	259.5	...	...	...
200 or more	1 934.3	133	1 934.3	102	1 591.1	...	...	102	1 591.1	31	343.2	...	...	...
Not in place	138 279.4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	138 279.4

Table 21. Population and Housing Units 1970 to 1990; Land Area and Density for Metropolitan Area: 1990

[For information concerning historical counts, see "User Notes." MA's are as defined for the 1990 census. Counts relate to component parts as defined at each census. Density is computed using land area. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Metropolitan Area	Population			Housing units			1990 area measurements				1990 density			
							Total area		Land area		Population per—		Housing units per—	
	1990	1980	1970	1990	1980	1970	Square kilometers	Square miles	Square kilometers	Square miles	Square kilometer	Square mile	Square kilometer	Square mile
<b>Billings, MT MSA</b>														
The area .....	113 419	108 035	87 367	48 781	42 756	29 169	6 861.2	2 649.1	6 825.2	2 635.2	16.6	43.0	7.1	18.5
In central city .....	81 151	r66 818	61 581	35 964	r28 004	21 013	84.7	32.7	84.4	32.6	961.5	2 489.3	426.1	1 103.2
Billings city .....	81 151	r66 818	61 581	35 964	r28 004	21 013	84.7	32.7	84.4	32.6	961.5	2 489.3	426.1	1 103.2
Not in central city .....	32 268	r41 217	25 786	12 817	r14 752	8 156	6 776.5	2 616.4	6 740.8	2 602.6	4.8	12.4	1.9	4.9
Yellowstone County .....	113 419	108 035	87 367	48 781	42 756	29 169	6 861.2	2 649.1	6 825.2	2 635.2	16.6	43.0	7.1	18.5
<b>Great Falls, MT MSA</b>														
The area .....	77 691	80 696	81 804	33 063	32 199	27 190	7 023.4	2 711.7	6 987.9	2 698.0	11.1	28.8	4.7	12.3
In central city .....	55 097	r56 884	60 091	24 157	r24 056	20 755	41.1	15.9	40.0	15.4	1 377.4	3 577.7	603.9	1 568.6
Great Falls city .....	55 097	r56 884	60 091	24 157	r24 056	20 755	41.1	15.9	40.0	15.4	1 377.4	3 577.7	603.9	1 568.6
Not in central city .....	22 594	r23 812	21 713	8 906	r8 143	6 435	6 982.3	2 695.9	6 947.9	2 682.6	3.3	8.4	1.3	3.3
Cascade County .....	77 691	80 696	81 804	33 063	32 199	27 190	7 023.4	2 711.7	6 987.9	2 698.0	11.1	28.8	4.7	12.3

Table 22. Population, Housing Units, and Land Area for Metropolitan Area by Population Size Class of Metropolitan Area: 1990

[MA's are as defined for the 1990 census. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Urban and Rural Population Size Class of Metropolitan Area Metropolitan Area	Urban								Rural			
	Total	Total	Inside urbanized area			Outside urbanized area			Total	In place of 1,000 to 2,499	In place of less than 1,000	Other rural
			Total	In central place	Urban fringe	Total	Place of 10,000 or more	Place of 2,500 to 9,999				
<b>POPULATION</b>												
The State -----	799 065	419 826	208 883	179 166	29 717	210 943	108 190	102 753	379 239	54 534	38 735	285 970
Inside metropolitan area -----	191 110	157 373	151 687	136 248	15 439	5 686	—	5 686	33 737	1 424	1 486	30 827
In central city -----	136 248	136 248	136 248	136 248	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not in central city -----	54 862	21 125	15 439	—	15 439	5 686	—	5 686	33 737	1 424	1 486	30 827
1,000,000 or more -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
In central city -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not in central city -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
5,000,000 or more -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
In central city -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not in central city -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
2,500,000 to 4,999,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
In central city -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not in central city -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1,000,000 to 2,499,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
In central city -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not in central city -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Less than 1,000,000 -----	191 110	157 373	151 687	136 248	15 439	5 686	—	5 686	33 737	1 424	1 486	30 827
In central city -----	136 248	136 248	136 248	136 248	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not in central city -----	54 862	21 125	15 439	—	15 439	5 686	—	5 686	33 737	1 424	1 486	30 827
500,000 to 999,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
In central city -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not in central city -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
250,000 to 499,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
In central city -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not in central city -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
100,000 to 249,999 -----	113 419	93 867	88 181	81 151	7 030	5 686	—	5 686	19 552	—	133	19 419
In central city -----	81 151	81 151	81 151	81 151	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not in central city -----	32 268	12 716	7 030	—	7 030	5 686	—	5 686	19 552	—	133	19 419
Billings, MT MSA -----	113 419	93 867	88 181	81 151	7 030	5 686	—	5 686	19 552	—	133	19 419
In central city -----	81 151	81 151	81 151	81 151	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not in central city -----	32 268	12 716	7 030	—	7 030	5 686	—	5 686	19 552	—	133	19 419
Less than 100,000 -----	77 691	63 506	63 506	55 097	8 409	—	—	—	14 185	1 424	1 353	11 408
In central city -----	55 097	55 097	55 097	55 097	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not in central city -----	22 594	8 409	8 409	—	8 409	—	—	—	14 185	1 424	1 353	11 408
Great Falls, MT MSA -----	77 691	63 506	63 506	55 097	8 409	—	—	—	14 185	1 424	1 353	11 408
In central city -----	55 097	55 097	55 097	55 097	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not in central city -----	22 594	8 409	8 409	—	8 409	—	—	—	14 185	1 424	1 353	11 408
Outside metropolitan area -----	607 955	262 453	57 196	42 918	14 278	205 257	108 190	97 067	345 502	53 110	37 249	255 143
<b>HOUSING UNITS</b>												
The State -----	361 155	183 597	89 816	78 609	11 207	93 781	47 998	45 783	177 558	23 925	19 361	134 272
Inside metropolitan area -----	81 844	68 024	65 428	60 121	5 307	2 596	—	2 596	13 820	482	815	12 523
In central city -----	60 121	60 121	60 121	60 121	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not in central city -----	21 723	7 903	5 307	—	5 307	2 596	—	2 596	13 820	482	815	12 523
1,000,000 or more -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
In central city -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not in central city -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
5,000,000 or more -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
In central city -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not in central city -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
2,500,000 to 4,999,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
In central city -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not in central city -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1,000,000 to 2,499,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
In central city -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not in central city -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Less than 1,000,000 -----	81 844	68 024	65 428	60 121	5 307	2 596	—	2 596	13 820	482	815	12 523
In central city -----	60 121	60 121	60 121	60 121	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not in central city -----	21 723	7 903	5 307	—	5 307	2 596	—	2 596	13 820	482	815	12 523
500,000 to 999,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
In central city -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not in central city -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
250,000 to 499,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
In central city -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not in central city -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
100,000 to 249,999 -----	48 781	41 311	38 715	35 964	2 751	2 596	—	2 596	7 470	—	62	7 408
In central city -----	35 964	35 964	35 964	35 964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not in central city -----	12 817	5 347	2 751	—	2 751	2 596	—	2 596	7 470	—	62	7 408
Billings, MT MSA -----	48 781	41 311	38 715	35 964	2 751	2 596	—	2 596	7 470	—	62	7 408
In central city -----	35 964	35 964	35 964	35 964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not in central city -----	12 817	5 347	2 751	—	2 751	2 596	—	2 596	7 470	—	62	7 408



Table 22. Population, Housing Units, and Land Area for Metropolitan Area by Population Size Class of Metropolitan Area: 1990—Con.

[MA's are as defined for the 1990 census. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Urban and Rural Population Size Class of Metropolitan Area Metropolitan Area	Total	Urban							Rural			
		Total	Inside urbanized area			Outside urbanized area			Total	In place of 1,000 to 2,499	In place of less than 1,000	Other rural
			Total	In central place	Urban fringe	Total	Place of 10,000 or more	Place of 2,500 to 9,999				
<b>LAND AREA IN SQUARE MILES—Con.</b>												
Inside metropolitan area—Con.												
Less than 1,000,000 -----	5 333.2	67.4	65.6	48.0	17.6	1.8	—	1.8	5 265.8	6.0	3.1	5 256.7
In central city -----	48.0	48.0	48.0	48.0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not in central city -----	5 285.2	19.4	17.6	—	17.6	1.8	—	1.8	5 265.8	6.0	3.1	5 256.7
500,000 to 999,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
In central city -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not in central city -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
250,000 to 499,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
In central city -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not in central city -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
100,000 to 249,999 -----	2 635.2	47.0	45.2	32.6	12.6	1.8	—	1.8	2 588.2	—	.2	2 587.9
In central city -----	32.6	32.6	32.6	32.6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not in central city -----	2 602.6	14.4	12.6	—	12.6	1.8	—	1.8	2 588.2	—	.2	2 587.9
Billings, MT MSA -----	2 635.2	47.0	45.2	32.6	12.6	1.8	—	1.8	2 588.2	—	.2	2 587.9
In central city -----	32.6	32.6	32.6	32.6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not in central city -----	2 602.6	14.4	12.6	—	12.6	1.8	—	1.8	2 588.2	—	.2	2 587.9
Less than 100,000 -----	2 698.0	20.4	20.4	15.4	4.9	—	—	—	2 677.6	6.0	2.8	2 668.8
In central city -----	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not in central city -----	2 682.6	4.9	4.9	—	4.9	—	—	—	2 677.6	6.0	2.8	2 668.8
Great Falls, MT MSA -----	2 698.0	20.4	20.4	15.4	4.9	—	—	—	2 677.6	6.0	2.8	2 668.8
In central city -----	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not in central city -----	2 682.6	4.9	4.9	—	4.9	—	—	—	2 677.6	6.0	2.8	2 668.8
Outside metropolitan area -----	140 223.1	179.7	28.3	16.6	11.7	151.4	56.2	95.2	140 043.4	180.0	160.5	139 702.9

Table 23. Population, Housing Units, and Land Area for Urbanized Area: 1990

[Density is computed using land area. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Urbanized Area	Population Housing units		Area measurements				Density			
			Total area		Land area		Population per—		Housing units per—	
			Square kilometers	Square miles	Square kilometers	Square miles	Square kilometer	Square mile	Square kilometer	Square mile
<b>Billings, MT</b>										
The area .....	88 181	38 715	118.6	45.8	117.1	45.2	753.0	1 950.9	330.6	856.5
In central place .....	81 151	35 964	84.7	32.7	84.4	32.6	961.5	2 489.3	426.1	1 103.2
Billings city† .....	81 151	35 964	84.7	32.7	84.4	32.6	961.5	2 489.3	426.1	1 103.2
Urban fringe .....	7 030	2 751	33.9	13.1	32.7	12.6	215.0	557.9	84.1	218.3
Yellowstone County (pt.)† .....	88 181	38 715	118.6	45.8	117.1	45.2	753.0	1 950.9	330.6	856.5
Billings division (pt.) .....	87 092	38 355	114.0	44.0	112.5	43.4	774.2	2 006.7	340.9	883.8
Billings city (pt.)† .....	80 713	35 809	81.6	31.5	81.3	31.4	992.8	2 570.5	440.5	1 140.4
Lockwood CDP .....	3 967	1 500	20.3	7.9	19.2	7.4	206.6	536.1	78.1	202.7
Northwest Yellowstone division (pt.) .....	438	155	3.1	1.2	3.1	1.2	141.3	365.0	50.0	129.2
Billings city (pt.)† .....	438	155	3.1	1.2	3.1	1.2	141.3	365.0	50.0	129.2
Shepherd division (pt.) .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Billings city (pt.)† .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
South Yellowstone division (pt.) .....	651	205	1.5	.6	1.5	.6	434.0	1 085.0	136.7	341.7
Billings city (pt.)† .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Great Falls, MT</b>										
The area .....	63 506	26 713	54.6	21.1	52.8	20.4	1 202.8	3 113.0	505.9	1 309.5
In central place .....	55 097	24 157	41.1	15.9	40.0	15.4	1 377.4	3 577.7	603.9	1 568.6
Great Falls city† .....	55 097	24 157	41.1	15.9	40.0	15.4	1 377.4	3 577.7	603.9	1 568.6
Urban fringe .....	8 409	2 556	13.5	5.2	12.8	4.9	657.0	1 716.1	199.7	521.6
Cascade County (pt.)† .....	63 506	26 713	54.6	21.1	52.8	20.4	1 202.8	3 113.0	505.9	1 309.5
Great Falls division (pt.) .....	63 495	26 708	54.5	21.0	52.7	20.3	1 204.8	3 127.8	506.8	1 315.7
Great Falls city (pt.)† .....	55 086	24 152	41.0	15.8	39.9	15.4	1 380.6	3 577.0	605.3	1 568.3
Malmstrom AFB CDP .....	5 938	1 496	5.1	2.0	5.1	2.0	1 164.3	2 969.0	293.3	748.0
Great Falls North division (pt.) .....	11	5	.1	.1	.1	.1	110.0	110.0	50.0	50.0
Great Falls city (pt.)† .....	11	5	.1	.1	.1	.1	110.0	110.0	50.0	50.0
<b>Missoula, MT</b>										
The area .....	57 196	24 388	73.9	28.5	73.3	28.3	780.3	2 021.1	332.7	861.8
In central place .....	42 918	18 488	43.2	16.7	43.1	16.6	995.8	2 585.4	429.0	1 113.7
Missoula city† .....	42 918	18 488	43.2	16.7	43.1	16.6	995.8	2 585.4	429.0	1 113.7
Urban fringe .....	14 278	5 900	30.7	11.8	30.2	11.7	472.8	1 220.3	195.4	504.3
Missoula County (pt.)† .....	57 196	24 388	73.9	28.5	73.3	28.3	780.3	2 021.1	332.7	861.8
Missoula division (pt.) .....	57 196	24 388	73.9	28.5	73.3	28.3	780.3	2 021.1	332.7	861.8
Missoula city† .....	42 918	18 488	43.2	16.7	43.1	16.6	995.8	2 585.4	429.0	1 113.7
Orchard Homes CDP .....	10 317	4 339	21.4	8.3	21.0	8.1	491.3	1 273.7	206.6	535.7



Table 24. Population, Housing Units, and Land Area for Urbanized Area by Population Size Class of Urbanized Area: 1990

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Size of Place Population Size Class of Urbanized Area Urbanized Area	Inside urbanized area								Inside metropolitan area			Outside metropoli- tan area
	Total	In central place	Urban fringe						Total	In central city	Not in central city	
			Total	Place of 50,000 or more	Place of 10,000 to 49,999	Place of 2,500 to 9,999	Place of less than 2,500	Other urban				
POPULATION												
The State -----	208 883	179 166	29 717	—	10 317	9 905	—	9 495	191 110	136 248	54 862	607 955
Inside urbanized area -----	208 883	179 166	29 717	—	10 317	9 905	—	9 495	151 687	136 248	15 439	57 196
1,000,000 or more -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
5,000,000 or more -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
2,500,000 to 4,999,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1,000,000 to 2,499,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Less than 1,000,000 -----	208 883	179 166	29 717	—	10 317	9 905	—	9 495	151 687	136 248	15 439	57 196
500,000 to 999,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
250,000 to 499,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
100,000 to 249,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Less than 100,000 -----	208 883	179 166	29 717	—	10 317	9 905	—	9 495	151 687	136 248	15 439	57 196
Billings, MT -----	88 181	81 151	7 030	—	—	3 967	—	3 063	88 181	81 151	7 030	—
Great Falls, MT -----	63 506	55 097	8 409	—	—	5 938	—	2 471	63 506	55 097	8 409	—
Missoula, MT -----	57 196	42 918	14 278	—	10 317	—	—	3 961	—	—	—	57 196
Outside urbanized area -----	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	39 423	—	39 423	550 759
HOUSING UNITS												
The State -----	89 816	78 609	11 207	—	4 339	2 996	—	3 872	81 844	60 121	21 723	279 311
Inside urbanized area -----	89 816	78 609	11 207	—	4 339	2 996	—	3 872	65 428	60 121	5 307	24 388
1,000,000 or more -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
5,000,000 or more -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
2,500,000 to 4,999,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1,000,000 to 2,499,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Less than 1,000,000 -----	89 816	78 609	11 207	—	4 339	2 996	—	3 872	65 428	60 121	5 307	24 388
500,000 to 999,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
250,000 to 499,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
100,000 to 249,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Less than 100,000 -----	89 816	78 609	11 207	—	4 339	2 996	—	3 872	65 428	60 121	5 307	24 388
Billings, MT -----	38 715	35 964	2 751	—	—	1 500	—	1 251	38 715	35 964	2 751	—
Great Falls, MT -----	26 713	24 157	2 556	—	—	1 496	—	1 060	26 713	24 157	2 556	—
Missoula, MT -----	24 388	18 488	5 900	—	4 339	—	—	1 561	—	—	—	24 388
Outside urbanized area -----	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16 416	—	16 416	254 923
LAND AREA IN SQUARE KILOMETERS												
The State -----	243.2	167.5	75.7	—	21.0	24.3	—	30.4	13 813.1	124.4	13 688.6	363 177.8
Inside urbanized area -----	243.2	167.5	75.7	—	21.0	24.3	—	30.4	169.9	124.4	45.5	73.3
1,000,000 or more -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
5,000,000 or more -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
2,500,000 to 4,999,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1,000,000 to 2,499,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Less than 1,000,000 -----	243.2	167.5	75.7	—	21.0	24.3	—	30.4	169.9	124.4	45.5	73.3
500,000 to 999,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
250,000 to 499,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
100,000 to 249,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Less than 100,000 -----	243.2	167.5	75.7	—	21.0	24.3	—	30.4	169.9	124.4	45.5	73.3
Billings, MT -----	117.1	84.4	32.7	—	—	19.2	—	13.4	117.1	84.4	32.7	—
Great Falls, MT -----	52.8	40.0	12.8	—	—	5.1	—	7.7	52.8	40.0	12.8	—
Missoula, MT -----	73.3	43.1	30.2	—	21.0	—	—	9.2	—	—	—	73.3
Outside urbanized area -----	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13 643.2	—	13 643.2	363 104.6
LAND AREA IN SQUARE MILES												
The State -----	93.9	64.7	29.2	—	8.1	9.4	—	11.7	5 333.2	48.0	5 285.2	140 223.1
Inside urbanized area -----	93.9	64.7	29.2	—	8.1	9.4	—	11.7	65.6	48.0	17.6	28.3
1,000,000 or more -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
5,000,000 or more -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
2,500,000 to 4,999,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1,000,000 to 2,499,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Less than 1,000,000 -----	93.9	64.7	29.2	—	8.1	9.4	—	11.7	65.6	48.0	17.6	28.3
500,000 to 999,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
250,000 to 499,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
100,000 to 249,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Less than 100,000 -----	93.9	64.7	29.2	—	8.1	9.4	—	11.7	65.6	48.0	17.6	28.3
Billings, MT -----	45.2	32.6	12.6	—	—	7.4	—	5.2	45.2	32.6	12.6	—
Great Falls, MT -----	20.4	15.4	4.9	—	—	2.0	—	3.0	20.4	15.4	4.9	—
Missoula, MT -----	28.3	16.6	11.7	—	8.1	—	—	3.6	—	—	—	28.3
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# APPENDIX A.

## Area Classifications

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These definitions are for all geographic entities and concepts that the Census Bureau will include in its standard 1990 census data products. Not all entities and concepts are shown in any one 1990 census data product. For a description of geographic areas included in each data product, see appendix F.

### AMERICAN INDIAN AND ALASKA NATIVE AREA

#### Alaska Native Regional Corporation (ANRC)

Alaska Native Regional Corporations (ANRC's) are corporate entities established under the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act of 1972, Public Law 92-203, as amended by Public Law 94-204, to conduct both business and nonprofit affairs of Alaska Natives. Alaska is divided into

12 ANRC's that cover the entire State, except for the Annette Islands Reserve. The boundaries of the 12 ANRC's were established by the Department of the Interior, in cooperation with Alaska Natives. Each ANRC was designed to include, as far as practicable, Alaska Natives with a common heritage and common interests. The ANRC boundaries for the 1990 census were identified by the Bureau of Land Management. A 13th region was established for Alaska Natives who are not permanent residents and who chose not to enroll in one of the 12 ANRC's; no census products are prepared for the 13th region. ANRC's were first identified for the 1980 census.

Each ANRC is assigned a two-digit census code ranging from 07 through 84. These census codes are assigned in alphabetical order of the ANRC's.

### **Alaska Native Village (ANV) Statistical Area**

Alaska Native villages (ANV's) constitute tribes, bands, clans, groups, villages, communities, or associations in Alaska that are recognized pursuant to the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act of 1972, Public Law 92-203. Because ANV's do not have legally designated boundaries, the Census Bureau has established Alaska Native village statistical areas (ANVSA's) for statistical purposes. For the 1990 census, the Census Bureau cooperated with officials of the nonprofit corporation within each participating Alaska Native Regional Corporation (ANRC), as well as other knowledgeable officials, to delineate boundaries that encompass the settled area associated with each ANV. ANVSA's are located within ANRC's and do not cross ANRC boundaries. ANVSA's for the 1990 census replace the ANV's that the Census Bureau recognized for the 1980 census.

Each ANVSA is assigned a four-digit census code ranging from 6001 through 8989. Each ANVSA also is assigned a five-digit FIPS code. Both the census and FIPS codes are assigned in alphabetical order of ANVSA's.

### **American Indian Reservation and Trust Land**

**American Indian Reservation**—Federal American Indian reservations are areas with boundaries established by treaty, statute, and/or executive or court order, and recognized by the Federal Government as territory in which American Indian tribes have jurisdiction. State reservations are lands held in trust by State governments for the use and benefit of a given tribe. The reservations and their boundaries were identified for the 1990 census by the Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA), Department of Interior (for Federal reservations), and State governments (for State reservations). The names of American Indian reservations recognized by State governments, but not by the Federal Government, are followed by "(State)." Areas composed of reservation lands that are administered jointly and/or are claimed by two reservations, as identified by the BIA, are called "joint areas," and are treated as separate American Indian reservations for census purposes.

Federal reservations may cross State boundaries, and Federal and State reservations may cross county, county subdivision, and place boundaries. For reservations that cross State boundaries, only the portion of the reservations in a given State are shown in the data products for that State; the entire reservations are shown in data products for the United States.

Each American Indian reservation is assigned a four-digit census code ranging from 0001 through 4989. These census codes are assigned in alphabetical order of American Indian reservations nationwide, except that joint areas appear at the end of the code range. Each American Indian reservation also is assigned a five-digit FIPS code; because the FIPS codes are assigned in alphabetical sequence of American Indian reservations within each State, the FIPS code is different in each State for reservations in more than one State.

**Trust Land**—Trust lands are property associated with a particular American Indian reservation or tribe, held in trust by the Federal Government. Trust lands may be held in trust either for a tribe (tribal trust land) or for an individual member of a tribe (individual trust land). Trust lands recognized for the 1990 census comprise all tribal trust lands and inhabited individual trust lands located outside of a reservation boundary. As with other American Indian areas, trust lands may be located in more than one State. Only the trust lands in a given State are shown in the data products for that State; all trust lands associated with a reservation or tribe are shown in data products for the United States. The Census Bureau first reported data for tribal trust lands for the 1980 census.

Trust lands are assigned a four-digit census code and a five-digit FIPS code, the same as that for the reservation with which they are associated. Trust lands not associated with a reservation are presented by tribal name, interspersed alphabetically among the reservations.

### **Tribal Designated Statistical Area (TDSA)**

Tribal designated statistical areas (TDSA's) are areas, delineated outside Oklahoma by federally- and State-recognized tribes without a land base or associated trust lands, to provide statistical areas for which the Census Bureau tabulates data. TDSA's represent areas generally containing the American Indian population over which federally-recognized tribes have jurisdiction and areas in which State tribes provide benefits and services to their members. The names of TDSA's delineated by State-recognized tribes are followed by "(State)." The Census Bureau did not recognize TDSA's before the 1990 census.

Each TDSA is assigned a four-digit census code ranging from 9001 through 9589. The census codes are assigned in alphabetical order of TDSA's nationwide. Each TDSA also is assigned a five-digit FIPS code in alphabetical order within State.

## Tribal Jurisdiction Statistical Area (TJSA)

Tribal jurisdiction statistical areas (TJSA's) are areas, delineated by federally-recognized tribes in Oklahoma without a reservation, for which the Census Bureau tabulates data. TJSA's represent areas generally containing the American Indian population over which one or more tribal governments have jurisdiction; if tribal officials delineated adjacent TJSA's so that they include some duplicate territory, the overlap area is called a "joint use area," which is treated as a separate TJSA for census purposes.

TJSA's replace the "Historic Areas of Oklahoma (excluding urbanized areas)" shown in 1980 census data products. The Historic Areas of Oklahoma comprised the territory located within reservations that had legally established boundaries from 1900 to 1907; these reservations were dissolved during the 2- to 3-year period preceding the statehood of Oklahoma in 1907. The Historic Areas of Oklahoma (excluding urbanized areas) were identified only for the 1980 census.

Each TJSA is assigned a four-digit census code ranging from 5001 through 5989. The census codes are assigned in alphabetical order of TJSA's, except that joint areas appear at the end of the code range. Each TJSA also is assigned a five-digit FIPS code in alphabetical order within Oklahoma.

## AREA MEASUREMENT

Area measurements provide the size, in square kilometers (also in square miles in printed reports), recorded for each geographic entity for which the Census Bureau tabulates data in general-purpose data products (except crews-of-vessels entities and ZIP Codes). (Square kilometers may be divided by 2.59 to convert an area measurement to square miles.) Area was calculated from the specific set of boundaries recorded for the entity in the Census Bureau's geographic data base (see "TIGER"). On machine-readable files, area measurements are shown to three decimal places; the decimal point is implied. In printed reports and listings, area measurements are shown to one decimal.

The Census Bureau provides measurements for both land area and total water area for the 1990 census; the water figure includes inland, coastal, Great Lakes, and territorial water. (For the 1980 census, the Census Bureau provided area measurements for land and inland water.) The Census Bureau will provide measurements for the component types of water for the affected entities in a separate file. "Inland water" consists of any lake, reservoir, pond, or similar body of water that is recorded in the Census Bureau's geographic data base. It also includes any river, creek, canal, stream, or similar feature that is recorded in that data base as a two-dimensional feature (rather than as a single line). The portions of the oceans and related large embayments (such as the Chesapeake Bay and Puget Sound), the Gulf of Mexico, and the Caribbean Sea that belong to the United States and its territories are considered to be "coastal" and "territorial"

waters; the Great Lakes are treated as a separate water entity. Rivers and bays that empty into these bodies of water are treated as "inland water" from the point beyond which they are narrower than one nautical mile across. Identification of land and inland, coastal, and territorial waters is for statistical purposes, and does not necessarily reflect legal definitions thereof.

By definition, census blocks do not include water within their boundaries; therefore, the water area of a block is always zero. Land area measurements may disagree with the information displayed on census maps and in the TIGER file because, for area measurement purposes, features identified as "intermittent water" and "glacier" are reported as land area. For this reason, it may not be possible to derive the land area for an entity by summing the land area of its component census blocks. In addition, the water area measurement reported for some geographic entities includes water that is not included in any lower-level geographic entity. Therefore, because water is contained only in a higher-level geographic entity, summing the water measurements for all the component lower-level geographic entities will not yield the water area of that higher-level entity. This occurs, for example, where water is associated with a county but is not within the legal boundary of any minor civil division, or the water is associated with a State but is not within the legal boundary of any county. Crews-of-vessels entities (see "Census Tract and Block Numbering Area" and "Block") do not encompass territory and therefore have no area measurements. ZIP Codes do not have specific boundaries, and therefore, also do not have area measurements.

The accuracy of any area measurement figure is limited by the inaccuracy inherent in (1) the location and shape of the various boundary features in the data base, and (2) rounding affecting the last digit in all operations that compute and/or sum the area measurements.

## BLOCK

Census blocks are small areas bounded on all sides by visible features such as streets, roads, streams, and railroad tracks, and by invisible boundaries such as city, town, township, and county limits, property lines, and short, imaginary extensions of streets and roads.

Tabulation blocks, used in census data products, are in most cases the same as collection blocks, used in the census enumeration. In some cases, collection blocks have been "split" into two or more parts required for data tabulations. Tabulation blocks do not cross the boundaries of counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts or block numbering areas, American Indian and Alaska Native areas, congressional districts, voting districts, urban or rural areas, or urbanized areas. The 1990 census is the first for which the entire United States and its possessions are block-numbered.

Blocks are numbered uniquely within each census tract or BNA. A block is identified by a three-digit number, sometimes with a single alphabetical suffix. Block numbers

with suffixes generally represent collection blocks that were “split” in order to identify separate geographic entities that divide the original block. For example, when a city limit runs through data collection block 101, the data for the portion inside the city is tabulated in block 101A and the portion outside, in block 101B. A block number with the suffix “Z” represents a “crews-of-vessels” entity for which the Census Bureau tabulates data, but that does not represent a true geographic area; such a block is shown on census maps associated with an anchor symbol and a census tract or block numbering area with a .99 suffix.

## BLOCK GROUP (BG)

### Geographic Block Group

A geographic block group (BG) is a cluster of blocks having the same first digit of their three-digit identifying numbers within a census tract or block numbering area (BNA). For example, BG 3 within a census tract or BNA includes all blocks numbered between 301 and 397. In most cases, the numbering involves substantially fewer than 97 blocks. Geographic BG's never cross census tract or BNA boundaries, but may cross the boundaries of county subdivisions, places, American Indian and Alaska Native areas, urbanized areas, voting districts, and congressional districts. BG's generally contain between 250 and 550 housing units, with the ideal size being 400 housing units.

### Tabulation Block Group

In the data tabulations, a geographic BG may be split to present data for every unique combination of county subdivision, place, American Indian and Alaska Native area, urbanized area, voting district, urban/rural and congressional district shown in the data product; for example, if BG 3 is partly in a city and partly outside the city, there will be separate tabulated records for each portion of BG 3. BG's are used in tabulating decennial census data nationwide in the 1990 census, in all block-numbered areas in the 1980 census, and in Tape Address Register (TAR) areas in the 1970 census. For purposes of data presentation, BG's are a substitute for the enumeration districts (ED's) used for reporting data in many parts of the United States for the 1970 and 1980 censuses, and in all areas for pre-1970 censuses.

## BOUNDARY CHANGES

The boundaries of some counties, county subdivisions, American Indian and Alaska Native areas, and many incorporated places, changed between those reported for the 1980 census and January 1, 1990. Boundary changes to legal entities result from:

1. Annexations to or detachments from legally established governmental units.
2. Mergers or consolidations of two or more governmental units.
3. Establishment of new governmental units.
4. Disincorporations or disorganizations of existing governmental units.
5. Changes in treaties and Executive Orders.

The historical counts shown for counties, county subdivisions, and places are not updated for such changes, and thus reflect the population and housing units in the area as delineated at each census. Information on boundary changes reported between the 1980 and 1990 censuses for counties, county subdivisions, and incorporated places is presented in the “User Notes” section of the technical documentation of Summary Tape Files 1 and 3, and in the 1990 CPH-2, *Population and Housing Unit Counts* printed reports. For information on boundary changes for such areas in the decade preceding other decennial censuses, see the *Number of Inhabitants* reports for each census. Boundary changes are not reported for some areas, such as census designated places and block groups.

## CENSUS REGION AND CENSUS DIVISION

### Census Division

Census divisions are groupings of States that are subdivisions of the four census regions. There are nine divisions, which the Census Bureau adopted in 1910 for the presentation of data. The regions, divisions, and their constituent States are:

#### Northeast Region

##### *New England Division:*

Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut

##### *Middle Atlantic Division:*

New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania

#### Midwest Region

##### *East North Central Division:*

Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, Wisconsin

##### *West North Central Division:*

Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri, North Dakota, South Dakota, Nebraska, Kansas

#### South Region

##### *South Atlantic Division:*

Delaware, Maryland, District of Columbia, Virginia, West Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida

**East South Central Division:**

Kentucky, Tennessee, Alabama, Mississippi

**West South Central Division:**

Arkansas, Louisiana, Oklahoma, Texas

**West Region****Mountain Division:**

Montana, Idaho, Wyoming, Colorado, New Mexico, Arizona, Utah, Nevada

**Pacific Division:**

Washington, Oregon, California, Alaska, Hawaii

**Census Region**

Census regions are groupings of States that subdivide the United States for the presentation of data. There are four regions—Northeast, Midwest, South, and West. Each of the four census regions is divided into two or more census divisions. Prior to 1984, the Midwest region was named the North Central region. From 1910, when census regions were established, through the 1940's, there were three regions—North, South, and West.

**CENSUS TRACT AND BLOCK NUMBERING AREA****Block Numbering Area (BNA)**

Block numbering areas (BNA's) are small statistical subdivisions of a county for grouping and numbering blocks in nonmetropolitan counties where local census statistical areas committees have not established census tracts. State agencies and the Census Bureau delineated BNA's for the 1990 census, using guidelines similar to those for the delineation of census tracts. BNA's do not cross county boundaries.

BNA's are identified by a four-digit basic number and may have a two-digit suffix; for example, 9901.07. The decimal point separating the four-digit basic BNA number from the two-digit suffix is shown in printed reports, in microfiche, and on census maps; in machine-readable files, the decimal point is implied. Many BNA's do not have a suffix; in such cases, the suffix field is left blank in all data products. BNA numbers range from 9501 through 9989.99, and are unique within a county (numbers in the range of 0001 through 9499.99 denote a census tract). The suffix .99 identifies a BNA that was populated entirely by persons aboard one or more civilian or military ships. A "crews-of-vessels" BNA appears on census maps only as an anchor symbol with its BNA number (and block numbers on maps showing block numbers); the BNA relates to the ships associated with the onshore BNA's having the same four-digit basic number. Suffixes in the range .80 through .98 usually identify BNA's that either were revised or were created during the 1990 census data collection activities.

Some of these revisions produced BNA's that have extremely small land area and may have little or no population or housing. For data analysis, such a BNA can be summarized with an adjacent BNA.

**Census Tract**

Census tracts are small, relatively permanent statistical subdivisions of a county. Census tracts are delineated for all metropolitan areas (MA's) and other densely populated counties by local census statistical areas committees following Census Bureau guidelines (more than 3,000 census tracts have been established in 221 counties outside MA's). Six States (California, Connecticut, Delaware, Hawaii, New Jersey, and Rhode Island) and the District of Columbia are covered entirely by census tracts. Census tracts usually have between 2,500 and 8,000 persons and, when first delineated, are designed to be homogeneous with respect to population characteristics, economic status, and living conditions. Census tracts do not cross county boundaries. The spatial size of census tracts varies widely depending on the density of settlement. Census tract boundaries are delineated with the intention of being maintained over a long time so that statistical comparisons can be made from census to census. However, physical changes in street patterns caused by highway construction, new development, etc., may require occasional revisions; census tracts occasionally are split due to large population growth, or combined as a result of substantial population decline. Census tracts are referred to as "tracts" in all 1990 data products.

Census tracts are identified by a four-digit basic number and may have a two-digit suffix; for example, 6059.02. The decimal point separating the four-digit basic tract number from the two-digit suffix is shown in printed reports, in microfiche, and on census maps; in machine-readable files, the decimal point is implied. Many census tracts do not have a suffix; in such cases, the suffix field is left blank in all data products. Leading zeros in a census tract number (for example, 002502) are shown only on machine-readable files.

Census tract numbers range from 0001 through 9499.99 and are unique within a county (numbers in the range of 9501 through 9989.99 denote a block numbering area). The suffix .99 identifies a census tract that was populated entirely by persons aboard one or more civilian or military ships. A "crews-of-vessels" census tract appears on census maps only as an anchor symbol with its census tract number (and block numbers on maps showing block numbers). These census tracts relate to the ships associated with the onshore census tract having the same four-digit basic number. Suffixes in the range .80 through .98 usually identify census tracts that either were revised or were created during the 1990 census data collection activities. Some of these revisions may have resulted in census tracts that have extremely small land area and may have little or no population or housing. For data analysis, such a census tract can be summarized with an adjacent census tract.

## CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT (CD)

Congressional districts (CD's) are the 435 areas from which persons are elected to the U.S. House of Representatives. After the apportionment of congressional seats among the States, based on census population counts, each State is responsible for establishing CD's for the purpose of electing representatives. Each CD is to be as equal in population to all other CD's in the State as practicable, based on the decennial census counts.

The CD's that were in effect on January 1, 1990 were those of the 101st Congress. Data on the 101st Congress appear in an early 1990 census data product (Summary Tape File 1A). The CD's of the 101st Congress are the same as those in effect for the 102nd Congress. CD's of the 103rd Congress, reflecting redistricting based on the 1990 census, are summarized in later 1990 data products (STF's 1D and 3D, and 1990 CPH-4, *Population and Housing Characteristics for Congressional Districts of the 103rd Congress* printed reports).

## COUNTY

The primary political divisions of most States are termed "counties." In Louisiana, these divisions are known as "parishes." In Alaska, which has no counties, the county equivalents are the organized "boroughs" and the "census areas" that are delineated for statistical purposes by the State of Alaska and the Census Bureau. In four States (Maryland, Missouri, Nevada, and Virginia), there are one or more cities that are independent of any county organization and thus constitute primary divisions of their States. These cities are known as "independent cities" and are treated as equivalent to counties for statistical purposes. That part of Yellowstone National Park in Montana is treated as a county equivalent. The District of Columbia has no primary divisions, and the entire area is considered equivalent to a county for statistical purposes.

Each county and county equivalent is assigned a three-digit FIPS code that is unique within State. These codes are assigned in alphabetical order of county or county equivalent within State, except for the independent cities, which follow the listing of counties.

## COUNTY SUBDIVISION

County subdivisions are the primary subdivisions of counties and their equivalents for the reporting of decennial census data. They include census county divisions, census subareas, minor civil divisions, and unorganized territories.

Each county subdivision is assigned a three-digit census code in alphabetical order within county and a five-digit FIPS code in alphabetical order within State.

### Census County Division (CCD)

Census county divisions (CCD's) are subdivisions of a county that were delineated by the Census Bureau, in cooperation with State officials and local census statistical

areas committees, for statistical purposes. CCD's were established in 21 States where there are no legally established minor civil divisions (MCD's), where the MCD's do not have governmental or administrative purposes, where the boundaries of the MCD's change frequently, and/or where the MCD's are not generally known to the public. CCD's have no legal functions, and are not governmental units.

The boundaries of CCD's usually are delineated to follow visible features, and in most cases coincide with census tract or block numbering area boundaries. The name of each CCD is based on a place, county, or well-known local name that identifies its location. CCD's have been established in the following 21 States: Alabama, Arizona, California, Colorado, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Hawaii, Idaho, Kentucky, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Oklahoma, Oregon, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Washington, and Wyoming. For the 1980 census, the county subdivisions recognized for Nevada were MCD's.

### Census Subarea (Alaska)

Census subareas are statistical subdivisions of boroughs and census areas (county equivalents) in Alaska. Census subareas were delineated cooperatively by the State of Alaska and the Census Bureau. The census subareas, identified first in 1980, replaced the various types of subdivisions used in the 1970 census.

### Minor Civil Division (MCD)

Minor civil divisions (MCD's) are the primary political or administrative divisions of a county. MCD's represent many different kinds of legal entities with a wide variety of governmental and/or administrative functions. MCD's are variously designated as American Indian reservations, assessment districts, boroughs, election districts, gores, grants, magisterial districts, parish governing authority districts, plantations, precincts, purchases, supervisors' districts, towns, and townships. In some States, all or some incorporated places are not located in any MCD and thus serve as MCD's in their own right. In other States, incorporated places are subordinate to (part of) the MCD's in which they are located, or the pattern is mixed—some incorporated places are independent of MCD's and others are subordinate to one or more MCD's.

The Census Bureau recognizes MCD's in the following 28 States: Arkansas, Connecticut, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Louisiana, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Nebraska, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, North Dakota, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Dakota, Vermont, Virginia, West Virginia, and Wisconsin. The District of Columbia has no primary divisions, and the entire area is considered equivalent to an MCD for statistical purposes.

The MCD's in 12 selected States (Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, and Wisconsin) also serve as general-purpose local governments. The Census Bureau presents data for these MCD's in all data products in which it provides data for places.

### Unorganized Territory (unorg.)

In nine States (Arkansas, Iowa, Kansas, Louisiana, Maine, Minnesota, North Carolina, North Dakota, and South Dakota), some counties contain territory that is not included in an MCD recognized by the Census Bureau. Each separate area of unorganized territory in these States is recognized as one or more separate county subdivisions for census purposes. Each unorganized territory is given a descriptive name, followed by the designation "unorg."

## GEOGRAPHIC CODE

Geographic codes are shown primarily on machine-readable data products, such as computer tape and compact disc-read only memory (CD-ROM), but also appear on other products such as microfiche; they also are shown on some census maps. Codes are identified as "census codes" only if there is also a Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code for the same geographic entity. A code that is not identified as either "census" or "FIPS" is usually a census code for which there is no FIPS equivalent, or for which the Census Bureau does not use the FIPS code. The exceptions, which use only the FIPS code in census products, are county, congressional district, and metropolitan area (that is, metropolitan statistical area, consolidated metropolitan statistical area, and primary metropolitan statistical area).

### Census Code

Census codes are assigned for a variety of geographic entities, including American Indian and Alaska Native area, census division, census region, county subdivision, place, State, urbanized area, and voting district. The structure, format, and meaning of census codes appear in the 1990 census *Geographic Identification Code Scheme*; in the data dictionary portion of the technical documentation for summary tape files, CD-ROM's, and microfiche.

### Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) Code

Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) codes are assigned for a variety of geographic entities, including American Indian and Alaska Native area, congressional district, county, county subdivision, metropolitan area, place, and State. The structure, format, and meaning of FIPS

codes used in the census are shown in the 1990 census *Geographic Identification Code Scheme*; in the data dictionary portion of the technical documentation for summary tape files, CD-ROM's, and microfiche.

The objective of the FIPS codes is to improve the use of data resources of the Federal Government and avoid unnecessary duplication and incompatibilities in the collection, processing, and dissemination of data. More information about FIPS and FIPS code documentation is available from the National Technical Information Service, Springfield, VA 22161.

### United States Postal Service (USPS) Code

United States Postal Service (USPS) codes for States are used in all 1990 data products. The codes are two-character alphabetic abbreviations. These codes are the same as the FIPS two-character alphabetic abbreviations.

## GEOGRAPHIC PRESENTATION

### Hierarchical Presentation

A hierarchical geographic presentation shows the geographic entities in a superior/subordinate structure in census products. This structure is derived from the legal, administrative, or areal relationships of the entities. The hierarchical structure is depicted in report tables by means of indentation, and is explained for machine-readable media in the discussion of file structure in the geographic coverage portion of the abstract in the technical documentation. An example of hierarchical presentation is the "standard census geographic hierarchy": block, within block group, within census tract or block numbering area, within place, within county subdivision, within county, within State, within division, within region, within the United States. Graphically, this is shown as:

```

United States
  Region
    Division
      State
        County
          County subdivision
            Place (or part)
              Census tract/ block numbering area
                (or part)
                  Block group (or part)
                    Block
  
```

### Inventory Presentation

An inventory presentation of geographic entities is one in which all entities of the same type are shown in alphabetical or code sequence, without reference to their hierarchical relationships. Generally, an inventory presentation shows totals for entities that may be split in a hierarchical presentation, such as place, census tract/



block numbering area, or block group. An example of a series of inventory presentations is: State, followed by all the counties in that State, followed by all the places in that State. Graphically, this is shown as:

State  
 County "A"  
 County "B"  
 County "C"  
  
 Place "X"  
 Place "Y"  
 Place "Z"

## HISTORICAL COUNTS

Historical counts for total population and total housing units are shown in the 1990 CPH-2, *Population and Housing Unit Counts* report series. As in past censuses, the general rule for presenting historical data for States, counties, county subdivisions, and places is to show historical counts only for single, continually existing entities. Stated another way, if an entity existed for both the current and preceding censuses, the tables show counts for the preceding censuses. Included in this category are entities of the same type (county, county subdivision, place) even if they had changed their names. Also included are entities that merged, but only if the new entity retained the name of one of the merged entities. The historical counts shown are for each entity as it was bounded at each census.

In cases where an entity was formed since a preceding census, such as a newly incorporated place or a newly organized township, the symbol three dots "..." is shown for earlier censuses. The three-dot symbol also is shown for those parts of a place that have extended into an additional county or county subdivision through annexation or other revision of boundaries since the preceding census.

In a few cases, changes in the boundaries of county subdivisions caused a place to be split into two or more parts, or to be split differently than in the preceding census. If historical counts for the parts of the place as currently split did not appear in a preceding census, "(NA)" is shown for the place in each county subdivision; however, the historical population and housing unit counts of the place appear in tables that show the entire place. For counties, county subdivisions, and places formed since January 1, 1980, 1980 census population and housing unit counts in the 1990 territory are reported in the geographic change notes included in the "User Notes" text section of 1990 CPH-2, *Population and Housing Unit Counts*, and in the technical documentation of Summary Tape Files 1 and 3.

In some cases, population and housing unit counts for individual areas were revised since publication of the 1980 reports (indicated by the prefix "r"). In a number of tables of 1990 CPH-2, *Population and Housing Unit Counts*, 1980 counts are shown for aggregations of individual areas,

such as the number, population, and housing unit counts of places in size groups, or urban and rural distributions. Revisions of population and housing unit counts for individual areas were not applied to the various aggregations. Therefore, it may not be possible to determine the individual areas in a given aggregation using the historical counts; conversely, the sum of the counts shown for individual areas may not agree with the aggregation.

## INTERNAL POINT

An internal point is a set of geographic coordinates (latitude and longitude) that is located within a specified geographic entity. A single point is identified for each entity; for many entities, this point represents the approximate geographic center of that entity. If the shape of the entity caused this point to be located outside the boundaries of the entity, it is relocated from the center so that it is within the entity. If the internal point for a block falls in a water area, it is relocated to a land area within the block. On machine-readable products, internal points are shown to six decimal places; the decimal point is implied.

## METROPOLITAN AREA (MA)

The general concept of a metropolitan area (MA) is one of a large population nucleus, together with adjacent communities that have a high degree of economic and social integration with that nucleus. Some MA's are defined around two or more nuclei.

The MA classification is a statistical standard, developed for use by Federal agencies in the production, analysis, and publication of data on MA's. The MA's are designated and defined by the Federal Office of Management and Budget, following a set of official published standards. These standards were developed by the inter-agency Federal Executive Committee on Metropolitan Areas, with the aim of producing definitions that are as consistent as possible for all MA's nationwide.

Each MA must contain either a place with a minimum population of 50,000 or a Census Bureau-defined urbanized area and a total MA population of at least 100,000 (75,000 in New England). An MA comprises one or more central counties. An MA also may include one or more outlying counties that have close economic and social relationships with the central county. An outlying county must have a specified level of commuting to the central counties and also must meet certain standards regarding metropolitan character, such as population density, urban population, and population growth. In New England, MA's are composed of cities and towns rather than whole counties.

The territory, population, and housing units in MA's are referred to as "metropolitan." The metropolitan category is subdivided into "inside central city" and "outside central city." The territory, population, and housing units located outside MA's are referred to as "nonmetropolitan." The

metropolitan and nonmetropolitan classification cuts across the other hierarchies; for example, there is generally both urban and rural territory within both metropolitan and nonmetropolitan areas.

To meet the needs of various users, the standards provide for a flexible structure of metropolitan definitions that classify an MA either as a metropolitan statistical area (MSA) or as a consolidated metropolitan statistical area (CMSA) that is divided into primary metropolitan statistical areas (PMSA's). Documentation of the MA standards and how they are applied is available from the Secretary, Federal Executive Committee on Metropolitan Areas, Population Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233.

## Central City

In each MSA and CMSA, the largest place and, in some cases, additional places are designated as "central cities" under the official standards. A few PMSA's do not have central cities. The largest central city and, in some cases, up to two additional central cities are included in the title of the MA; there also are central cities that are not included in an MA title. An MA central city does not include any part of that city that extends outside the MA boundary.

## Consolidated and Primary Metropolitan Statistical Area (CMSA and PMSA)

If an area that qualifies as an MA has more than one million persons, primary metropolitan statistical areas (PMSA's) may be defined within it. PMSA's consist of a large urbanized county or cluster of counties that demonstrates very strong internal economic and social links, in addition to close ties to other portions of the larger area. When PMSA's are established, the larger area of which they are component parts is designated a consolidated metropolitan statistical area (CMSA).

## Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA)

Metropolitan statistical areas (MSA's) are relatively free-standing MA's and are not closely associated with other MA's. These areas typically are surrounded by nonmetropolitan counties.

## Metropolitan Area Title and Code

The title of an MSA contains the name of its largest central city and up to two additional city names, provided that the additional places meet specified levels of population, employment, and commuting. Generally, a city with a population of 250,000 or more is in the title, regardless of other criteria.

The title of a PMSA may contain up to three place names, as determined above, or up to three county names, sequenced in order of population. A CMSA title also may include up to three names, the first of which generally is

the most populous central city in the area. The second name may be the first city or county name in the most populous remaining PMSA; the third name may be the first city or county name in the next most populous PMSA. A regional designation may be substituted for the second and/or third names in a CMSA title if such a designation is supported by local opinion and is deemed to be unambiguous and suitable by the Office of Management and Budget.

The titles for all MA's also contain the name of each State in which the area is located. Each metropolitan area is assigned a four-digit FIPS code, in alphabetical order nationwide. If the fourth digit of the code is a "2," it identifies a CMSA. Additionally, there is a separate set of two-digit codes for CMSA's, also assigned alphabetically.

## OUTLYING AREAS OF THE UNITED STATES

The Census Bureau treats the outlying areas as the statistical equivalents of States for the 1990 census. The outlying areas are American Samoa, Guam, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands (Northern Mariana Islands), Republic of Palau (Palau), Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands of the United States (Virgin Islands). Geographic definitions specific to each outlying area are shown in appendix A of the text in the data products for each area.

## PLACE

Places, for the reporting of decennial census data, include census designated places and incorporated places. Each place is assigned a four-digit census code that is unique within State. Each place is also assigned a five-digit FIPS code that is unique within State. Both the census and FIPS codes are assigned based on alphabetical order within State. Consolidated cities (see below) are assigned a one-character alphabetical census code that is unique nationwide and a five-digit FIPS code that is unique within State.

## Census Designated Place (CDP)

Census designated places (CDP's) are delineated for the decennial census as the statistical counterparts of incorporated places. CDP's comprise densely settled concentrations of population that are identifiable by name, but are not legally incorporated places. Their boundaries, which usually coincide with visible features or the boundary of an adjacent incorporated place, have no legal status, nor do these places have officials elected to serve traditional municipal functions. CDP boundaries may change with changes in the settlement pattern; a CDP with the same name as in previous censuses does not necessarily have the same boundaries.

Beginning with the 1950 census, the Census Bureau, in cooperation with State agencies and local census statistical areas committees, has identified and delineated boundaries for CDP's. In the 1990 census, the name of each such place is followed by "CDP." In the 1980 census, "(CDP)" was used; in 1970, 1960, and 1950 censuses, these places were identified by "(U)," meaning "unincorporated place."

To qualify as a CDP for the 1990 census, an unincorporated community must have met the following criteria:

1. In all States except Alaska and Hawaii, the Census Bureau uses three population size criteria to designate a CDP. These criteria are:
  - a. 1,000 or more persons if outside the boundaries of an urbanized area (UA) delineated for the 1980 census or a subsequent special census.
  - b. 2,500 or more persons if inside the boundaries of a UA delineated for the 1980 census or a subsequent special census.
  - c. 250 or more persons if outside the boundaries of a UA delineated for the 1980 census or a subsequent special census, and within the official boundaries of an American Indian reservation recognized for the 1990 census.
2. In Alaska, 25 or more persons if outside a UA, and 2,500 or more persons if inside a UA delineated for the 1980 census or a subsequent special census.
3. In Hawaii, 300 or more persons, regardless of whether the community is inside or outside a UA.

For the 1990 census, CDP's qualified on the basis of the population counts prepared for the 1990 Postcensus Local Review Program. Because these counts were subject to change, a few CDP's may have final population counts lower than the minimums shown above.

Hawaii is the only State with no incorporated places recognized by the Bureau of the Census. All places shown for Hawaii in the data products are CDP's. By agreement with the State of Hawaii, the Census Bureau does not show data separately for the city of Honolulu, which is coextensive with Honolulu County.

## Consolidated City

A consolidated government is a unit of local government for which the functions of an incorporated place and its county or minor civil division (MCD) have merged. The legal aspects of this action may result in both the primary incorporated place and the county or MCD continuing to exist as legal entities, even though the county or MCD performs few or no governmental functions and has few or no elected officials. Where this occurs, and where one or more other incorporated places in the county or MCD

continue to function as separate governments, even though they have been included in the consolidated government, the primary incorporated place is referred to as a "consolidated city."

The data presentation for consolidated cities varies depending upon the geographic presentation. In hierarchical presentations, consolidated cities are not shown. These presentations include the semi-independent places and the "consolidated city (remainder)." Where the consolidated city is coextensive with a county or county subdivision, the data shown for those areas in hierarchical presentations are equivalent to those for the consolidated government.

For inventory geographic presentations, the consolidated city appears at the end of the listing of places. The data for the consolidated city include places that are part of the consolidated city. The "consolidated city (remainder)" is the portion of the consolidated government minus the semi-independent places, and is shown in alphabetical sequence with other places.

In summary presentations by size of place, the consolidated city is not included. The places semi-independent of consolidated cities are categorized by their size, as is the "consolidated city (remainder)."

Each consolidated city is assigned a one-character alphabetic census code. Each consolidated city also is assigned a five-digit FIPS code that is unique within State. The semi-independent places and the "consolidated city (remainder)" are assigned a four-digit census code and a five-digit FIPS place code that are unique within State. Both the census and FIPS codes are assigned based on alphabetical order within State.

## Incorporated Place

Incorporated places recognized in 1990 census data products are those reported to the Census Bureau as legally in existence on January 1, 1990 under the laws of their respective States as cities, boroughs, towns, and villages, with the following exceptions: the towns in the New England States, New York, and Wisconsin, and the boroughs in New York are recognized as minor civil divisions for census purposes; the boroughs in Alaska are county equivalents.

## POPULATION OR HOUSING UNIT DENSITY

Population or housing unit density is computed by dividing the total population or housing units of a geographic unit (for example, United States, State, county, place) by its land area measured in square kilometers or square miles. Density is expressed as both "persons (or housing units) per square kilometer" and "persons (or housing units) per square mile" of land area in 1990 census printed reports.

## STATE

States are the primary governmental divisions of the United States. The District of Columbia is treated as a statistical equivalent of a State for census purposes. The four census regions, nine census divisions, and their component States are shown under "CENSUS REGION AND CENSUS DIVISION" in this appendix.

The Census Bureau treats the outlying areas as State equivalents for the 1990 census. The outlying areas are American Samoa, Guam, the Northern Mariana Islands, Palau, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands of the United States. Geographic definitions specific to each outlying area are shown in appendix A in the data products for each area.

Each State and equivalent is assigned a two-digit numeric Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code in alphabetical order by State name, followed by the outlying area names. Each State and equivalent area also is assigned a two-digit census code. This code is assigned on the basis of the geographic sequence of each State within each census division; the first digit of the code is the code for the respective division. Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, and the outlying areas of the Pacific are assigned "0" as the division code. Each State and equivalent area also is assigned the two-letter FIPS/United States Postal Service (USPS) code.

In 12 selected States (Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, and Wisconsin), the minor civil divisions also serve as general-purpose local governments. The Census Bureau presents data for these minor civil divisions in all data products in which it provides data for places.

## TIGER

TIGER is an acronym for the new digital (computer-readable) geographic data base that automates the mapping and related geographic activities required to support the Census Bureau's census and survey programs. The Census Bureau developed the Topologically Integrated Geographic Encoding and Referencing (TIGER) System to automate the geographic support processes needed to meet the major geographic needs of the 1990 census: producing the cartographic products to support data collection and map publication, providing the geographic structure for tabulation and publication of the collected data, assigning residential and employer addresses to their geographic location and relating those locations to the Census Bureau's geographic units, and so forth. The content of the TIGER data base is made available to the public through a variety of "TIGER Extract" files that may be obtained from the Data User Services Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233.

## UNITED STATES

The United States comprises the 50 States and the District of Columbia. In addition, the Census Bureau treats

the outlying areas as statistical equivalents of States for the 1990 census. The outlying areas include American Samoa, Guam, the Northern Mariana Islands, Palau, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands.

## URBAN AND RURAL

The Census Bureau defines "urban" for the 1990 census as comprising all territory, population, and housing units in urbanized areas and in places of 2,500 or more persons outside urbanized areas. More specifically, "urban" consists of territory, persons, and housing units in:

1. Places of 2,500 or more persons incorporated as cities, villages, boroughs (except in Alaska and New York), and towns (except in the six New England States, New York, and Wisconsin), but excluding the rural portions of "extended cities."
2. Census designated places of 2,500 or more persons.
3. Other territory, incorporated or unincorporated, included in urbanized areas.

Territory, population, and housing units not classified as urban constitute "rural." In the 100-percent data products, "rural" is divided into "places of less than 2,500" and "not in places." The "not in places" category comprises "rural" outside incorporated and census designated places and the rural portions of extended cities. In many data products, the term "other rural" is used; "other rural" is a residual category specific to the classification of the rural in each data product.

In the sample data products, rural population and housing units are subdivided into "rural farm" and "rural nonfarm." "Rural farm" comprises all rural households and housing units on farms (places from which \$1,000 or more of agricultural products were sold in 1989); "rural nonfarm" comprises the remaining rural.

The urban and rural classification cuts across the other hierarchies; for example, there is generally both urban and rural territory within both metropolitan and nonmetropolitan areas.

In censuses prior to 1950, "urban" comprised all territory, persons, and housing units in incorporated places of 2,500 or more persons, and in areas (usually minor civil divisions) classified as urban under special rules relating to population size and density. The definition of urban that restricted itself to incorporated places having 2,500 or more persons excluded many large, densely settled areas merely because they were not incorporated. Prior to the 1950 census, the Census Bureau attempted to avoid some of the more obvious omissions by classifying selected areas as "urban under special rules." Even with these rules, however, many large, closely built-up areas were excluded from the urban category.

To improve its measure of urban territory, population, and housing units, the Census Bureau adopted the concept of the urbanized area and delineated boundaries for

unincorporated places (now, census designated places) for the 1950 census. Urban was defined as territory, persons, and housing units in urbanized areas and, outside urbanized areas, in all places, incorporated or unincorporated, that had 2,500 or more persons. With the following three exceptions, the 1950 census definition of urban has continued substantially unchanged. First, in the 1960 census (but not in the 1970, 1980, or 1990 censuses), certain towns in the New England States, townships in New Jersey and Pennsylvania, and Arlington County, Virginia, were designated as urban. However, most of these “special rule” areas would have been classified as urban anyway because they were included in an urbanized area or in an unincorporated place of 2,500 or more persons. Second, “extended cities” were identified for the 1970, 1980, and 1990 censuses. Extended cities primarily affect the figures for urban and rural territory (area), but have very little effect on the urban and rural population and housing units at the national and State levels— although for some individual counties and urbanized areas, the effects have been more evident. Third, changes since the 1970 census in the criteria for defining urbanized areas have permitted these areas to be defined around smaller centers.

Documentation of the urbanized area and extended city criteria is available from the Chief, Geography Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233.

## Extended City

Since the 1960 census, there has been a trend in some States toward the extension of city boundaries to include territory that is essentially rural in character. The classification of all the population and living quarters of such places as urban would include in the urban designation territory, persons, and housing units whose environment is primarily rural. For the 1970, 1980, and 1990 censuses, the Census Bureau identified as rural such territory and its population and housing units for each extended city whose closely settled area was located in an urbanized area. For the 1990 census, this classification also has been applied to certain places outside urbanized areas.

In summary presentations by size of place, the urban portion of an extended city is classified by the population of the entire place; the rural portion is included in “other rural.”

## URBANIZED AREA (UA)

The Census Bureau delineates urbanized areas (UA's) to provide a better separation of urban and rural territory, population, and housing in the vicinity of large places. A UA comprises one or more places (“central place”) and the adjacent densely settled surrounding territory (“urban fringe”) that together have a minimum of 50,000 persons. The urban fringe generally consists of contiguous territory having a density of least 1,000 persons per square mile. The urban fringe also includes outlying territory of such

density if it was connected to the core of the contiguous area by road and is within 1 1/2 road miles of that core, or within 5 road miles of the core but separated by water or other undevelopable territory. Other territory with a population density of fewer than 1,000 people per square mile is included in the urban fringe if it eliminates an enclave or closes an indentation in the boundary of the urbanized area. The population density is determined by (1) outside of a place, one or more contiguous census blocks with a population density of at least 1,000 persons per square mile or (2) inclusion of a place containing census blocks that have at least 50 percent of the population of the place and a density of at least 1,000 persons per square mile. The complete criteria are available from the Chief, Geography Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233.

## Urbanized Area Central Place

One or more central places function as the dominant centers of each UA. The identification of a UA central place permits the comparison of this dominant center with the remaining territory in the UA. There is no limit on the number of central places, and not all central places are necessarily included in the UA title. UA central places include:

1. Each place entirely (or partially, if the place is an extended city) within the UA that is a central city of a metropolitan area (MA).
2. If the UA does not contain an MA central city or is located outside of an MA, the central place(s) is determined by population size.

## Urbanized Area Title and Code

The title of a UA identifies those places that are most important within the UA; it links the UA to the encompassing MA, where appropriate. If a single MA includes most of the UA, the title and code of the UA generally are the same as the title and code of the MA. If the UA is not mostly included in a single MA, if it does not include any place that is a central city of the encompassing MA, or if it is not located in an MA, the Census Bureau uses the population size of the included places, with a preference for incorporated places, to determine the UA title. The name of each State in which the UA is located also is in each UA title.

The numeric code used to identify each UA is the same as the code for the mostly encompassing MA (including CMSA and PMSA). If MA title cities represent multiple UA's, or the UA title city does not correspond to the first name of an MA title, the Census Bureau assigns a code based on the alphabetical sequence of the UA title in relationship to the other UA and MA titles.

## VOTING DISTRICT (VTD)

A voting district (VTD) is any of a variety of types of areas (for example, election districts, precincts, wards, legislative districts) established by State and local governments for purposes of elections. For census purposes,

each State participating in Phase 2 of the 1990 Census Redistricting Data Program outlined the boundaries of VTD's around groups of whole census blocks on census maps. The entities identified as VTD's are not necessarily those legally or currently established. Also, to meet the "whole block" criterion, a State may have had to adjust VTD boundaries to nearby block boundaries. Therefore, the VTD's shown on the 1990 census tapes, listings, and maps may not represent the actual VTD's in effect at the time of the census. In the 1980 census, VTD's were referred to as "election precincts."

Each VTD is assigned a four-character alphanumeric code that is unique within each county. The code "ZZZZ" is assigned to nonparticipating areas; the Census Bureau reports data for areas coded "ZZZZ."

## **ZIP CODE®**

ZIP Codes are administrative units established by the United States Postal Service (USPS) for the distribution of mail. ZIP Codes serve addresses for the most efficient delivery of mail, and therefore generally do not respect political or census statistical area boundaries. ZIP Codes usually do not have clearly identifiable boundaries, often serve a continually changing area, are changed periodically to meet postal requirements, and do not cover all the land area of the United States. ZIP Codes are identified by five-digit codes assigned by the USPS. The first three digits identify a major city or sectional distribution center, and the last two digits generally signify a specific post office's delivery area or point. For the 1990 census, ZIP Code data are tabulated for the five-digit codes in STF 3B.

# APPENDIX B.

## Definitions of Subject Characteristics

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### POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS

In this report, counts of all persons living in housing units and group quarters are presented for various geographic areas. Separate population characteristics are not shown.

### HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS

#### LIVING QUARTERS

Living quarters are classified as either housing units or group quarters. Usually, living quarters are in structures intended for residential use (for example, a one-family home, apartment house, hotel or motel, boarding house, or mobile home). Living quarters also may be in structures intended for nonresidential use (for example, the rooms in a warehouse where a guard lives), as well as in places such as tents, vans, shelters for the homeless, dormitories, barracks, and old railroad cars.

**Housing Units**—A housing unit is a house, an apartment, a mobile home or trailer, a group of rooms or a single room occupied as separate living quarters or, if vacant, intended for occupancy as separate living quarters. Separate living quarters are those in which the occupants live and eat separately from any other persons in the building and which have direct access from outside the building or through a common hall.

The occupants may be a single family, one person living alone, two or more families living together, or any other group of related or unrelated persons who share living arrangements. For vacant units, the criteria of separateness and direct access are applied to the intended occupants whenever possible. If that information cannot be obtained, the criteria are applied to the previous occupants.

Both occupied and vacant housing units are included in the housing unit inventory, except that recreational vehicles, boats, vans, tents, railroad cars, and the like are included only if they are occupied as someone's usual place of residence. Vacant mobile homes are included provided they are intended for occupancy on the site where they stand. Vacant mobile homes on dealers' sales lots, at the factory, or in storage yards are excluded from the housing inventory.

If the living quarters contain 9 or more persons unrelated to the householder or person in charge (a total of 10 unrelated persons), they are classified as group quarters. If the living quarters contain eight or fewer persons unrelated to the householder or person in charge, they are classified as housing units.

**Occupied Housing Units**—A housing unit is classified as occupied if it is the usual place of residence of the person or group of persons living in it at the time of enumeration, or if the occupants are only temporarily absent; that is, away on vacation. If all the persons staying in the unit at the time of the census have their usual place of residence elsewhere, the unit is classified as vacant. A household includes all the persons who occupy a housing unit as their usual place of residence. By definition, the count of occupied housing units for 100-percent tabulations is the same as the count of households or householders.

**Vacant Housing Units**—A housing unit is vacant if no one is living in it at the time of enumeration, unless its occupants are only temporarily absent. Units temporarily occupied at the time of enumeration entirely by persons who have a usual residence elsewhere are also classified as vacant. (For more information, see discussion under "Usual Home Elsewhere.")

New units not yet occupied are classified as vacant housing units if construction has reached a point where all exterior windows and doors are installed and final usable floors are in place. Vacant units are excluded if they are open to the elements; that is, the roof, walls, windows, and/or doors no longer protect the interior from the elements, or if there is positive evidence (such as a sign on the house or in the block) that the unit is condemned or is to be demolished. Also excluded are quarters being used entirely for nonresidential purposes, such as a store or an office, or quarters used for the storage of business supplies or inventory, machinery, or agricultural products.

**Hotels, Motels, Rooming Houses, Etc.**—Occupied rooms or suites of rooms in hotels, motels, and similar places are

classified as housing units only when occupied by permanent residents; that is, persons who consider the hotel as their usual place of residence or have no usual place of residence elsewhere. Vacant rooms or suites of rooms are classified as housing units only in those hotels, motels, and similar places in which 75 percent or more of the accommodations are occupied by permanent residents.

If any of the occupants in a rooming or boarding house live and eat separately from others in the building and have direct access, their quarters are classified as separate housing units.

**Staff Living Quarters**—The living quarters occupied by staff personnel within any group quarters are separate housing units if they satisfy the housing unit criteria of separateness and direct access; otherwise, they are considered group quarters.

**Comparability**—The first Census of Housing in 1940 established the “dwelling unit” concept. Although the term became “housing unit” and the definition has been modified slightly in succeeding censuses, the 1990 definition is

essentially comparable to previous censuses. There was no change in the housing unit definition between 1980 and 1990.

## DERIVED MEASURES

This report includes various derived measures such as percentages, as well as certain rates and ratios. Derived measures which round to less than 0.1 are not shown but indicated as zero. In printed reports, zero is indicated by showing a dash (–).

### Percentages, Rates, and Ratios

These measures are frequently presented in census products and are used to compare two numbers or two sets of measurements. These comparisons are made in two ways: (1) subtraction which provides an absolute measure of the difference between two items and (2) the quotient of two numbers which provides a relative measure of difference.



# APPENDIX C.

## Accuracy of the Data

### CONTENTS

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### CONFIDENTIALITY OF THE DATA

To maintain confidentiality required by law (Title 13, United States Code), the Bureau of the Census applies a confidentiality edit to assure published data do not disclose information about specific individuals, households, and housing units. The result is that a small amount of uncertainty is introduced into some of the census characteristics to prevent identification of specific individuals, households, or housing units. The edit is controlled so that the counts of total persons, totals by race and American Indian tribe, Hispanic origin, and age 18 years and over are *not affected* by the confidentiality edit and are published as collected. In addition, total counts for housing units by tenure are not affected by this edit.

The confidentiality edit is conducted by selecting a sample of census households from the 100-percent data internal census files and interchanging its data with other households that have identical characteristics on a set of selected key variables but are in different geographic locations within the same State. To provide more protection for "small areas," a higher sampling rate was used for these areas. The net result of this procedure is that the data user's ability to obtain census data, particularly for small areas and subpopulation groups, has been significantly enhanced.

### EDITING OF UNACCEPTABLE DATA

The objective of the processing operation is to produce a set of data that describes the population as accurately and clearly as possible. To meet this objective, questionnaires were edited during field data collection operations for consistency, completeness, and acceptability. Questionnaires were also reviewed by census clerks for omissions, certain inconsistencies, and population coverage. For example, write-in entries such as "Don't know" or "NA" were considered unacceptable. For some district offices, the initial edit was automated; however, for the majority of the district offices, it was performed by clerks. As a result of this operation, a telephone or personal visit followup was made to obtain missing information. Potential coverage errors were included in the followup, as well as a sample of questionnaires with omissions or inconsistencies.

Subsequent to field operations, remaining incomplete or inconsistent information on the questionnaires was assigned using imputation procedures during the final automated edit of the collected data. Allocations, or computer assignments of acceptable codes in place of unacceptable entries or blanks, are needed most often when an entry for a given item is lacking or when the information reported for a person or housing unit on that item is inconsistent with other information for that same person or housing unit. As in previous censuses, the general procedure for changing unacceptable entries was to assign an entry for a person or housing unit that was consistent with entries for persons or housing units with similar characteristics. The assignment of acceptable codes in place of blanks or unacceptable entries enhances the usefulness of the data.

Another way in which corrections were made during the computer editing process was through substitution; that is, the assignment of a full set of characteristics for a person or housing unit. When there was an indication that a housing unit was occupied, but the questionnaire contained no information for the people within the household, or the occupants were not listed on the questionnaire, a previously accepted household was selected as a substitute, and the full set of characteristics for the substitute was duplicated. The assignment of the full set of housing characteristics occurred when there was no housing information available. If the housing unit was determined to be occupied, the housing characteristics were assigned from a previously processed occupied unit. If the housing unit was vacant, the housing characteristics were assigned from a previously processed vacant unit.

### SOURCES OF ERROR

In any large-scale statistical operation, such as the 1990 decennial census, human- and machine-related errors occur. These errors are commonly referred to as nonsampling errors. Such errors include not enumerating every household or every person in the population, not obtaining all required information from the respondents, obtaining incorrect or inconsistent information, and recording information incorrectly. In addition, errors can occur during the field review of the enumerators' work, during clerical handling of the census questionnaires, or during the electronic processing of the questionnaires.

To reduce various types of nonsampling errors, a number of techniques were implemented during the planning, development of the mailing address list, data collection, and data processing activities. Quality assurance methods

were used throughout the data collection and processing phases of the census to improve the quality of the data. A reinterview program was designed to minimize the errors in the data collection phase for enumerator-filled questionnaires.

Several coverage improvement programs were implemented during the development of the census address list and census enumeration and processing to minimize under-coverage of the population and housing units. These programs were developed based on experience from the 1980 decennial census and results from the 1990 decennial census testing cycle. In developing and updating the census address list, the Census Bureau used a variety of specialized procedures in different parts of the country.

- For larger urban areas, the Census Bureau purchased and coded address lists, had the United States Postal Service (USPS) review and update this list, and conducted a dependent canvass and update operation. Prior to mailout, local officials were given the opportunity

to examine block counts of address listings (local review) and identify possible errors, and the USPS conducted a final review.

- For small cities and suburban and selected rural parts of the country, the Census Bureau created the address list through a listing operation that occurred in 1988 and 1989. For the addresses listed in 1988, the USPS reviewed and updated this list, and the Census Bureau reconciled USPS corrections through a field check; prior to mailout, the USPS conducted a final review of these addresses, and local officials participated in reviewing block counts of address listings.

Coverage improvement programs continued during and after mailout. The Census Bureau (rather than the USPS) delivered census questionnaires in the rural and seasonal housing areas listed in 1989 and in inner-city public housing developments. Computer and clerical edits and telephone and personal visit followups contributed to improved coverage.

# APPENDIX D.

## Collection and Processing Procedures

### CONTENTS

Data Collection Procedures .....	D-2
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### ENUMERATION AND RESIDENCE RULES

In accordance with census practice dating back to the first United States census in 1790, each person was to be enumerated as an inhabitant of his or her “usual residence” in the 1990 census. Usual residence is the place where the person lives and sleeps most of the time or considers to be his or her usual residence. This place is not necessarily the same as the person’s legal residence or voting residence. In the vast majority of cases, however, the use of these different bases of classification would produce substantially the same statistics, although there might be appreciable differences for a few areas.

The implementation of this practice has resulted in the establishment of rules for certain categories of persons whose usual place of residence is not immediately apparent. Furthermore, this practice means that persons were not always counted as residents of the place where they happened to be staying on Census Day (April 1, 1990).

#### Enumeration Rules

Each person whose usual residence was in the United States was to be included in the census, without regard to the person’s legal status or citizenship. In a departure from earlier censuses, foreign diplomatic personnel participated voluntarily in the census, regardless of their residence on or off the premises of an embassy. As in previous censuses, persons in the United States specifically excluded from the census were foreign travelers who had not established a residence.

Americans with a usual residence outside the United States were not enumerated in the 1990 census. United States military and Federal civilian employees, and their dependents overseas, are included in the population counts for States for purposes of Congressional apportionment, but are excluded from all other tabulations for States and their subdivisions. The counts of United States military and Federal civilian employees, and their dependents, were obtained from administrative records maintained by Federal departments and agencies. Other Americans living overseas, such as employees of international agencies

and private businesses and students, were not enumerated, nor were their counts obtained from administrative sources. On the other hand, Americans temporarily overseas were to be enumerated at their usual residence in the United States.

#### Residence Rules

Each person included in the census was to be counted at his or her usual residence—the place where he or she lives and sleeps most of the time or the place where the person considers to be his or her usual home. If a person had no usual residence, the person was to be counted where he or she was staying on April 1, 1990.

Persons temporarily away from their usual residence, whether in the United States or overseas, on a vacation or on a business trip, were counted at their usual residence. Persons who occupied more than one residence during the year were counted at the one they considered to be their usual residence. Persons who moved on or near Census Day were counted at the place they considered to be their usual residence.

**Persons in the Armed Forces**—Members of the Armed Forces were counted as residents of the area in which the installation was located, either on the installation or in the surrounding community. Family members of Armed Forces personnel were counted where they were living on Census Day (for example, with the Armed Forces person or at another location).

Each Navy ship not deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet was attributed to the municipality that the Department of the Navy designated as its homeport. If the homeport included more than one municipality, ships berthed there on Census Day were assigned by the Bureau of the Census to the municipality in which the land immediately adjacent to the dock or pier was actually located. Ships attributed to the homeport, but not physically present and not deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet, were assigned to the municipality named on the Department of the Navy’s homeport list. These rules also apply to Coast Guard vessels.

Personnel assigned to each Navy and Coast Guard ship were given the opportunity to report a residence off the ship. Those who did report an off-ship residence in the communities surrounding the homeport were counted there; those who did not were counted as residents of the ship. Personnel on Navy ships deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet on Census Day were considered to be part of the overseas population.

**Persons on Maritime Ships**—Persons aboard maritime ships who reported an off-ship residence were counted at that residence. Those who did not were counted as residents of the ship, and were attributed as follows:

1. The port where the ship was docked on Census Day, if that port was in the United States or its territories.
2. The port of departure if the ship was at sea, provided the port was in the United States or its territories.
3. The port of destination in the United States or its territories, if the port of departure of a ship at sea was a foreign port.
4. The overseas population if the ship was docked at a foreign port or at sea between foreign ports. (These persons were not included in the overseas population for apportionment purposes.)

**Persons Away at School**—College students were counted as residents of the area in which they were living while attending college, as they have been since the 1950 census. Children in boarding schools below the college level were counted at their parental home.

**Persons in Institutions**—Persons under formally authorized, supervised care or custody, such as in Federal or State prisons; local jails; Federal detention centers; juvenile institutions; nursing, convalescent, and rest homes for the aged and dependent; or homes, schools, hospitals, or wards for the physically handicapped, mentally retarded, or mentally ill, were counted at these places.

**Persons Away From Their Usual Residence on Census Day**—Migrant agricultural workers who did not report a usual residence elsewhere were counted as residents of the place where they were on Census Day. Persons in worker camps who did not report a usual residence elsewhere were counted as residents of the camp where they were on Census Day.

In some parts of the country, natural disasters displaced significant numbers of households from their usual place of residence. If these persons reported a destroyed or damaged residence as their usual residence, they were counted at that location.

Persons away from their usual residence were counted by means of interviews with other members of their families, resident managers, or neighbors.

## DATA COLLECTION PROCEDURES

The 1990 census was conducted primarily through self-enumeration. The questionnaire packet included general information about the 1990 census and an instruction guide explaining how to complete the questionnaire. Spanish-language questionnaires and instruction guides were available on request. Instruction guides also were available in 32 other languages.

## Enumeration of Housing Units

Each housing unit in the country received one of two versions of the census questionnaire:

1. A short-form questionnaire that contained a limited number of basic population and housing questions; these questions were asked of all persons and housing units and are often referred to as 100-percent questions.
2. A long-form questionnaire that contained the 100-percent items and a number of additional questions; a sampling procedure was used to determine those housing units that were to receive the long-form questionnaire.

Three sampling rates were employed. For slightly more than one-half of the country, one in every six housing units (about 17 percent) received the long-form or sample questionnaire. In functioning local governmental units (counties and incorporated places, and in some parts of the country, towns and townships) estimated to have fewer than 2,500 inhabitants, every other housing unit (50 percent) received the sample questionnaire in order to enhance the reliability of the sample data for these small areas. For census tracts and block numbering areas having more than 2,000 housing units in the Census Bureau's address files, one in every eight housing units (about 13 percent) received a sample questionnaire, providing reliable statistics for these areas while permitting the Census Bureau to stay within a limit of 17.7 million sample questionnaires, or a one-in-six sample, nationwide.

The mail-out/ mail-back procedure was used mainly in cities, suburban areas, towns, and rural areas where mailing addresses consisted of a house number and street name. In these areas, the Census Bureau developed mailing lists that included about 88.4 million addresses. The questionnaires were delivered through the mail and respondents were to return them by mail. Census questionnaires were delivered 1 week before Census Day (April 1, 1990).

The update/ leave/ mail-back method was used mainly in densely populated rural areas where it was difficult to develop mailing lists because mailing addresses did *not* use house number and street name. The Census Bureau compiled lists of housing units in advance of the census. Enumerators delivered the questionnaires, asked respondents to return them by mail, and added housing units not on the mailing lists. This method was used mainly in the South and Midwest, and also included some high-rise, low-income urban areas. A variation of this method was used in urban areas having large numbers of boarded-up buildings. About 11 million housing units were enumerated using this method.

The list/ enumerate method (formerly called conventional or door-to-door enumeration) was used mainly in very remote and sparsely-settled areas. The United States

Postal Service delivered unaddressed short-form questionnaires before Census Day. Starting a week before Census Day, enumerators canvassed these areas, checked that all housing units received a questionnaire, created a list of all housing units, completed long-form questionnaires, and picked up the completed short-form questionnaires. This method was used mainly in the West and Northeast to enumerate an estimated 6.5 million housing units.

## Followup

**Nonresponse Followup**—In areas where respondents were to mail back their questionnaires, an enumerator visited each address from which a questionnaire was not received.

**Coverage and Edit-Failure Followup**—In the mail-back areas, some households returned a questionnaire that did not meet specific quality standards because of incomplete or inconsistent information, or the respondent had indicated difficulty in deciding who was to be listed on the questionnaire. These households were contacted by telephone or by personal visit to obtain the missing information or to clarify who was to be enumerated in the household. In areas where an enumerator picked up the questionnaires, the enumerator checked the respondent-filled questionnaire for completeness and consistency.

## Special Enumeration Procedures

Special procedures and questionnaires were used for the enumeration of persons in group quarters, such as college dormitories, nursing homes, prisons, military barracks, and ships. The questionnaires (Individual Census Reports, Military Census Reports, and Shipboard Census Reports) included the 100-percent population questions but did not include any housing questions. In all group quarters, all persons were asked the basic population questions; in most group quarters, additional questions were asked of a sample (one-in-six) of persons.

## Shelter and Street Night (S-Night)

The Census Bureau collected data for various components of the homeless population at different stages in the 1990 census. "Shelter and Street Night" (S-Night) was a special census operation to count the population in four types of locations where homeless people are found. On the evening of March 20, 1990, and during the early morning hours of March 21, 1990, enumerators counted persons in pre-identified locations:

1. Emergency shelters for the homeless population (public and private; permanent and temporary).
2. Shelters with temporary lodging for runaway youths.
3. Shelters for abused women and their children.

4. Open locations in streets or other places not intended for habitation.

Emergency shelters include all hotels and motels costing \$12 or less (excluding taxes) per night regardless of whether persons living there considered themselves to be homeless, hotels and motels (regardless of cost) used entirely to shelter homeless persons, and pre-identified rooms in hotels and motels used for homeless persons and families. Enumeration in shelters usually occurred from 6 p.m. to midnight; street enumeration, from 2 a.m. to 4 a.m.; abandoned and boarded-up buildings from 4 a.m. to 8 a.m.; and shelters for abused women, from 6 p.m. on March 20 to noon on March 21.

Other components, which some consider as part of the homeless population, were enumerated as part of regular census operations. These include persons doubled up with other families, as well as persons with no other usual home living in transient sites, such as commercial campgrounds, maternity homes for unwed mothers, and drug/alcohol abuse detoxification centers. In institutions, such as local jails and mental hospitals, the Census Bureau does not know who has a usual home elsewhere; therefore, even though some are literally homeless, these persons cannot be identified separately as a component of the homeless population.

There is no generally agreed-upon definition of "the homeless," and there are limitations in the census count that prevent obtaining a total count of the homeless population under any definition. As such, the Census Bureau does not have a definition and will not provide a total count of "the homeless." Rather, the Census Bureau will provide counts and characteristics of persons found at the time of the census in *selected* types of living arrangements. These selected components can be used as building blocks to construct a count of homeless persons appropriate to particular purposes as long as the data limitations are taken into account.

In preparation for "Shelter-and-Street-Night" enumeration, the regional census centers (RCC's) mailed a certified letter (Form D-33 (L)) to the highest elected official of each active functioning government of the United States (more than 39,000) requesting them to identify:

1. All shelters with sleeping facilities (permanent and temporary, such as church basements, armories, public buildings, and so forth, that could be open on March 20).
2. Hotels and motels used to house homeless persons and families.
3. A list of outdoor locations where homeless persons tend to be at night.
4. Places such as bus or train stations, subway stations, airports, hospital emergency rooms, and so forth, where homeless persons seek shelter at night.

5. The specific addresses of abandoned or boarded-up buildings where homeless persons were thought to stay at night.

The letter from the RCC's to the governmental units emphasized the importance of listing night-time congregating sites. The list of shelters was expanded using information from administrative records and informed local sources. The street sites were limited to the list provided by the jurisdictions. All governmental units were eligible for "Shelter and Street Night." For cities with 50,000 or more persons, the Census Bureau took additional steps to update the list of shelter and street locations if the local jurisdiction did not respond to the certified letter. Smaller cities and rural areas participated if the local jurisdiction provided the Census Bureau a list of shelters or open public places to visit or if shelters were identified through our inventory development, local knowledge update, or during the Special Place Prelist operation.

The Census Bureau encouraged persons familiar with homeless persons and the homeless themselves to apply as enumerators. This recruiting effort was particularly successful in larger cities.

For shelters, both long- and short-form Individual Census Reports (ICR's) were distributed. For street enumeration, only short-form ICR's were used. Persons in shelters and at street locations were asked the basic population questions. Additional questions about social and economic characteristics were asked of a sample of persons in shelters only.

Enumerators were instructed *not* to ask who was homeless; rather, they were told to count all persons (including children) staying overnight at the shelters, and everyone they saw on the street except the police, other persons in uniform, and persons engaged in employment or obvious money-making activities other than begging and panhandling.

At both shelter and street sites, persons found sleeping were not awakened to answer questions. Rather, the enumerator answered the sex and race questions by observation and estimated the person's age to the best of his or her ability. In shelters, administrative records and information from the shelter operator were used, when available, for persons who were already asleep.

Less than 1 percent of shelters refused to participate in the census count at first. By the end of the census period, most of those eventually cooperated and the number of refusals had been reduced to a few. For the final refusals, head counts and population characteristics were obtained by enumerators standing outside such shelters and counting people as they left in the morning.

The "street" count was restricted to persons who were visible when the enumerator came to the open, public locations that had been identified by local jurisdictions. Homeless persons who were well hidden, moving about, or in locations other than those identified by the local governments were likely missed. The number missed will never be known and there is no basis to make an estimate

of the number missed from census data. The count of persons in open, public places was affected by many factors, including the extra efforts made to encourage people to go to shelters for "Shelter and Street Night," the weather (which was unusually cold in many parts of the country), the presence of the media, and distrust of the census. Expectations of the number of homeless persons on the street cannot be based on the number seen during the day because the night-time situation is normally very different as more homeless persons are in shelters or very well hidden.

For both "Shelter-and-Street-Night" locations, the Census Bureau assumed that the usual home of those enumerated was in the block where they were found (shelter or street).

The "Shelter-and-Street-Night" operation replaced and expanded the 1980 Mission Night (M-Night) and Casual Count operations. These two operations were aimed at counting the population who reported having no usual residence. M-Night was conducted a week after Census Day, in April 1980. Enumerators visited hotels, motels, and similar places costing \$4 or less each night; missions, flophouses, local jails and similar places at which the average length of stay was 30 days or less; and nonshelter locations, such as bus depots, train stations, and all night movie theaters. Questions were asked of everyone, regardless of age. Enumerators conducted M-Night up to midnight on April 8, 1980, and returned the next morning to collect any forms completed after midnight.

The Casual Count operation was conducted in May 1980 at additional nonshelter locations, such as street corners, pool halls, welfare and employment offices. This operation lasted for approximately 2 weeks. Casual Count was conducted during the day only in selected large central cities. Only persons who appeared to be at least 15 years of age were asked if they had been previously enumerated. Casual Count was actually a coverage-improvement operation. It was not specifically an operation to count homeless persons living in the streets. Persons were excluded if they said they had a usual home outside the city because it was not cost effective to check through individual questionnaires in another city to try to find the person.

## PROCESSING PROCEDURES

Respondents returned many census questionnaires by mail to 1 of over 344 census district offices or to one of six processing offices. In these offices, the questionnaires were "checked in" and edited for completeness and consistency of the responses. After this initial processing had been performed, all questionnaires were sent to the processing offices.

In the processing offices, the household questionnaires were microfilmed and processed by the Film Optical Sensing Device for Input to Computers (FOSDIC). For most items on the questionnaire, the information supplied

by the respondent was indicated by filling circles in pre-designated positions. FOSDIC electronically "read" these filled circles from the microfilm copy of the questionnaire and transferred the information to computer tape. The computer tape did not include individual names, addresses, or handwritten responses.

The data processing was performed in several stages. All questionnaires were microfilmed, "read" by FOSDIC, and transferred to computer disk. Selected written entries in the race question on both the short and long forms were keyed from the microfilm and coded using the data base developed from the 1980 census and subsequent content and operational tests. Keying of other written entries on the long forms occurred in the seven processing offices.

The information (for example, income dollar amounts or homeowner shelter costs) on these keyed files was merged with the FOSDIC data or processed further through one of three automated coding programs. The codes for industry, occupation, place-of-birth, migration, place-of-work, ancestry, language, relationship, race, and Hispanic origin were merged with the FOSDIC data for editing, weighting, and tabulating operations at Census Bureau headquarters. All responses to the questions on Individual Census Reports (ICR's), Military Census Reports (MCR's), and Shipboard Census Reports (SCR's) were keyed, not processed by microfilm or FOSDIC.

## APPENDIX E.

# Facsimiles of Respondent Instructions and Questionnaire Pages

## Your Guide for the 1990 U.S. Census Form

This guide gives helpful information on filling out your census form. If you need more help, call the local U.S. census office. **The telephone number is on the cover of the questionnaire.** After you have filled out your form, please return it in the **envelope** we have provided.

On the inside	Page
<b>How</b> to fill out your census form	<b>2</b>
<b>Example</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>Your</b> answers are confidential	<b>2</b>
<b>Instructions</b> for the census questions	<b>3 – 5</b>
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CENSUS '90

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE  
BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

D-3



## How to Fill Out Your Census Form

Please use a black lead pencil only. Black lead pencil is better to use than ballpoint or other pens. Most questions ask you to fill in the circle, or to print the information. See **Example** below.

Make sure you print answers for everyone in this household. If someone in the household, such as a roomer or boarder, does not want to give you all the information for the form, print at least the person's name and answer questions 2 and 3. A census taker will call to get the other information directly from the person.

There may be a question you cannot answer exactly. For example, you might not know the age of an elderly person or the price for which your house would sell. Ask someone else in your household; if no one knows, give your best estimate.

Instructions for individual questions begin on page 3 of this guide. They will help you to understand the questions and answer them correctly.

If you have a question about filling out the census form or need assistance, call the local U.S. census office. **The telephone number is given on the cover of the questionnaire.**

If you do not mail back your census form, a census taker will be sent out to assist you. But it saves time and your taxpayer dollars if you fill out the form yourself and mail it back.

### Example

a. Age	b. Year of birth	a. Age	b. Year of birth
<input checked="" type="radio"/> 0 0 0 0	<input checked="" type="radio"/> 1 8 0 0 0 0	<input checked="" type="radio"/> 0 9	<input checked="" type="radio"/> 1 9 8 1
<input type="radio"/> 1 0 1 0	<input checked="" type="radio"/> 9 1 0 1 0	<input type="radio"/> 1 0 1 0	<input checked="" type="radio"/> 9 1 0 1
<input type="radio"/> 2 0 2 0	<input type="radio"/> 2 0 2 0	<input type="radio"/> 2 0 2 0	<input type="radio"/> 2 0 2 0
<input type="radio"/> 3 0 3 0	<input type="radio"/> 3 0 3 0	<input type="radio"/> 3 0 3 0	<input type="radio"/> 3 0 3 0
<input checked="" type="radio"/> 4 0 4 0	<input checked="" type="radio"/> 4 0 4 0	<input type="radio"/> 4 0 4 0	<input checked="" type="radio"/> 4 0 4 0
<input type="radio"/> 5 0 5 0	<input type="radio"/> 5 0 5 0	<input type="radio"/> 5 0 5 0	<input type="radio"/> 5 0 5 0
<input type="radio"/> 6 0 6 0	<input type="radio"/> 6 0 6 0	<input type="radio"/> 6 0 6 0	<input type="radio"/> 6 0 6 0
<input type="radio"/> 7 0 7 0	<input type="radio"/> 7 0 7 0	<input type="radio"/> 7 0 7 0	<input type="radio"/> 7 0 7 0
<input type="radio"/> 8 0 8 0	<input type="radio"/> 8 0 8 0	<input type="radio"/> 8 0 8 0	<input checked="" type="radio"/> 8 0 8 0
<input type="radio"/> 9 0 9 0	<input checked="" type="radio"/> 9 0 9 0	<input type="radio"/> 9 0 9 0	<input type="radio"/> 9 0 9 0

## Your Answers Are Confidential

The law authorizing the census (Title 13, U.S. Code) also provides that your answers are confidential. No one except census workers may see your completed form and they can be fined and/or imprisoned for any disclosure of your answers. Only after 72 years can your individual census form become available to other government agencies (whether federal, state, county, or local). Until then, no other person or business can see your individual report.

The same law that protects the confidentiality of your answers requires that you provide the information asked in this census to the best of your knowledge.

Information collected from the decennial census is used for a variety of statistical purposes. Census information is used to find out where funding is most needed for schools, health centers, highways, and other services. Census results are used by members of public and private groups—including community organizations—and by businesses and industries, as well as by agencies at all levels of government.

## Instructions for Questions 1a through 7

- 1a.** List everyone who lives at this address in question 1a. If you are not sure if you should list a person, see the rules on page 1 of the census form. If you are still not sure, answer as best you can and fill in "Yes" for question H1a or H1b, as appropriate.

If there are more than seven people in your household, please list all the persons in question 1a, complete the form for seven people, and mail it back in the enclosed envelope. A census taker will call to obtain the information for the additional persons.

- b.** If everyone listed in question 1a usually lives at another address(es), print the address(es) in 1b.

- 2.** Fill one circle to show how each person is related to the person in column 1.

If **Other relative** of the person in column 1, print the exact relationship such as son-in-law, daughter-in-law, grandparent, nephew, niece, mother-in-law, father-in-law, cousin, and so on.

If the **Stepson/stepdaughter** of the person in column 1 also has been legally adopted by the person in column 1, mark **Stepson/stepdaughter** but do not mark **Natural-born or adopted son/daughter**. In other words, **Stepson/stepdaughter** takes precedence over **Adopted son/daughter**.

- 4.** Fill ONE circle for the race each person considers himself/herself to be.

If you fill the **Indian (Amer.)** circle, print the name of the tribe or tribes in which the person is enrolled. If the person is not enrolled in a tribe, print the name of the principal tribe(s).

If you fill the **Other API** circle [under **Asian or Pacific Islander (API)**], **only** print the name of the group to which the person belongs. For example, the **Other API** category includes persons who identify as Burmese, Fijian, Hmong, Indonesian, Laotian, Bangladeshi, Pakistani, Tongan, Thai, Cambodian, Sri Lankan, and so on.

If you fill the **Other race** circle, be sure to print the name of the race.

If the person considers himself/herself to be **White, Black or Negro, Eskimo or Aleut**, fill one circle only. **Please do not print the race in the boxes.**

The **Black or Negro** category also includes persons who identify as African-American, Afro-American, Haitian, Jamaican, West Indian, Nigerian, and so on.

**All persons, regardless of citizenship status, should answer this question.**

- 5.** Print age at last birthday in the space provided (print "00" for babies less than 1 year old). Fill in the matching circle below each box. Also, print year of birth in the space provided. Then fill in the matching circle below each box. For an illustration of how to complete question 5, see the **Example** on page 2 of this guide.

- 6.** If the person's only marriage was annulled, mark **Never married**.

- 7.** A person is of Spanish/Hispanic origin if the person's origin (ancestry) is Mexican, Mexican-Am., Chicano, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Argentinean, Colombian, Costa Rican, Dominican, Ecuadoran, Guatemalan, Honduran, Nicaraguan, Peruvian, Salvadoran, from other Spanish-speaking countries of the Caribbean or Central or South America, or from Spain.

If you fill the **Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic** circle, print one group.

A person who is not of Spanish/Hispanic origin should answer this question by filling the **No (not Spanish/Hispanic)** circle. Note that the term **"Mexican-Am."** refers only to persons of Mexican origin or ancestry.

**All persons, regardless of citizenship status, should answer this question.**

## Instructions for Questions H1a through H6

- H1a.** Refer to the list of persons you entered in question 1a on page 1. If you left anyone out of your list because you were not sure if the person(s) should be listed, answer question H1a as **Yes**. Then enter the name(s) and reason(s) why you did not list the person(s) on the lines provided. Otherwise, answer question H1a as **No**.
- b.** If you included anyone on your list even though you were not sure that you should list the person(s), answer question H1b as **Yes**. Then enter the name(s) and reason(s) why you listed the person(s) on the lines provided. Otherwise, answer question H1b as **No**.
- H2.** Fill only one circle.  
Count all occupied and vacant apartments in the house or building. Do not count stores or office space.  
*Detached* means there is open space on all sides, or the house is joined only to a shed or garage. *Attached* means that the house is joined to another house or building by at least one wall that goes from ground to roof. An example of **A one-family house attached to one or more houses** is a house in a row of houses attached to one another.  
A mobile home or trailer that has had one or more rooms added or built onto it should be counted as a *one-family detached house*; a porch or shed is not considered a room.
- H3.** Count only whole rooms in your house, apartment, or mobile home used for living purposes, such as living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, family rooms, etc. Do not count bathrooms, kitchenettes, strip or pullman kitchens, utility rooms, foyers, halls, half-rooms, porches, balconies, unfinished attics, unfinished basements, or other unfinished space used for storage.
- H4.** Housing is owned if the owner or co-owner lives in it. Mark **Owned by you or someone in this household with a mortgage or loan** if the house, apartment, or mobile home is mortgaged or there is a contract to purchase. Mark **Owned by you or someone in this household free and clear (without a mortgage)** if there is no mortgage or other debt. If the house, apartment, or mobile home is owned but the land is rented, mark this question to show the status of the house, apartment, or mobile home.  
**Mark Rented for cash rent** if any money rent is paid, even if the rent is paid by persons who are not members of your household, or by a federal, state, or local government agency.  
**Mark Occupied without payment of cash rent** if the unit is **not** owned or being bought by the occupants and if money rent is **not** paid or contracted. The unit may be owned by friends or relatives who live elsewhere and who allow occupancy without charge. A house or apartment may be provided as part of wages or salary. Examples are: caretaker's or janitor's house or apartment; parsonages; tenant farmer or sharecropper houses for which the occupants do not pay cash rent; or military housing.
- H5a.** Answer H5a and H5b if you live in a one-family house or mobile home; include only land which you own or rent.
- b.** A business is easily recognized from the outside; for example, a grocery store or barber shop. A medical office is a doctor's or dentist's office regularly visited by patients.
- H6.** If this is a house, include the value of the house, the land it is on, and any other structures on the same property. If the house is owned but the land is rented, estimate the combined value of the house and the land. If this is a condominium unit, estimate the value for your house or apartment including your share of the common elements. If this is a mobile home, include the value of the mobile home and the value of the land. If you rent the land, estimate the value of the rented land and add it to the value of the mobile home.

## Instructions for Questions H7a and H7b

- H7a.** Report the rent agreed to or contracted for, even if the rent for your house, apartment, or mobile home is unpaid or paid by someone else.  
If rent is paid:      Multiply rent by:      If rent is paid:      Divide rent by:  
  
By the day . . . . . 30      4 times a year . . . . . 3  
By the week . . . . . 4      2 times a year . . . . . 6  
Every other week . . . . . 2      Once a year . . . . . 12
- b.** Answer **Yes** if meals are included in the monthly rent payment, or you must contract for meals or a meal plan in order to live in this building.

## What the Census Is About – Some Questions and Answers

### Why are we taking a census?

The most important reason for taking a decennial census is to determine how many representatives each state will have in Congress.

### What does the Census Bureau do with the information you provide?

The individual information collected in the census is grouped together into statistical totals. Information such as the number of persons in a given area, their ages, educational background, the characteristics of their housing, etc., enable government, business, and industry to plan more effectively.

### How long have we been taking the census?

The first census was taken in 1790 in accordance with the requirement in the first article of the constitution. A census has been taken every 10 years since. The 1990 Decennial Census marks the 200th anniversary of the census.

### How are you being counted?

Census forms are delivered to all households a few days before census day. Households are requested to fill out the form and mail it back to the census office.

## Why the Census Asks Certain Questions

### Here are a few reasons for asking some of the questions.

*It is as important to get information about people and their houses as it is to count them.*

**Name?** Names help make sure that everyone in a household is counted, but that no one is counted twice.

**Value or rent?** Government and planning agencies use answers to these questions in combination with other information to develop housing programs to meet the needs of people at different economic levels.

CENSUS '90

# OFFICIAL 1990 U.S. CENSUS FORM



Thank you for taking time to complete and return this census questionnaire. It's important to you, your community, and the Nation.

**The law requires answers but guarantees privacy.**

By law (Title 13, U.S. Code), you're required to answer the census questions to the best of your knowledge. However, the same law guarantees that your census form remains confidential. For 72 years--or until the year 2062--only Census Bureau employees can see your form. No one else--no other government body, no police department, no court system or welfare agency--is permitted to see this confidential information under any circumstances.

**How to get started--and get help.**

Start by listing on the next page the names of all the people who live in your home. Please answer all questions with a black lead pencil. You'll find detailed instructions for answering the census in the enclosed guide. If you need additional help, call the toll-free telephone number to the left, near your address.

**Please answer and return your form promptly.**

Complete your form and return it by April 1, 1990 in the postage-paid envelope provided. Avoid the inconvenience of having a census taker visit your home.

Again, thank you for answering the 1990 Census.  
**Remember: Return the completed form by April 1, 1990.**

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**Para personas de habla hispana --**

(For Spanish-speaking persons)

Si usted desea un cuestionario del censo en español, llame sin cargo alguno al siguiente número: **1-800-CUENTAN**  
(o sea 1-800-283-6826)

U.S. Department of Commerce  
BUREAU OF THE CENSUS  
FORM D-1

OMB No. 0607-0628  
Approval Expires 07/31/91

**Page 1**

The 1990 census must count every person at his or her "usual residence." This means the place where the person lives and sleeps most of the time.

**1a. List on the numbered lines below the name of each person living here on Sunday, April 1, including all persons staying here who have no other home. If EVERYONE at this address is staying here temporarily and usually lives somewhere else, follow the instructions given in question 1b below.**

**Include**

- Everyone who usually lives here such as family members, housemates and roommates, foster children, roomers, boarders, and live-in employees
- Persons who are temporarily away on a business trip, on vacation, or in a general hospital
- College students who stay here while attending college
- Persons in the Armed Forces who live here
- Newborn babies still in the hospital
- Children in boarding schools below the college level
- Persons who stay here most of the week while working even if they have a home somewhere else
- Persons with no other home who are staying here on April 1

**Do NOT include**

- Persons who usually live somewhere else
- Persons who are away in an institution such as a prison, mental hospital, or a nursing home
- College students who live somewhere else while attending college
- Persons in the Armed Forces who live somewhere else
- Persons who stay somewhere else most of the week while working

Print last name, first name, and middle initial for each person. Begin on line 1 with the household member (or one of the household members) in whose name this house or apartment is owned, being bought, or rented. If there is no such person, start on line 1 with any adult household member.

LAST	FIRST	INITIAL	LAST	FIRST	INITIAL
<b>1</b>			<b>7</b>		
<b>2</b>			<b>8</b>		
<b>3</b>			<b>9</b>		
<b>4</b>			<b>10</b>		
<b>5</b>			<b>11</b>		
<b>6</b>			<b>12</b>		

**1b. If EVERYONE is staying here only temporarily and usually lives somewhere else, list the name of each person on the numbered lines above, fill this circle → ○ and print their usual address below. DO NOT PRINT THE ADDRESS LISTED ON THE FRONT COVER.**

House number	Street or road/Rural route and box number	Apartment number
City	State	ZIP Code
County or foreign country	Names of nearest intersecting streets or roads	

**NOW PLEASE OPEN THE FLAP TO PAGE 2 AND ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS FOR THE FIRST 7 PEOPLE LISTED. USE A BLACK LEAD PENCIL ONLY.**

<p><b>Please fill one column →</b> for each person listed in Question 1a on page 1.</p>	PERSON 1		PERSON 2	
	Last name	First name Middle initial	Last name	First name Middle initial
<p><b>2. How is this person related to PERSON 1?</b></p> <p>Fill ONE circle for each person.</p> <p>If <b>Other relative</b> of person in column 1, fill circle and print exact relationship, such as mother-in-law, grandparent, son-in-law, niece, cousin, and so on.</p>	<p>START in this column with the household member (or one of the members) in whose name the home is owned, being bought, or rented.</p> <p>If there is no such person, start in this column with any adult household member.</p>		<p>If a <b>RELATIVE</b> of Person 1:</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Husband/wife      <input type="radio"/> Brother/sister</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Natural-born or adopted son/daughter      <input type="radio"/> Father/mother</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Stepson/stepdaughter      <input type="radio"/> Grandchild</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Other relative →</p> <p>If <b>NOT RELATED</b> to Person 1:</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Roomer, boarder, or foster child      <input type="radio"/> Unmarried partner</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Housemate, roommate      <input type="radio"/> Other nonrelative</p>	
<p><b>3. Sex</b></p> <p>Fill ONE circle for each person.</p>	<p><input type="radio"/> Male      <input type="radio"/> Female</p>		<p><input type="radio"/> Male      <input type="radio"/> Female</p>	
<p><b>4. Race</b></p> <p>Fill ONE circle for the race that the person considers himself/herself to be.</p> <p>If <b>Indian (Amer.)</b>, print the name of the enrolled or principal tribe. →</p> <p>If <b>Other Asian or Pacific Islander (API)</b>, print one group, for example: Hmong, Fijian, Laotian, Thai, Tongan, Pakistani, Cambodian, and so on. →</p> <p>If <b>Other race</b>, print race. →</p>	<p><input type="radio"/> White</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Black or Negro</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Indian (Amer.) (Print the name of the enrolled or principal tribe.) →</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Eskimo</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Aleut</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Asian or Pacific Islander (API)</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Chinese      <input type="radio"/> Japanese</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Filipino      <input type="radio"/> Asian Indian</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Hawaiian      <input type="radio"/> Samoan</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Korean      <input type="radio"/> Guamanian</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Vietnamese      <input type="radio"/> Other API →</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Other race (Print race) →</p>		<p><input type="radio"/> White</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Black or Negro</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Indian (Amer.) (Print the name of the enrolled or principal tribe.) →</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Eskimo</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Aleut</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Asian or Pacific Islander (API)</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Chinese      <input type="radio"/> Japanese</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Filipino      <input type="radio"/> Asian Indian</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Hawaiian      <input type="radio"/> Samoan</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Korean      <input type="radio"/> Guamanian</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Vietnamese      <input type="radio"/> Other API →</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Other race (Print race) →</p>	
<p><b>5. Age and year of birth</b></p> <p>a. Print each person's age at last birthday. Fill in the matching circle below each box.</p> <p>b. Print each person's year of birth and fill the matching circle below each box.</p>	<p>a. Age</p> <p>0 <input type="radio"/> 0 <input type="radio"/> 0 <input type="radio"/> 0 <input type="radio"/></p> <p>1 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/></p> <p>2 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/></p> <p>3 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/></p> <p>4 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/></p> <p>5 <input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/></p> <p>6 <input type="radio"/> 6 <input type="radio"/> 6 <input type="radio"/></p> <p>7 <input type="radio"/> 7 <input type="radio"/> 7 <input type="radio"/></p> <p>8 <input type="radio"/> 8 <input type="radio"/> 8 <input type="radio"/></p> <p>9 <input type="radio"/> 9 <input type="radio"/> 9 <input type="radio"/></p> <p>b. Year of birth</p> <p>1 <input checked="" type="radio"/> 8 <input type="radio"/> 0 <input type="radio"/> 0 <input type="radio"/> 0 <input type="radio"/></p> <p>9 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/></p> <p>2 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/></p> <p>3 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/></p> <p>4 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/></p> <p>5 <input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/></p> <p>6 <input type="radio"/> 6 <input type="radio"/> 6 <input type="radio"/></p> <p>7 <input type="radio"/> 7 <input type="radio"/> 7 <input type="radio"/></p> <p>8 <input type="radio"/> 8 <input type="radio"/> 8 <input type="radio"/></p> <p>9 <input type="radio"/> 9 <input type="radio"/> 9 <input type="radio"/></p>		<p>a. Age</p> <p>0 <input type="radio"/> 0 <input type="radio"/> 0 <input type="radio"/> 0 <input type="radio"/></p> <p>1 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/></p> <p>2 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/></p> <p>3 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/></p> <p>4 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/></p> <p>5 <input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/></p> <p>6 <input type="radio"/> 6 <input type="radio"/> 6 <input type="radio"/></p> <p>7 <input type="radio"/> 7 <input type="radio"/> 7 <input type="radio"/></p> <p>8 <input type="radio"/> 8 <input type="radio"/> 8 <input type="radio"/></p> <p>9 <input type="radio"/> 9 <input type="radio"/> 9 <input type="radio"/></p> <p>b. Year of birth</p> <p>1 <input checked="" type="radio"/> 8 <input type="radio"/> 0 <input type="radio"/> 0 <input type="radio"/> 0 <input type="radio"/></p> <p>9 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/></p> <p>2 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/></p> <p>3 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/></p> <p>4 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/></p> <p>5 <input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/></p> <p>6 <input type="radio"/> 6 <input type="radio"/> 6 <input type="radio"/></p> <p>7 <input type="radio"/> 7 <input type="radio"/> 7 <input type="radio"/></p> <p>8 <input type="radio"/> 8 <input type="radio"/> 8 <input type="radio"/></p> <p>9 <input type="radio"/> 9 <input type="radio"/> 9 <input type="radio"/></p>	
<p><b>6. Marital status</b></p> <p>Fill ONE circle for each person.</p>	<p><input type="radio"/> Now married      <input type="radio"/> Separated</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Widowed      <input type="radio"/> Never married</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Divorced</p>		<p><input type="radio"/> Now married      <input type="radio"/> Separated</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Widowed      <input type="radio"/> Never married</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Divorced</p>	
<p><b>7. Is this person of Spanish/Hispanic origin?</b></p> <p>Fill ONE circle for each person.</p> <p>If <b>Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic</b>, print one group. →</p>	<p><input type="radio"/> No (not Spanish/Hispanic)</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Am., Chicano</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Yes, Puerto Rican</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Yes, Cuban</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic (Print one group, for example: Argentinean, Colombian, Dominican, Nicaraguan, Salvadoran, Spaniard, and so on.) →</p>		<p><input type="radio"/> No (not Spanish/Hispanic)</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Am., Chicano</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Yes, Puerto Rican</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Yes, Cuban</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic (Print one group, for example: Argentinean, Colombian, Dominican, Nicaraguan, Salvadoran, Spaniard, and so on.) →</p>	
<p><b>FOR CENSUS USE →</b></p>	<p><input type="radio"/></p> <p><input type="radio"/></p>		<p><input type="radio"/></p> <p><input type="radio"/></p>	

**1a—H7b FOR YOUR HOUSEHOLD**

*If this is a ONE-FAMILY HOUSE —*

**H5a. Is this house on ten or more acres?**

☐ Yes ☐ No

**b. Is there a business (such as a store or barber shop) or a medical office on this property?**

☐ Yes ☐ No

*Answer only if you or someone in this household OWNS OR IS BUYING this house or apartment —*

**H6. What is the value of this property; that is, how much do you think this house and lot or condominium unit would sell for if it were for sale?**

☐ Less than \$10,000 ☐ \$70,000 to \$74,999  
☐ \$10,000 to \$14,999 ☐ \$75,000 to \$79,999  
☐ \$15,000 to \$19,999 ☐ \$80,000 to \$89,999  
☐ \$20,000 to \$24,999 ☐ \$90,000 to \$99,999  
☐ \$25,000 to \$29,999 ☐ \$100,000 to \$124,999  
☐ \$30,000 to \$34,999 ☐ \$125,000 to \$149,999  
☐ \$35,000 to \$39,999 ☐ \$150,000 to \$174,999  
☐ \$40,000 to \$44,999 ☐ \$175,000 to \$199,999  
☐ \$45,000 to \$49,999 ☐ \$200,000 to \$249,999  
☐ \$50,000 to \$54,999 ☐ \$250,000 to \$299,999  
☐ \$55,000 to \$59,999 ☐ \$300,000 to \$399,999  
☐ \$60,000 to \$64,999 ☐ \$400,000 to \$499,999  
☐ \$65,000 to \$69,999 ☐ \$500,000 or more

*Answer only if you PAY RENT for this house or apartment —*

**H7a. What is the monthly rent?**

☐ Less than \$80 ☐ \$375 to \$399  
☐ \$80 to \$99 ☐ \$400 to \$424  
☐ \$100 to \$124 ☐ \$425 to \$449  
☐ \$125 to \$149 ☐ \$450 to \$474  
☐ \$150 to \$174 ☐ \$475 to \$499  
☐ \$175 to \$199 ☐ \$500 to \$524  
☐ \$200 to \$224 ☐ \$525 to \$549  
☐ \$225 to \$249 ☐ \$550 to \$599  
☐ \$250 to \$274 ☐ \$600 to \$649  
☐ \$275 to \$299 ☐ \$650 to \$699  
☐ \$300 to \$324 ☐ \$700 to \$749  
☐ \$325 to \$349 ☐ \$750 to \$999  
☐ \$350 to \$374 ☐ \$1,000 or more

**b. Does the monthly rent include any meals?**

☐ Yes ☐ No

**HOUSEHOLD USE**

Parent	G. DO	ID
0 6 up to 12		
1 12 up to 24		
2 24 or more		
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## Please make sure you have . . .

- 1. FILLED** this form completely.
- 2. ANSWERED** Question 1a on page 1.
- 3. ANSWERED** Questions 2 through 7 for each person you listed in Question 1a.
- 4. ANSWERED** Questions H1a through H7b on page 3.

## Also . . .

- 5. PRINT** here the name of a household member who filled the form, the date the form was completed, and the telephone number at which a person in this household can be called.

Name		Date	
Telephone number →	Area code	Number	<input type="radio"/> Day <input type="radio"/> Night

## Then . . .

- 6. FOLD** the form the way it was sent to you.
- 7. MAIL** it back by **April 1**, or as close to that date as possible, in the envelope provided; no stamp is needed. When you insert your completed questionnaire, please make sure that the address of the U.S. Census Office can be seen through the window on the front of the envelope.

**NOTE** — If you have listed more than 7 persons in Question 1a, please make sure that you have filled the form for the first 7 people. Then mail back this form. A census taker will call to obtain the information for the other people.

## Thank you very much.

The Census Bureau estimates that, for the average household, this form will take 14 minutes to complete, including the time for reviewing the instructions and answers. Comments about this estimate should be directed to the Associate Director for Management Services, Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233, Attn: CEN-90, and to the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reduction Project CEN-90, Washington, DC 20503. Please **DO NOT RETURN** your questionnaire to either of these addresses. Use the enclosed preaddressed envelope to return your completed questionnaire.

# APPENDIX F.

## Data Products and User Assistance

### CONTENTS

Data Products .....	F-1
Geographic Products .....	F-3
Other Census Bureau Resources .....	F-5
Reference Materials .....	F-4
Sources of Assistance .....	F-4

The 1990 census data products, being released during 1991-93, are available in a variety of new and traditional media. The Census Bureau has increased the product options available to data users in an effort to meet a variety of requirements and maximize the usefulness of the data. For example, laser discs, called CD-ROM (compact disc—read-only memory), are a new data delivery medium.

The Census Bureau also has expanded services and sources of assistance available to data users. For example, the State Data Center Program has been expanded to include over 1,400 organizations to provide data and services to the public.

This appendix provides a detailed introduction to the 1990 census data products and related materials, such as maps and reference publications. It concludes by describing sources of assistance and other Census Bureau data available to the public.

### DATA PRODUCTS

Printed reports and computer tape files traditionally are the most widely used products. The Census Bureau also offers data on microfiche, on CD-ROM laser discs, and through its online service, CENDATA™. These various products are described below. For information about prices and how to order, write or call Customer Services. (See the "Sources of Assistance" section for the address and phone number.)

The data products present statistics about the subjects covered in the 1990 census questionnaires. These subjects are listed in figure 1, page F-7. As the figure shows, there are 100-percent subjects (those covered in questions asked of everyone or about every housing unit) and sample subjects (those covered in questions asked at about one out of every six housing units). Generally, a data product presents either 100-percent data prepared by tabulating the responses to the 100-percent questions from all questionnaires, or sample data prepared by tabulating only the responses to the 100-percent and sample questions from the "long-form" questionnaires. Two report series, 1990 CPH-3 and 1990 CPH-4 (see figure 2, page F-8), present both 100-percent and sample data.

### Printed Reports

Printed reports are the most convenient and readily available source of data for most census users. The Census Bureau releases the reports in several series (see figure 2) that are grouped under three broad titles: *1990 Census of Population and Housing* (1990 CPH), *1990 Census of Population* (1990 CP), and *1990 Census of Housing* (1990 CH). There also are reports, not reflected in figure 2, for the outlying areas of the Pacific. The reports are sold by the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office. (See the "Sources of Assistance" section for the address and phone number.)

In several series, there are separate reports for each State. The geographic coverage of the State reports is listed in figure 2. The United States summaries for these report series contain, for the most part, data for the United States, regions, divisions, States, metropolitan areas (MA's), urbanized areas (UA's), counties, American Indian and Alaska Native areas, places with 10,000 or more persons, and other large substate areas (for example, county subdivisions, such as towns and townships, with 10,000 or more persons in selected States).

Report series that present data for small areas, such as census tracts, contain limited subject-matter detail (for example, counts of people by age ranges—under 5 years, 5 to 9 years, etc.—rather than by single years). Report series that include greater amounts of subject-matter detail include less geographic detail.

### Computer Tape Files

The Census Bureau provides more data on tape and other machine-readable products than in printed reports. These products are sold by the Census Bureau's Customer Services. There are several general types of data files released on computer tape (available on both reels and cartridges). They are introduced below, and more information is presented in figures 3 and 4, pages F-11 through F-13.

**Public Law 94-171 Data**—This data file presents the counts designed and formatted for use in legislative redistricting. These counts also are available on CD-ROM and paper listings. Excerpts are available on CENDATA™. The counts, for areas as small as blocks, census tracts, and voting districts, include totals for population, race groups, persons of Hispanic origin, population 18 years and over, and housing units. (See figure 4.)



**Summary Tape Files (STF's)**— These computer tape files provide statistics with greater subject-matter detail than printed reports. They also present statistics for some types of areas, such as block groups and blocks, that are not included in the reports. (See figure 3.)

Here are some important features of STF's:

- Each STF presents a particular set of data tables for specific types of geographic areas.
- Each STF has three or more file types (indicated by a letter suffix attached to the STF number) that differ in the geographic levels reported, but contain the same data detail.
- STF's 1 and 2 contain 100-percent data, and STF's 3 and 4 offer sample data.
- STF's 1 and 3 report on smaller areas and offer less data detail than STF's 2 and 4.
- STF's 1 through 4 offer greater data detail than the 1980 STF's 1 through 4.

**Subject Summary Tape Files (SSTF's)**—These files are the source of the subject reports and provide greater subject-matter detail than the STF's. They present data for the United States, regions, and divisions, and, in some cases, also for States, counties, and large cities. (See figure 4.)

**Public Use Microdata Sample (PUMS) Files**—These computer tape files (see figure 4) contain data from samples of long-form housing-unit records ("micro-data") for large geographic areas. Each sample housing-unit record includes essentially all the 1990 census data collected about each person in a sample household and the characteristics of the housing unit. Information that could be used to identify an individual or a housing unit is not included in the file.

Microdata files enable users to prepare customized tabulations and cross-tabulations of most items on the census questionnaire. There are two PUMS files:

- A file presenting a 5-percent sample of housing units in which each household record includes codes to let the user know in what area, such as a group of counties, a single county, or a place, the household is located. Each area identified must have a population of at least 100,000 and boundaries that do not cross State lines.
- A file presenting a 1-percent sample of housing units. Its household records include codes associating them with MA's and other large areas, the boundaries of which may cross State lines. (For the 1980 census, there were two files with 1-percent samples. The 1-percent sample showing data for selected urbanized areas and other large areas will not be produced for the 1990 census.)

**Other Special Computer Tape Files**—Other files include the Census/ Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO) Special File and the County-to-County Migration File. (See figure 4.) The Census Bureau may prepare additional special files.

## Microfiche

Block statistics are available on microfiche as they were for the 1980 census. The microfiche present, in table format, a subset of the tabulations for census blocks found in STF 1B (see figure 3). In the 1990 census, for the first time, the entire land area of the Nation and its possessions was block-numbered. This increased the number of blocks for which the Census Bureau provides data from 2.5 million in 1980 to 7 million for 1990. The cost and storage of block data of this magnitude would be prohibitive if the data were published in printed reports.

STF's 1A and 3A are available on microfiche, as well. As noted in figure 3, they provide data for a variety of geographic areas. Also, all printed reports are offered on microfiche from Customer Services soon after they are published.

## Compact Disc—Read-Only Memory (CD-ROM)

For the 1990 census, the Public Law (P.L.) 94-171 file; an extract of STF 1B that presents selected statistics for blocks; and STF's 1A, 1C, 3A, 3B, and 3C are also available on CD-ROM. (One 4 3/4-inch CD-ROM, a type of optical or laser disc, can hold the contents of approximately 1,600 flexible diskettes, or three or four high-density computer tapes.)

## Online Information Systems

The Census Bureau began CENDATA™, its online information service, in 1984. CENDATA™ is accessible through two information vendors, CompuServe and DIALOG. A number of Census Bureau reports, in whole or in part, are offered online. For the 1990 census, CENDATA™ provides up-to-date information about the availability of data products and carries selections of State, county, MA, and place data from the P.L. 94-171 tape file and STF's 1 and 3.

## Custom Data Products

These products are for users who require unique tabulations that are not included in standard products; for example, information for locally defined geographic areas. Users also can order special microdata files.

The cost of preparing custom products must be paid by the users who request them. Any data that the Census Bureau provides in these products are subject to the same standards applied to other data to ensure that confidential individual information is not revealed.

**User-Defined Areas Program (UDAP) Tabulations**—UDAP can provide a set of predefined data tables for locally defined areas that do not correspond to standard 1990 census geographic areas. Users identify the geographic areas of interest to them by delineating boundaries around groupings of census blocks on 1990 census County

Block Maps or by electronically submitting the geographic components of their area of interest. (A contact for more information is given in the "Sources of Assistance" section.)

**Special Tabulations**—The Census Bureau can prepare special data tabulations for any specific geographic or subject-matter area. Users should rely on standard reports, tapes, microfiche, or user-defined area tabulations whenever possible, since special tabulations tend to be substantially more expensive and take time to arrange and produce. (Contacts for more information are given in the "Sources of Assistance" section.)

## GEOGRAPHIC PRODUCTS

### Maps

Census Bureau maps are necessary for virtually all uses of small-area 1990 census data. They are needed to locate the specific geographic areas for which the census provides data and to study the spatial relationship of the data for analytic purposes. The Census Bureau prepares a variety of 1990 census maps. Among the most useful are these four series:

**County Block Maps**—These maps show census blocks and their numbers; boundaries for statistical and governmental entities, such as census tracts and places; and physical features. The P.L. 94-171 version of these maps also shows voting district boundaries in those States that furnished them. The maps are prepared on electrostatic plotters by county (or equivalent entity) with one or more map sheets each, depending on the size and shape of the area and the density of the block pattern. An average county requires 20 map sheets. The maps may be purchased from Customer Services.

**County Subdivision Outline Maps**—Maps in this State-based series present the boundaries of the counties, county subdivisions, places, American Indian and Alaska Native areas (including off-reservation trust lands), tribal designated statistical areas, and tribal jurisdiction statistical areas. Electrostatic-plotter copies are available for purchase from Customer Services. Also, they appear on multiple page-size sheets in the State reports of these series: 1990 CPH-1, 1990 CPH-2, 1990 CPH-5, 1990 CP-1, 1990 CP-2, 1990 CH-1, and 1990 CH-2.

**Census Tract/Block Numbering Area (BNA) Outline Maps**—Maps in this county-based series depict census tract or BNA boundaries and numbers, and the features underlying the boundaries. They also show governmental units in relation to the census tracts/BNA's. Customer Services sells electrostatic-plotter copies, and the Superintendent of Documents sells printed copies.

**Voting District Outline Maps**—Maps in this county-based series depict voting district boundaries (for those counties for which States furnished boundary information) and the features underlying the boundaries. They also show governmental unit boundaries in relation to the voting districts. They are prepared on electrostatic plotters and sold by Customer Services.

### Geographic Publications

The *Geographic Identification Code Scheme* report in the 1990 CPH-R series shows the 1990 census geographic area codes and Federal information processing standards (FIPS) codes, as appropriate, for States, metropolitan areas, counties, county subdivisions, places, American Indian and Alaska Native areas, and other entities, along with some descriptive information about the codes. The code scheme also is offered on computer tape.

### Machine-Readable Geographic Files

All 1990 census summary tape files include 1990 census geographic area codes, FIPS codes, certain area names, land and inland water area in square kilometers, geographic coordinates for an internal point for each entity, and other geographic information.

The Census Bureau developed an automated geographic data base, known as the TIGER (Topologically Integrated Geographic Encoding and Referencing) System, to produce the geographic products for the 1990 census. TIGER provides coordinate-based digital map information for the entire United States, Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, and the Pacific territories over which the United States has jurisdiction.

The TIGER System has significantly improved the utility of 1990 census maps and geographic reference products. Extract files generated from the TIGER System permit users, with appropriate software, to perform such tasks as linking the statistical data in the P.L. 94-171 file or the STF's and displaying selected characteristics on maps or a video display screen at different scales and with whatever boundaries they select for any geographic area of the country. For example, a map for a particular county could show the distribution of the voting age population by city block.

The first extract of selected geographic and cartographic information intended for computer applications, such as plotting maps and building geographic information systems, is called the TIGER/Line™ files. TIGER/Line™ files contain attributes for the segments of each boundary and feature (for example, roads, railroads, and rivers), including 1990 census geographic codes for adjacent areas, latitude/longitude coordinates of segment end points and the curvature of segments, the name and type of the feature, and the relevant census feature class code identifying the feature segment by category. TIGER/Line™ files also furnish address ranges and associated ZIP

Codes for each side of street segments in major urban areas; provide the names of landmarks, such as lakes and golf courses; and include other information.

TIGER/ Line™ files and other TIGER System extracts, such as TIGER/ Boundary™ and TIGER/ DataBase™, are released on computer tape and, in some cases, CD-ROM. For information on TIGER extract files, contact Customer Services.

## REFERENCE MATERIALS

The Census Bureau issues several reference publications for data users. Some are sold by the Superintendent of Documents; others are distributed free by Customer Services. Addresses and phone numbers for the Superintendent of Documents and Customer Services are given in the following section.

- *1990 Census of Population and Housing, Guide*. This guide, in the 1990 CPH-R report series, provides detailed information about all aspects of the census and a comprehensive glossary of census terms. Sold by the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office.
- *1990 Census of Population and Housing Tabulation and Publication Program*. A free report describing 1990 census products, comparing 1990 products with those of 1980, and more. Request from Customer Services.
- *Census '90 Basics*. A free booklet covering how the 1990 census data were collected and processed, the full range of data products, the maps and geographic files, and more, but with less detail than the Guide (above). Request from Customer Services.
- *Census ABC's—Applications in Business and Community*. A free booklet that highlights key information about the 1990 census and illustrates a variety of ways the data can be used. Request from Customer Services.
- *Strength in Numbers*. A free, tabloid-size booklet designed to assist people in using 1990 census data in redistricting. Among other features, it includes illustrations of maps and Public Law 94-171 counts. Request from Customer Services.
- *TIGER: The Coast-to-Coast Digital Map Data Base*. A free booklet describing the structure and uses of the Census Bureau's TIGER System. Request from Customer Services.
- *Census and You*. The Census Bureau's monthly newsletter for data users. It reports on the latest 1990 census developments, selected new publications and computer tape files, other censuses and surveys, developments in services to users, and upcoming conferences and training courses. Subscriptions are sold by the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office.

- *Monthly Product Announcement*. A free monthly listing of all new Census Bureau publications; microfiche; maps; data files on tape, diskettes, or CD-ROM; and technical documentation. To subscribe, contact Customer Services.

- *Census Catalog and Guide*. A comprehensive annual description of data products, statistical programs, and services of the Census Bureau. It provides abstracts of the publications, data files, microfiche, maps, and items online. In addition, the Catalog/ Guide offers such features as information about censuses and surveys and telephone contact lists of data specialists at the Census Bureau, the State Data Centers, and other data processing service centers. It is sold by the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office.

Users also can get listings of new Census Bureau products, updated daily, by subscribing to the *Daily List*. This information and selected statistics are available online through CENDATA™, the Census Bureau's online information service. For more information, contact Customer Services.

## SOURCES OF ASSISTANCE

### U.S. Bureau of the Census

The Census Bureau's Customer Services sells most of the machine-readable data products, microfiche, and maps described earlier. (The 1990 census printed reports are sold by the Superintendent of Documents, as noted below.) Also, users may consult with specialists at the Census Bureau's Washington headquarters and its 12 regional offices. From time to time, the specialists also conduct workshops, seminars, and training courses.

**Washington, DC, Contacts**—To order products, for a telephone contacts list of Census Bureau specialists, and for general information: Customer Services, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233, telephone 301-763-4100 (fax number, 301-763-4794).

For User-Defined Areas Program (UDAP) information: UDAP Staff, Decennial Planning Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233, telephone 301-763-4282.

For special tabulation information: Population—Rosemarie Cowan, Population Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233, telephone 301-763-5476; Housing—William Downs, Housing and Household Economic Statistics, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233, telephone 301-763-8553.

## Regional Office Contacts—

Atlanta, GA	404-347-2274
Boston, MA	617-565-7078
Charlotte, NC	704-371-6144
Chicago, IL	312-353-0980
Dallas, TX	214-767-7105
Denver, CO	303-969-7750
Detroit, MI	313-354-4654
Kansas City, KS	913-236-3711
Los Angeles, CA	818-904-6339
New York, NY	212-264-4730
Philadelphia, PA	215-597-8313
Seattle, WA	206-728-5314

## Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office

The Superintendent of Documents handles the sale of most of the Federal Government's publications, including 1990 census reports. To order reports and for information: Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402, telephone 202-783-3238.

## Other Sources of Products and Services

**State Data Centers**—The Census Bureau furnishes data products, training in data access and use, technical assistance, and consultation to all States, the District of Columbia, Guam, Puerto Rico, and the U.S. Virgin Islands. State Data Centers, in turn, offer publications for reference, printouts from computer tape, specially prepared reports, maps, and other products and assistance to data users. For a list of the State Data Centers, see the *Census Catalog and Guide* or contact Customer Services. The list also notes organizations in States participating in the Census Bureau's Business/ Industry Data Center (BIDC) Program. The BIDC's help business people, economic development planners, and other data users obtain and use data.

**National Services Program**—The National Services Program (NSP) provides data-related services for nationally based nonprofit organizations that represent minorities or other segments of the population who have been historically undercounted in decennial censuses. The participants include social service, business, professional, civil rights, educational, and religious groups. Through a pilot project, the National Services Information Center (NSIC) Initiative, three of these nonprofit groups now offer their clientele reports, computer tape printouts, and other information from the Census Bureau. To learn more about the NSP and the NSIC, write to the National Services Program, Data User Services Division, Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233, or call 301-763-1384.

**National Clearinghouse**—The National Clearinghouse for Census Data Services is a listing of private companies and other organizations that offer assistance in obtaining and

using data released by the Census Bureau. For a list of participants in the National Clearinghouse, see the *Census Catalog and Guide* or contact Customer Services.

**Depository Libraries**—There are 1,400 libraries that receive (from the Government Printing Office) Federal publications that they think their patrons will need. Often some of these publications are Census Bureau reports. The Census Bureau provides free reports to an additional 120 census depository libraries. Also, many libraries purchase census reports and maps for their areas. The *Census Catalog and Guide* includes a list of all depository libraries.

## OTHER CENSUS BUREAU RESOURCES

The Census Bureau has more to offer than just the results of the census of population and housing. Through other censuses, surveys, and estimates programs, it compiles and issues (in reports, computer tape, and other media) data on subjects as diverse as appliance sales, neighborhood conditions, and exports to other countries. Here are examples of the information published about—

- *People*: Age, race, sex, income, poverty, child care, child support, fertility, noncash benefits, education, commuting habits, pension coverage, unemployment, ancestry.
- *Business and industry*: Number of employees, total payroll, sales and receipts, products manufactured or sold.
- *Housing and construction*: Value of new construction, numbers of owners and renters, property value or rent paid, housing starts, fuels used, mortgage costs.
- *Farms*: Number, acreage, livestock, crop sales.
- *Governments*: Revenues and expenditures, taxes, employment, pension funds.
- *Foreign trade*: Exports and imports, origin and destination, units shipped.
- *Other nations*: Population, birth rates, death rates, literacy, fertility.

The other censuses, such as agriculture, retail trade, manufactures, and governments, are collected for years ending in "2" and "7." Surveys and estimates programs generate results as often as every month.

Many of the monthly "economic indicators" that measure how the Nation is doing come directly or indirectly from the Census Bureau. Examples: employment and unemployment; housing starts; wholesale and retail trade; manufacturers' shipments, inventories, and orders; export and import trade; and sales of single-family homes.

The other statistical activities of the Census Bureau are described below. Data users will find more information about them and descriptions of their data products in the

annual *Census Catalog and Guide*. Also, special guides and brochures are prepared for most of them. Contact the Census Bureau's Customer Services for more information.

## Current Demographic and Housing Programs

Two types of current programs complement the 10-year census: population estimates and surveys. The total population of the United States is estimated monthly; the population of States, counties, and metropolitan areas is estimated annually; and the population of places and other governmental units is estimated every 2 years. Projections of future population are made at the national and State levels.

The Census Bureau's many household surveys update population and housing characteristics at the national level and sometimes for States and metropolitan areas, as well. These surveys also obtain many characteristics not included in the 10-year census. The Current Population Survey is taken monthly; the American Housing Survey national sample is taken biennially; the American Housing Survey metropolitan sample is taken in 44 areas, 11 per year in a 4-year cycle; most other surveys are annual or less frequent.

## Economic Censuses and Surveys

The economic censuses provide statistics about business establishments once every 5 years, covering years ending in "2" and "7." The 1987 Economic Censuses include the censuses of retail trade, wholesale trade, service industries, transportation, manufactures, mineral industries, and construction industries. Also included are related programs, such as statistics on minority- and women-owned businesses, enterprise statistics, and censuses of economic activity in Puerto Rico and some of the outlying areas under U.S. jurisdiction.

Several key statistics are tabulated for all industries covered in the censuses. They are number of establishments, number of employees, payroll, and measure of output (sales or receipts, and value of shipments or of work done). Other items vary from sector to sector.

The Census Bureau also has programs that provide current statistics on such measures as total sales of particular kinds of businesses or production of particular products. These programs include monthly, quarterly, and annual surveys, the results of which appear in publication series such as *Current Business Reports* and *Current Industrial Reports*. The County Business Patterns program offers annual statistics based on data compiled primarily from administrative records.

## Agriculture Census and Surveys

The agriculture census is conducted concurrently with the economic censuses. It is the only source of uniform agriculture data at the county level. It provides data on such subjects as the number and size of farms; land use and ownership; livestock, poultry, and crops; and value of products sold.

Results of three surveys—the 1988 Farm and Ranch Irrigation Survey, 1988 Census of Horticulture Specialties, and 1988 Agricultural Economics and Land Ownership Survey—are published in conjunction with the 1987 Census of Agriculture. Also, the Census Bureau regularly issues reports from a survey on cotton ginnings.

## Governments Census and Surveys

The census of governments, also for years ending in "2" and "7," covers all types of governments: Federal, State, county, municipal (place), township (county subdivision), school district, and special district. It provides data on such subjects as number of public employees, payrolls, revenue, and expenditures.

Annual and quarterly surveys cover the same principal subjects but generate data only for States and the largest local governments.

## Foreign Trade Statistics

Monthly U.S. merchandise trade data compiled by the Census Bureau summarize export and import transactions and are based on the official documents filed by shippers and receivers. These figures reflect the flow of merchandise but not intangibles like services and financial commitments. The trade figures trace commodity movements out of and into the U.S. Customs jurisdiction, which includes Puerto Rico and the U.S. Virgin Islands as well as the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Data are published separately on trade between the United States and Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, and other U.S. possessions.

## Other Statistical Activities

The Census Bureau also offers international data. It maintains an international data base which is available to the public on computer tape and is used to produce the biennial *World Population Profile* report. It prepares studies dealing with the demographic and economic characteristics of other countries and world regions.

Statistical compendia are another important data product. These publications (sometimes also offered in machine-readable form) draw data from many sources and reorganize them for convenient use. The most widely used compendia are the annual *Statistical Abstract of the United States*, the *County and City Data Book* (published every 5 years), and the *State and Metropolitan Area Data Book* (published approximately every 4 years).

Figure 1. 1990 Census Content

100-PERCENT COMPONENT	
Population	Housing
Household relationship	Number of units in structure
Sex	Number of rooms in unit
Race	Tenure—owned or rented
Age	Value of home or monthly rent
Marital status	Congregate housing (meals included in rent)
Hispanic origin	Vacancy characteristics
SAMPLE COMPONENT	
Population	Housing
<i>Social characteristics:</i>	Year moved into residence
Education—enrollment and attainment	Number of bedrooms
Place of birth, citizenship, and year of entry into U.S.	Plumbing and kitchen facilities
Ancestry	Telephone in unit
Language spoken at home	Vehicles available
Migration (residence in 1985)	Heating fuel
Disability	Source of water and method of sewage disposal
Fertility	Year structure built
Veteran status	Condominium status
<i>Economic characteristics:</i>	Farm residence
Labor force	Shelter costs, including utilities
Occupation, industry, and class of worker	
Place of work and journey to work	
Work experience in 1989	
Income in 1989	
Year last worked	

NOTE: Questions dealing with the subjects covered in the 100-percent component were asked of all persons and housing units. Those covered by the sample component were asked of a sample of the population and housing units.

Figure 2. 1990 Census Printed Reports

Series	Title	Report(s) issued for	Description	Geographic areas
<b>1990 CENSUS OF POPULATION AND HOUSING (1990 CPH)</b>				
<b>100-Percent Data</b>				
1990 CPH-1	<b>Summary Population and Housing Characteristics</b>	U.S., States, DC, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands	Population and housing unit counts, and summary statistics on age, sex, race, Hispanic origin, household relationship, units in structure, value and rent, number of rooms, tenure, and vacancy characteristics	Local governmental units (i.e., counties, places, and towns and townships), other county subdivisions, and American Indian and Alaska Native areas
1990 CPH-2	<b>Population and Housing Unit Counts</b>	U.S., States, DC, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands	Total population and housing unit counts for 1990 and previous censuses	States, counties, county subdivisions, places, State component parts of metropolitan areas (MA's) and urbanized areas (UA's), and summary geographic areas (for example, urban and rural)
<b>100-Percent and Sample Data</b>				
1990 CPH-3	<b>Population and Housing Characteristics for Census Tracts and Block Numbering Areas</b>	MA's, and the nonmetropolitan balance of each State, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands	Statistics on 100-percent and sample population and housing subjects	In MA's: census tracts/ block numbering areas (BNA's), places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and counties. In the remainder of each State: census tracts/ BNA's, places of 10,000 or more, and counties
1990 CPH-4	<b>Population and Housing Characteristics for Congressional Districts of the 103rd Congress</b>	States and DC	Statistics on 100-percent and sample population and housing subjects	Congressional districts (CD's) and, within CD's, counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 10,000 or more inhabitants in selected States, and American Indian and Alaska Native areas
<b>Sample Data</b>				
1990 CPH-5	<b>Summary Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics</b>	U.S., States, DC, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands	Statistics generally on sample population and housing subjects	Local governmental units (i.e., counties, places, and towns and townships), other county subdivisions, and American Indian and Alaska Native areas
<b>1990 CENSUS OF POPULATION (1990 CP)</b>				
<b>100-Percent Data</b>				
1990 CP-1	<b>General Population Characteristics</b>	U.S., States, DC, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands	Detailed statistics on age, sex, race, Hispanic origin, marital status, and household relationship characteristics	States, counties, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 1,000 or more inhabitants in selected States, State parts of American Indian areas, Alaska Native areas, and summary geographic areas such as urban and rural

Figure 2. 1990 Census Printed Reports—Con.

Series	Title	Report(s) issued for	Description	Geographic areas
<b>1990 CENSUS OF POPULATION (1990 CP)—Con.</b>				
<b>100-Percent Data—Con.</b>				
1990 CP-1-1A	<b>General Population Characteristics for American Indian and Alaska Native Areas</b>	U.S.	Detailed statistics on age, sex, race, Hispanic origin, marital status, and household relationship characteristics	American Indian and Alaska Native areas; i.e., American Indian reservations, off-reservation trust lands, tribal jurisdiction statistical areas (Oklahoma), tribal designated statistical areas, Alaska Native village statistical areas, and Alaska Native Regional Corporations
1990 CP-1-1B	<b>General Population Characteristics for Metropolitan Areas</b>	U.S.	Detailed statistics on age, sex, race, Hispanic origin, marital status, and household relationship characteristics	Individual MA's. For MA's split by State boundaries, summaries are provided both for the parts and for the whole MA
1990 CP-1-1C	<b>General Population Characteristics for Urbanized Areas</b>	U.S.	Detailed statistics on age, sex, race, Hispanic origin, marital status, and household relationship characteristics	Individual UA's. For UA's split by State boundaries, summaries are provided both for the parts and for the whole UA
<b>Sample Data</b>				
1990 CP-2	<b>Social and Economic Characteristics</b>	U.S., States, DC, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands	Statistics generally on sample population subjects	States (including summaries such as urban and rural), counties, places of 2,500 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 2,500 or more inhabitants in selected States, Alaska Native areas, and the State portion of American Indian areas
1990 CP-2-1A	<b>Social and Economic Characteristics for American Indian and Alaska Native Areas</b>	U.S.	Statistics generally on sample population subjects	American Indian and Alaska Native areas, as for CP-1-1A
1990 CP-2-1B	<b>Social and Economic Characteristics for Metropolitan Areas</b>	U.S.	Statistics generally on sample population subjects	Individual MA's, as for CP-1-1B
1990 CP-2-1C	<b>Social and Economic Characteristics for Urbanized Areas</b>	U.S.	Statistics generally on sample population subjects	Individual UA's, as for CP-1-1C
1990 CP-3	<b>Population Subject Reports</b>	Selected subjects	Approximately 30 reports on population census subjects such as migration, education, income, the older population, and racial and ethnic groups	Generally limited to the U.S., regions, and divisions; for some reports, other highly populated areas such as States, MA's, counties, and large places



Figure 2. 1990 Census Printed Reports—Con.

Series	Title	Report(s) issued for	Description	Geographic areas
<b>1990 CENSUS OF HOUSING (1990 CH) 100-Percent Data</b>				
1990 CH-1	<b>General Housing Characteristics</b>	U.S., States, DC, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands	Detailed statistics on units in structure, value and rent, number of rooms, tenure, and vacancy char- acteristics	States, counties, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivi- sions of 1,000 or more inhabit- ants in selected States, State parts of American Indian areas, Alaska Native areas, and summary geo- graphic areas such as urban and rural
1990 CH-1-1A	<b>General Housing Characteristics for American Indian and Alaska Native Areas</b>	U.S.	Detailed statistics on units in structure, value and rent, number of rooms, tenure, and vacancy char- acteristics	American Indian and Alaska Native areas; i.e., American Indian reser- vations, trust lands, tribal jurisdic- tion statistical areas (Oklahoma), tribal designated statistical areas, Alaska Native village statistical areas, and Alaska Native Regional Corporations
1990 CH-1-1B	<b>General Housing Characteristics for Metropolitan Areas</b>	U.S.	Detailed statistics on units in structure, value and rent, number of rooms, tenure, and vacancy char- acteristics	Individual MA's. For MA's split by State boundaries, summaries are provided both for the parts and for the whole MA
1990 CH-1-1C	<b>General Housing Characteristics for Urbanized Areas</b>	U.S.	Detailed statistics on units in structure, value and rent, number of rooms, tenure, and vacancy char- acteristics	Individual UA's. For UA's split by State boundaries, summaries are provided both for the parts and for the whole UA
<b>Sample Data</b>				
1990 CH-2	<b>Detailed Housing Characteristics</b>	U.S., States, DC, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands	Statistics generally on sample housing subjects	States (including summaries such as urban and rural), counties, places of 2,500 or more inhabit- ants, county subdivisions of 2,500 or more inhabitants in selected States, Alaska Native areas, and State parts of American Indian areas
1990 CH-2-1A	<b>Detailed Housing Characteristics for American Indian and Alaska Native Areas</b>	U.S.	Statistics generally on sample housing subjects	American Indian and Alaska Native areas, as in 1990 CH-1-1A
1990 CH-2-1B	<b>Detailed Housing Characteristics for Metropolitan Areas</b>	U.S.	Statistics generally on sample housing subjects	Individual MA's, as in 1990 CH-1-1B
1990 CH-2-1C	<b>Detailed Housing Characteristics for Urbanized Areas</b>	U.S.	Statistics generally on sample housing subjects	Individual UA's, as in 1990 CH-1-1C
1990 CH-3	<b>Housing Subject Reports</b>	Selected subjects	Approximately 10 reports on housing census sub- jects such as structural characteristics and space utilization	Generally limited to U.S., regions, and divisions; for some reports, other highly populated areas such as States, MA's, counties, and large places

### Figure 3. 1990 Census Summary Tape Files

**Summary Tape File  
(STF 1A, 1B, etc.)  
and data type  
(100 percent or  
sample)<sup>1</sup>**

	<b>Geographic areas</b>	<b>Description</b>
STF 1 (100 percent)	A <sup>2 3</sup>	States, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts/ block numbering areas (BNA's), block groups (BG's). Also Alaska Native areas and State parts of American Indian areas
	B <sup>2 3</sup>	States, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts/ BNA's, BG's, blocks. Also Alaska Native areas and State parts of American Indian areas
	C <sup>3</sup>	U.S., regions, divisions, States (including summaries such as urban and rural), counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 10,000 or more inhabitants in selected States, metropolitan areas (MA's), urbanized areas (UA's), American Indian and Alaska Native areas
	D	Congressional districts (CD's) of the 103rd Congress by State; and within each CD: counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 10,000 or more inhabitants in selected States, Alaska Native areas, and American Indian areas
STF 2 (100 percent)	A	In MA's: counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and census tracts/ BNA's. In the remainder of each State: counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and census tracts/ BNA's
	B	States (including summaries such as urban and rural), counties, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions, State parts of American Indian areas, and Alaska Native areas
	C	U.S., regions, divisions, States (including summaries such as urban and rural), counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 10,000 or more inhabitants in selected States, all county subdivisions in New England MA's, American Indian and Alaska Native areas, MA's, UA's
STF 3 (Sample)	A <sup>2 3</sup>	States, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts/ BNA's, BG's. Also Alaska Native areas and State parts of American Indian areas
	B <sup>3</sup>	Five-digit ZIP Codes within each State
	C <sup>3</sup>	U.S., regions, divisions, States, counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 10,000 or more inhabitants in selected States, American Indian and Alaska Native areas, MA's, UA's
	D	CD's of the 103rd Congress by State; and within each CD: counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 10,000 or more inhabitants in selected States

Figure 3. 1990 Census Summary Tape Files—Con.

Summary Tape File (STF 1A, 1B, etc.) and data type (100 percent or sample) <sup>1</sup>	Geographic areas	Description
STF 4 (Sample)	A	In MA's: counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and census tracts/ BNA's. In the remainder of each State: counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and census tracts/ BNA's
	B	State (including summaries such as urban and rural), counties, places of 2,500 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 2,500 or more inhabitants in selected States, all county subdivisions in New England MA's, State parts of American Indian areas, and Alaska Native areas
	C	U.S., regions, divisions, States (including urban and rural and metropolitan and nonmetropolitan components), counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 10,000 or more inhabitants in selected States, all county subdivisions in New England MA's, American Indian and Alaska Native areas, MA's, UA's

<sup>1</sup>Similar STF's will be prepared for Puerto Rico and the U.S. Virgin Islands.  
<sup>2</sup>Also available on microfiche. STF 1B microfiche provides only part of the data for blocks and other areas in the tape file.  
<sup>3</sup>Also available on laser disc (CD-ROM). STF 1B CD-ROM presents the same file extract as STF 1B microfiche.

**Figure 4. Other 1990 Census Data Products**

<b>Title</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Geographic areas</b>
Subject Summary Tape Files	About 20 computer tape files used to produce the subject reports (1990 CP-3 and 1990 CH-3 series). On the average, a file is the source of two subject reports	U.S., regions, divisions, States, metropolitan areas ( MA's), and large counties and places
Public Law 94-171 Data File (redistricting data)	Counts by total, race, and Hispanic origin for the total population and population 18 years old and over, and counts of housing units. Available on tape, CD-ROM, and paper listings	States, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts/ block numbering areas (BNA's), block groups (BG's), and blocks; voting districts where States have identified them for the Census Bureau; and American Indian and Alaska Native areas
Census/ Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO) Special File	Sample tabulations showing detailed occupations and educational attainment data by age; cross tabulated by sex, Hispanic origin, and race	Counties, MA's, places of 50,000 or more inhabitants
County-to-County Migration File	Summary statistics for all intra-state county-to-county migration streams and significant inter-state county-to-county migration streams. Each record will include codes for the geographic area of destination, and selected characteristics of the persons who made up the migration stream	States, counties
Public Use Microdata Sample (PUMS) Files	Machine-readable files containing a sample of individual long-form census records showing most population and housing characteristics but with identifying information removed	
5 Percent—PUMS Areas		County groups, counties, county subdivisions, and places with 100,000 or more inhabitants
1 Percent—Metropolitan Areas (1990)		MA's and other large areas with 100,000 or more inhabitants
User-Defined Areas Tabulations	A set of standard tabulations provided on printouts, tapes, or other products with maps and narrative (if requested)	User-defined areas created by aggregating census blocks
Special Tabulations	User-defined tabulations for specified geographic areas provided on printouts, tapes, or other products	User-defined areas or standard areas

Maps are not available.